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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of: July 2007

001-31609 (Commission File Number)

Telkom SA Limited

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

Telkom Towers North 152 Proes Street Pretoria 0002 The Republic of South Africa (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F 🗷 Form 40-F 🗖

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained on this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes 🗖 No 🗷

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-____.

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On June 1, 2007 Telkom SA Limited ("Telkom") announced the resignation of Mr. Vincent Mashale as company secretary of Telkom with effect from May 31, 2007, and the appointment of Ms. Sandi Linford as group company secretary with effect from June 1, 2007. A copy of the announcement is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference.

On June 13, 2007 Telkom SA Limited announced its provisional group annual results for the year ended March 31, 2007 to the JSE Securities Exchange, South Africa. A copy of the announcement is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated herein by reference. The announcement contains forward-looking statements and includes cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated.

On June 13, 2007 Telkom presented its provisional group annual results for the year ended March 31, 2007. A copy of the presentation is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.3 and is incorporated herein by reference. The presentation contains forward-looking statements and includes cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated.

On June 13, 2007 Vodacom Group (Proprietary) Limited ("Vodacom") (unlisted), in which has a 50% holding, announced its annual results for the year ended March 31, 2007. A copy of the announcement is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.4 and is incorporated herein by reference. The announcement contains forward-looking statements and includes cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated.

On June 13, 2007 Vodacom presented its annual results for the year ended March 31, 2007. A copy of the presentation is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.5 and is incorporated herein by reference. The presentation contains forward-looking statements and includes cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated.

On June 13, 2007 Telkom issued an announcement to the JSE Limited, notifying that it had declared Dividend No. 12 of 600 cents per share and a special dividend of 500 cents per share for the year ended March 31, 2007. A copy of the announcement is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.6 and is incorporated herein by reference.

On June 13, 2007, Telkom filed for an overall average price decrease of 1.2% on its basket of regulated services with the Independent Communications Authority of South Africa. If accepted, the proposed price changes will become effective from August 1, 2007. A copy of the announcement is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.7 and is incorporated herein by reference.

On June 29, 2007 Telkom announced that the Competition Tribunal ruled on June 28, 2007 to prohibit the proposed acquisition by Telkom of the entire issued share capital of the Business Connexion Group Limited ("BCX"). A copy of the announcement is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.8 and is incorporated herein by reference.

On June 29, 2007 Telkom announced that the Competition Tribunal prohibited the proposed acquisition by Telkom of the entire issued share capital of the BCX and that the transaction will therefore not complete. A copy of the announcement is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.9 and is incorporated herein by reference.

On June 17, 2007 Telkom issued an announcement advising shareholders that Telkom filed its Form 20-F for the year ended March 31, 2007 with the Securities Exchange Commission on Tuesday, July 17, 2007. A copy of the announcement is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.10 and is incorporated herein by reference.

On July 18, 2007 Vodacom issued its quarterly trading update for the period ended June 30, 2007. A copy of the announcement is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.11 and is incorporated herein by reference.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

All of the statements contained herein and in the exhibits incorporated by reference herein, as well as oral statements that may be made by Telkom or Vodacom, or by officers, directors or employees acting on their behalf, constitute or are based on forward looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, specifically Section 27A of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

These forward looking statements involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause Telkom's or Vodacom's actual results and outcomes to be materially different from historical results or from any future results expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Among the factors that could cause Telkom's or Vodacom's actual results or outcomes to differ materially from their expectations are those risks identified in Item 3. "Key Information - Risk Factors" contained in Telkom's most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and its other filings and submissions with the SEC which are available on Telkom's website at www.telkom.co.za/ir, including, but not limited to, increased competition in the South African telecommunications market; developments in the regulatory environment; the significant political, economic, regulatory and legal risks associated with Vodacom's and Telkom's investments outside South Africa; continued mobile growth and reductions in Vodacom's and Telkom's net interconnect margins; Telkom's and Vodacom's ability to expand their operations and make acquisitions and investments in other African countries; our ability to improve and maintain our management information and other systems; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; our inability to appoint a majority of Vodacom's directors and the consensus approval rights at Vodacom may limit our flexibility and ability to implement our preferred strategies; Vodacom's continued payment of dividends or distributions to us; our negative working capital; continuing rapid changes in technology and delays in the implementation of new technologies; our ability to reduce high rates of theft, vandalism, network and payphone fraud and lost revenue to non-licensed operators; health risks related to mobile handsets, base stations and associated equipment; risks related to our control by the Government of the Republic of South Africa and major shareholders and the South African Government's other positions in the telecommunications industry; the amount of damages Telkom is ultimately required to pay to Telcordia Technologies Incorporated; the outcome of regulatory, legal and arbitration proceedings, including tariff approvals, and the outcome of Telkom's hearings before the Competition Commission and others; any requirements that we unbundle the local loop, our ability to negotiate favorable terms, rates and conditions for the provision of interconnection services and facilities leasing services or if ICASA finds that we or Vodacom have significant market power or otherwise imposes unfavorable terms and conditions on us; our ability to implement and recover the substantial capital and operational costs associated with carrier pre-selection, number portability and the monitoring, interception and customer registration requirements contained in the South African Regulation of Interception of Communications and Provisions of Communication- Related Information Act and the impact of these requirements on our business; Telkom's ability to comply with the South African Public Finance Management Act and South African Public Audit Act and the impact of the Municipal Property Rates Act; fluctuations in the value of the Rand; the impact of unemployment, poverty, crime, HIV infection, labor laws and labor relations and exchange control restrictions in South Africa; and other matters not yet known to us or not currently considered material by us.

We caution you not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements. All written and oral forward looking statements attributable to Telkom or Vodacom, or persons acting on their behalf, are qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. Moreover, unless

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we are required by law to update these statements, we will not necessarily update any of these statements after the date thereof, either to conform them to actual results or to changes in their expectations.

<u>Exhibit</u>	Description
99.1	Announcement, dated June 1, 2007, issued by Telkom SA Limited ("Telkom") regarding the resignation of Mr. Vincent Mashale as company secretary of Telkom and the appointment of Ms. Sandi Linford as group company secretary with effect from June 1, 2007.
99.2	Announcement, issued by Telkom on June 13, 2007, of its provisional group annual results for the year ended March 31, 2007.
99.3	Presentation made by Telkom on June 13, 2007, of its provisional group annual results for the year ended March 31, 2007.
99.4	Announcement, issued by Vodacom Group (Proprietary) Limited ("Vodacom") on June 13, 2007, of its annual results for the year ended March 31, 2007.
99.5	Presentation made by Vodacom on June 13, 2007, of its annual results for the year ended March 31, 2007.
99.6	Announcement, dated June 13, 2007, issued by Telkom to the JSE Limited, providing notification of dividends declared for the year ended March 31, 2007.
99.7	Announcement, dated June 13, 2007, issued by Telkom, announcing that it has filed an overall average price decrease of 1.2% on its basket of regulated services, with ICASA.
99.8	Announcement, dated June 29, 2007, issued by Telkom regarding the proposed acquisition by Telkom of the entire issued share capital of the Business Connexion Group Limited ("BCX").
99.9	Annoucement dated June 29, 2007, issued by Telkom regarding the proposed acquisition by Telkom of the entire issued share capital of BCX.
99.10	Announcement, dated June 29, 2007, notifying shareholders that Telkom filed its Form 20-F for the year ended March 31, 2007 with the Securities Exchange Commission on Tuesday, July 17, 2007.
99.11	Announcement, issued by Vodacom on July 18, 2007, of its quarterly trading update for the period ended June 30, 2007.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TELKOM SA LIMITED

By:/s/ Kaushik PatelName:Kaushik PatelTitle:Chief Financial Officer

Date: July 31, 2007

EXHIBIT 99.1

Telkom SA Limited (Registration Number 1991/005476/06) ISIN ZAE000044897 JSE and NYSE Share Code TKG ("Telkom")

Telkom - Change in Company Secretary

In compliance with paragraphs 3.59(a) and 3.59(b) of the Listings Requirements of the JSE Limited, shareholders are advised that Mr Vincent Mashale resigned as company secretary of Telkom with effect from 31 May 2007. Ms Sandi Linford has been appointed as group company secretary of the company with effect from 1 June 2007.

Pretoria 01 June 2007

Sponsor UBS Securities South Africa (Pty) Limited

EXHIBIT 99.2

Telkom Group annual results Provisional results for the year ended March 31, 2007 Telkom SA Limited Registration no. 1991/005476/06 JSE and NYSE share code: TKG ISIN: ZAE000044897

Special note regarding forward-looking statements

All of the statements included in this document, as well as oral statements that may be made by us or by officers, directors or employees acting on behalf of us, that are not statements of historical facts constitute or are based on forward-looking statements within the meaning of the US Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, specifically Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause our actual results and outcomes to be materially different from historical results or from any future results expressed or implied by such forwardlooking statements. Among the factors that could cause our actual results or outcomes to differ materially from our expectations are those risks identified in Item 3. "Key Information-Risk Factors," of Telkom's most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and its other filings and submissions with the SEC which are available on Telkom's website at www.telkom.co.za/ir, including, but not limited to, increased competition in the South African fixed-line and mobile communications markets; developments in the regulatory environment; continued mobile growth and reductions in Vodacom's and Telkom's net interconnect margins; Vodacom's and Telkom's ability to expand their operations and make investments and acquisitions in other African countries and the general economic, political, social and legal conditions in South Africa and in other countries where Vodacom and Telkom invest; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; our inability to appoint a majority of Vodacom's directors and the consensus approval rights at Vodacom may limit our flexibility and ability to implement our preferred strategies; Vodacom's continued payment of dividends or distributions to us; our ability to improve and maintain our management information and other systems; our negative working capital; changes in technology and delays in the implementation of new technologies; our ability to reduce theft, vandalism, network and payphone fraud and lost revenue to non-licensed operators; our ability to improve our internal control over financial reporting; health risks to related mobile handsets, base stations and associated equipment; risk related to our control by the Government of the Republic of South Africa and major shareholders and the South African Government's other positions in the telecommunications industry; the outcome of regulatory, legal and arbitration proceedings, including tariff approvals, and the outcome of Telkom's proceedings with Telcordia

Technologies Incorporated and others and its hearing before the Competition Commission related to the VANs litigation; our ability to negotiate favourable terms, rates and conditions for the provision of interconnection services and facilities leasing services; our ability to implement and recover the substantial capital and operational costs associated with carrier pre-selection, Number Portability and the monitoring, interception and customer registration requirements contained in the South African Regulation of Interception of Communication and Provision of Communication-Related Information Act; Telkom's ability to comply with the South African Public Finance Management Act and South African Public Audit Act and the impact of the Municipal Property Rates Act; fluctuations in the value of the Rand; the impact of unemployment, poverty, crime and HIV infection, labour laws and exchange control restrictions in South Africa; and other matters not yet known to us or not currently considered material by us.

We caution you not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. All written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. Moreover, unless we are required by law to update these statements, we will not necessarily update any of these statements after the date hereof, either to confirm them to actual results or to changes in our expectation.

1 Overview

Johannesburg, South Africa – June 13, 2007, Telkom SA Limited (JSE and NYSE: TKG), today announced group provisional annual results for the year ended March 31, 2007.

The Group continued revenue growth across both business segments. The Group declared an ordinary annual dividend of 600 cents per share and a special dividend of 500 cents per share on June 13, 2007, both payable on July 9, 2007, for shareholders recorded in the register of the company at close of business on July 6, 2007. GROUP FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE AREAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

- Operating revenue up 8.4% to R51,619 million;

- 1.4% decline in operating profit to R14,470 million;

- 38.3% group EBITDA margin;

- 45.0% net debt increase to R9,901 million, and net debt to equity ratio of 30.9%;

- Headline earnings per share decreased by 1.0% to 1,710.7 cents per share; and

- Basic earnings per share decreased by 3.7% to 1,681.0 cents per share.

Statement by Reuben September, Acting Chief Executive Officer:

"The Telkom Group has delivered continued revenue growth in its mobile business segment and its fixedline business segment in the face of increasing competition in the telecommunication sector.

The fixed-line business grew revenue by 1.7% despite tariff decreases and competition from mobile operators, VANS and ISPs. In addition, the fixed-line business delivered an earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) margin of 38.0%, including the effect of raising the Telcordia provision. The fixed-line segment continued to focus on defending its revenue through value-adding bundled products and term and volume discount plans for corporate customers. The Group's fixed-line segment showed its ability to deliver data solutions to support the Group's revenue growth. Telkom is proud to have delivered on its acquisition strategy with the acquisition of Africa Online during the year and Nigerian based Multi-Links subsequent to year end.

Vodacom again delivered an exceptional performance increasing its subscriber base 28.2% to 30.2 million customers.

Telkom now enters a challenging period with Neotel as its fixed-line competitor coupled with significant pressure on its product and services pricing. However, Telkom believes that its commitment to invest and build the Next Generation Network (NGN) will deliver the required benefits in terms of products and services at a reduced cost with increasing volumes. Telkom is also excited about the developing opportunities created by its Pan African

connectivity and convergence strategies through its recent African acquisitions as well as the incorporation of Telkom Media, a company created to deliver on Telkom's triple play strategy." FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Group operating revenue increased 8.4% to R51,619 million, while operating profit decreased marginally by 1.4% to R14,470 million. The Group EBITDA margin decreased to 38.3% as at March 31, 2007, compared to 43.2% at March 31, 2006, mainly due to higher fixed-line operating expenditure. The EBITDA margin for the mobile business decreased marginally from 34.7% to 34.6% for the year ended March 31, 2007, due to declining ARPUs as a result of increased lower spending customers connected.

Headline earnings per share decreased by 1.0 % to 1,710.7 cents per share and basic earnings per share decreased by 3.7% to 1,681.0 cents per share. The reduced earnings was attributed to a decrease in operating profit due to an increase in operating expenses, partially offset in part by an 8.4% increase in operating revenue and an 8.0% reduction in finance charges.

Cash generated from operations increased by 4.0% to R20,520 million and facilitated capital expenditure of R10,037 million and the repurchase of 12.1 million Telkom shares to the value of R1.6 billion. Our net debt to equity ratio of 30.9% at March 31, 2007, remains below the announced targeted range of between 50% and 70%, but is an improvement from the gearing of 23.2% at March 31, 2006.

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Summary group provisional financial results	

Summary group provisional interioral results			
	March 31,		
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Operating revenue	47,625	51,619	8.4
Operating profit	14,677	14,470	(1.4)
EBITDA1	20,553	19,785	(3.7)
Capital expenditure2	7,506	10,249	36.5
Operating free cash flow	7,104	3,728	(47.5)
Net debt	6,828	9,901	45.0
Basic EPS (ZAR cents)	1,746.1	1,681.0	(3.7)
Headline EPS (ZAR cents)	1,728.6	1,710.7	(1.0)
Operating profit margin (%)	30.8	28.0	
EBITDA margin (%)	43.2	38.3	
Net debt to equity (%)	23.2	30.9	
After tax operating return on assets (%)	25.6	22.8	
Capex to revenue (%)	15.8	20.0	

1. EBITDA and headline earnings have been reconciled to net profit

– Refer to page 53.

2. Including spend on intangible assets.

OPERATIONAL DATA

	March 31,		
	2006	2007	%
Fixed-line data			
Fixed access lines ('000)1	4,708	4,642	(1.4)
Postpaid – PSTN	2,996	2,971	(0.8)
Postpaid – ISDN channels	693	718	3.6
Prepaid	854	795	(6.9)
Payphones	165	158	(4.2)
Fixed-line penetration rate (%)	10.0	9.8	(2.0)
Revenue per fixed access line (ZAR)	5,304	5,276	(0.5)
Total fixed-line traffic (millions of minutes)	31,015	29,344	(5.4)
Local	18,253	16,655	(8.8)
Long distance	4,446	4,250	(4.4)
Fixed-to-mobile	4,064	4,103	1.0
International outgoing	515	558	8.3
International VoIP	83	38	(54.2)
Interconnection	3,654	3,740	2.4
Mobile interconnection	2,299	2,419	5.2
International interconnection	1,355	1,321	(2.5)
Managed data sites	16,887	21,879	29.6
Internet customers3	284,908	305,013	7.1
ADSL2	143,509	255,633	78.1
Fixed-line employees (excluding subsidiaries)	25,575	25,864	1.1

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Fixed-line employees (including subsidiaries)	26,156	26,797	2.5
Fixed-lines per fixed-line employee	184	180	(2.2)
Mobile data4			
Total customers ('000)	23,520	30,150	28.2
South Africa			
Mobile customers ('000)	19,162	23,004	20.1
Contract	2,362	3,013	27.6
Prepaid	16,770	19,896	18.6
Community services telephones	30	95	216.7
Mobile churn (%)	17.7	33.8	91.0
Contract	10.0	9.7	(3.0)
Prepaid	18.8	37.5	99.5
Mobile market share (%)	57.9	57.7	(0.3)
Mobile penetration (%)	70.6	84.2	19.3
Total mobile traffic (millions of minutes)	17,066	20,383	19.4
Mobile ARPU (ZAR)	140	125	(10.7)
Contract	572	517	(9.6)
Prepaid	69	63	(8.7)
Community services	1,796	902	(49.8)
Mobile employees5, 6	4,305	4,727	9.8
Mobile customers per mobile employee5, 6	4,451	4,867	9.3
Other African countries			
Mobile customers ('000)	4,358	7,146	64.0
Mobile employees6	1,154	1,522	31.9
Mobile customers per mobile employee6	3,776	4,695	24.3
1. Excludes Telkom internal lines of 107,719 (2006: 103,740).			

2. Excludes Telkom internal lines of 523 (2006: 249).

3. Includes Telkom Internet ADSL, satellite and dial-up subscribers.

4. 100% of Vodacom data.

5. Includes Holding company and Mauritius employees.

6. Includes Agency temporary employees.

2 Operational overview

DELIVERING VALUE TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS

The Group is continuing its drive to create value for its shareholders and is pleased to be able to declare an ordinary annual dividend of 600 cents per share and a special dividend of 500 cents per share on June 13, 2007, both payable on July 9, 2007, to shareholders recorded in the register of the company at close of business on July 6, 2007.

The telecommunication landscape is changing rapidly and requiring Telkom to invest in the future. Customer demands are increasing and the dynamics of product, price and service levels needs renewed approaches to create attractive value propositions. Competitive forces are also constantly changing as a result of emerging new business models due to the triple and quad-play convergence opportunities and the ability of Internet Service Providers and Value Added Network services providers to dis-intermediate voice from the fixed-line operator. Reputation and image are increasingly becoming differentiators as the commoditisation of voice continues. In addition, regulation is moving towards favouring new entrants and South Africans are demanding a reduction of input costs to stimulate economic growth.

Telkom is fully aware of the challenges and is responding innovatively to protect and grow its market while taking telecommunications into the future through investment into its Next Generation Network, Telkom Media and other parts of Africa.

The fixed-line revenue increased 1.7% despite tariff reductions in its regulated basket of products and services and the loss of dial-up minutes due to our ADSL rollout and cannibalisation by our bundled products. The tariff reductions were offset in part by volume growth in data services, increased revenue from mobile outgoing calls and rental and service fees. The fixed-line EBITDA margin of 38.0% is within management's guidance of 37% -40%. Fixed-line operating expenses increased by 7.2% primarily as a result of the strong product demand, competitive positioning, growth initiatives, focus on the quality of our network and our services and the provision of liability in the Telcordia dispute.

Vodacom continues to show impressive growth in its subscriber base which increased 28.2% to 30.2 million. Vodacom's revenue increased by 20.9% to R41.1 billion (50% share: R21 billion). South African mobile customers increased by 20.1% to 23.0 million (2006: 19.2 million) for the year ended March 31, 2007, reinforcing Vodacom's market leadership position in South Africa. Customers grew 55.3% to 3.2 million (2006: 2.1 million) customers in Tanzania, 67.5% to 2.6 million (2006: 1.6 million) customers in the Democratic Republic of Congo, 35.4% to 279 thousand (2006: 206 thousand) customers in Lesotho, and 101.6% to 988 thousand (2006: 490 thousand) customers in Mozambique. Exceptional customer growth and improved efficiencies in the mobile business resulted in a stable EBITDA margin at 34.6% against a declining ARPU due to lower income segment customer connections.

THE CHANGING REVENUE POSITION

Fixed-line revenue increased by 1.7% to R33,295 million largely as a result of a 12.6% increase in data revenues to R7,484 million

(2006: R6,649 million) and 8.3% growth in subscription and connections to R6,286 million (2006: R5,803 million). Interconnection revenue was stable at R1,638 million (2006: R1,654 million). Traffic revenue declined by 4.7% to R16,738 million (2006: 17,563 million).

The focus on building a world class Next Generation Network is already delivering benefits through our ability to provide innovative and value adding voice and data solutions particularly to the corporate market. The growth of data products and broadband is a key focus area for the fixed-line business.

ADSL subscribers increased 78.1% to 255,633 and are targeted to reach 420,000 for the year ending March 31, 2008. Telkom aims to achieve ADSL penetration of 15% – 20% of fixed access lines by 2010/2011 with the introduction of new service offerings and aggressive price reductions through increasing volume and position ourselves in the competitive environment. The Self install is now operational and growing. The Self install option has been utilised by 28,779 customers as at March 31, 2007. In addition, Telkom has upgraded its DSL192 users to 384 Kbit/s and is now offering 4Mbit/s for DSL 1024 customers. Internet customers including dial-up subscribers; ADSL customers powered by Telkom Internet and Internet satellite subscribers; has increased 7.1% to 305,013 customers.

The introduction of ADSL Self install is expected to continue to improve the Average-Time-To-Install which has improved to an average of 23 days (2006: 31 days) at March 31, 2007, where infrastructure is available. A Broadband Demand Register has been set up to capture and identify growth areas for the future. Port automation should also improve Telkom's ability to deliver ADSL services faster. The planned deployment of the automated metallic test system and the self help/self diagnostic tool of Phase 1 of the Broadband Service. The exciting new Do Broadband offering, which bundles ADSL access and a TelkomInternet account at discounted rates, should stimulate ADSL demand and provide Telkom customers with the quality, speed and content demand in South Africa.

The increased demand for broadband during the year ended March 31, 2007, has resulted in growth in leased line and other data services revenue of 10.2% to R5,820 million (2006: R5,282 million). Revenue from cellular operator fixed links has increased 21.8% to R1,664 million (2006: R1,367 million) for the year ended March 31, 2007, primarily as a result of the strong growth of mobile data offerings. Growth in mobile data revenue is mainly due

to data initiatives such as 3G, HSDPA, Vodafone Live!, Vodafone Simply, Blackberry® and the continued popularity of SMS. Revenue from managed data sites has increased 16.3% to R535 million (2006: R460 million) during the year ended March 31,2007.

Vodacom's data revenue increased by 64.0% to R3,342 million (50% share: R1,671 million) for the year ended March 31, 2007 contributing 8.1% (2006: 6.0%) to mobile operating revenue.

Telkom has successfully trialed WiMAX and 14 sites with base stations which are currently operational in Pretoria, Cape Town and Durban. A further 57 sites with base stations will be built as WiMAX begins to complement the ADSL roll-out countrywide.

Telkom has made an offer to Business Connexion's ("BCX") shareholders to acquire 100% of BCX for R2.4 billion. The offer price constitutes R9 per share, plus allowing BCX to pay a special dividend of 25 cents per share. The BCX acquisition is subject to approval of the Competition Authorities and the Telkom and BCX Boards have extended the time period for conclusion of the transaction to July 1, 2007, unless further extended by agreement between Telkom and BCX. BCX is expected to create shareholder value as it enables Telkom to enter the data hosting and desktop management market. These services are complementary to the value adding products and services being developed within Telkom.

Telkom media

On August 31, 2006 Telkom announced the creation of Telkom Media (Pty) Limited. Telkom Media has applied to the Independent Communication Authority of South Africa (ICASA) for a commercial satellite and cable subscription broadcast license. Telkom Media's vision is to be Africa's "digital media provider of choice" and is developing a set of new digital media services to address the diverse needs of both the consumer and business markets. Telkom Media will provide services through a wide range of digital platforms, positioning itself in new, high growth areas of the information, communication and entertainment market.

Telkom Media is seeking to develop a digital service portfolio across three core service areas:

- Content and services over the Internet (online content services and ISP services);

- Content and services over satellite (Satellite TV and radio); and

- Content and services over a "Quality of Service" network (IPTV including broadcast and on-demand TV and interactive services).

AFRICA ONLINE

Africa Online is an Internet Services Provider with operations in Kenya, Tanzania, Cote d'Ivoire, Ghana, Uganda, Namibia, Swaziland

and Zimbabwe. The company was acquired for R150 million during February 2007.

The investment approach focuses on brand development, creation and development of customer channels, improvement of network systems, human resources development and an expansion drive targeting other African countries.

Multi-links

Multi-Links, Private Telecommunication Operator in Nigeria with a Unified Access License allowing fixed, mobile, fixed-wireless, international and data service, was acquired in April 2007 for R1,985 million (USD280 million).

Multi-Links will focus on brand awareness and promotional campaigns to increase the revenue of fixed-wireless and mobile customers and will offer easy to understand high-value bundles, differentiated on voice quality and service. Broadband internet with ISP services will target high value bundles and high quality IP NGN services are planned to be launched for Government, Corporate and Business customers. Metro Ethernet Services are planned to be deployed in Lagos to attract high-end Corporate users and Carrier Class wholesale products and services are planned to be introduced by establishing an earth station to provide international connectivity. Offering value to customers

Telkom's strategy is to become an Information Communication Technology (ICT) solutions partner for global, corporate, business and residential customers, moving up the value chain, providing higher level products and services to our traditional voice and data products. This strategy has been validated by our success in winning large corporate customer accounts and delivering to their ICT requirements from voice products and services to network management.

Telkom's aim is to enhance the customer experience by introducing innovative value enhancing bundled products and services. In line with this strategy, Telkom Closer bundles rental, call answer, peak minutes and off-peak minutes and ADSL into a package which allows the customer to pay a flat monthly charge. Telkom Closer now bundles PC's to improve the PC penetration rate in South Africa. Demand for the Telkom Closer range of products has resulted in the sign up of 217,564 customers during the year ended March 31, 2007. Telkom's enhanced business bundles have shown strong growth. Telkom launched the Supreme Call package during May 2006. As at March 31, 2007 Telkom had 5,771 Supreme Call package subscribers. Telkom's strategic intent to retain and grow revenues has led to the development of flat rate plans to combat the negative minutes

of use trend in the consumer market and term and volume discount packages for the corporate market. The sales of the term and volume discount plans have performed exceptionally well. In addition, arbitrage opportunities between local and long distance and the gap between Standard time and Callmore rates are being reduced while tariff rebalancing is taking place.

Through bundled products Telkom intends to increase its annuity income, create a value comparison for customers and improve our competitive position. Annuity revenue constitutes 9.9% of Telkom's fixed-line segment's revenue as at March 31, 2007 (2006: 8.2%).

COMPETITIVE PRICING AND VOLUME GROWTH

Telkom announced an overall average tariffs decrease on our regulated basket of products and services of 1.2%, to be filed with ICASA to become effective on August 1, 2007.

Telkom expects that its future tariff rebalancing will continue to focus on the relationships between actual costs and tariffs of Subscription and Connections and Traffic in order to more accurately reflect underlying costs and to capture volume.

The reduction of telecommunication costs should benefit all South Africans and contribute positively to the economy.

STRONG MOBILE PERFORMANCE

Vodacom performed exceptionally well in the year ended March 31, 2007, retaining its market share at approximately 58%, and increasing net profit by 27.6% to R6,560 million (50% share: R3,280 million) and maintained its EBITDA margin with a slight decrease from 34.7% to 34.6% in the year ended March 31, 2007. Vodacom's South African customer base increased by a net of 2.8 million customers to 23.0 million customers as at March 31, 2007.

Vodacom's focus on customer care and retention saw South African contract churn at 9.7% (2006:10.0%) and prepaid churn at 37.5% (2006: 18.8%) for the year ended March 31, 2007. Prepaid churn has increased primarily as a result of the disconnection of 3 million prepaid sim cards in a once off clean up of the South African subscriber base during June to August 2006. The blended South African ARPU over the year was R125 (2006: R139) supported in part by the clean-up of the subscriber base.

Vodacom's other African operations contributed 10.1% (2006: 8.7%) to revenue with 7.1 million (2006: 4.4 million) customers. These operations constitute 23.7% of the total customer base. All of Vodacom's other African operations, with the exception of Vodacom Mozambique, are profitable. Mozambique remains a tough market but the outlook, and particularly the competitive landscape, has improved and we remain confident that in the medium to long-term it will contribute to the overall growth of Vodacom.

As a result of sound cost management, Vodacom has ensured that its revenue growth has been translated into increased profits from operations, which increased by 22.4% to R10.9 billion (50% share: R5.4 billion) for the year ended March 31, 2007 from R8.9 billion (50% share: R4.4 billion) for the year ended March 31, 2006. Vodacom's EBITDA increased in the year ended March 31, 2007 by 20.6% to R14.2 billion (50% share: R7.1 billion) from R11.8 billion (50% share: R5.9 billion).

CUSTOMER CENTRICITY

Telkom's customer service has been under pressure as a result of the reduction in our workforce and increased customer demands. Our continued key strategic focus is improving customer centricity by placing the customer at the centre of decision making in Telkom. This includes improved service delivery and customer communication processes, end-to-end customer ownership and accountability, actionable customer insight, network capacity and reliability and market focused products and services.

Telkom acknowledges that sustainable and profitable growth in the customer base requires creating and strengthening capabilities focused on managing customer relationships and learning from acquired customer information. Revenue is protected through managing the customer experience and grown through anticipating customer needs.

KEY NEXT GENERATION NETWORK AND CAPACITY ACHIEVEMENTS

Increased demand and bandwidth hungry applications have required Telkom to upgrade its capacity. The following are the key investment areas:

- Telkom has grown its national and international IP network capacity by 53% to 28.9 Gbit/s and 60% to 2.4 Gbit/s, respectively;

- The bandwidth of the local and national transport networks have increased 12% to 5.7 Tbit/s and 20% to 1.2 Tbit/s respectively;

- Data networks have seen Diginet and Diginet Plus Services increase bandwidth by 20% to 20.8 Gbit/s;

- The ATM network has grown 30% to 104 Gbit/s to cater for increased ADSL services; and

- The SAT-3 cable's capacity has trebled to 120 Gbit/s from 40 Gbit/s.

- Telkom company spent R6,599 million during the year ended March 31, 2007 on its capital expenditure programme in line with its 5 year R30 billion capital expenditure programme. Projects are prioritised according to Internal Rate of Return for Telkom. Existing infrastructure is optimised to decrease capital requirements for service provisioning. It is estimated that Telkom

Company will spend approximately R7.0 billion on capital expenditure in the financial year ending March 31, 2008.

RECOGNITION OF THE VALUE OF OUR EMPLOYEES

Telkom's skilled and experienced workforce is our competitive advantage and is also highly attractive to our competition. Rapidly changing technology, increasing specialisation and capacity requirements necessitate ongoing development and training of our employees. Telkom continues to invest significantly in our employees to ensure that the appropriate business skills are available to meet customer requirements.

For the year ended March 31, 2007, Telkom spent R425.9 million (2006: R400.1 million) on training and development and employees participated in 189,645 (2006: 160,274) facilitator led training days. Telkom continues to identify high potential individuals within the Company that can be developed for future senior management positions to ensure all future employee requirements are met. In addition, Telkom's expansion into other parts of Africa and competitor poaching of our talent, demands that our succession plans are robust.

The Company has demonstrated the strength of its succession plans by appointing 60% of senior management vacancies from within the Company, utilising the existing skills and potential of the current employee base, while at the same time increasing the skills pool with outside appointments.

SIGNIFICANT RETURNS TO SHAREHOLDERS AND EMPLOYEE SHARE OWNERSHIP In the year ended March 31, 2007, the Company repurchased 12.1 million shares to the value of R1.6 billion (including costs) which are being cancelled as issued share capital and restored as authorised but unissued capital. As at March 31, 2007, 1,035,506 of these shares have not yet been cancelled from the issued share capital by the Registrar of Companies.

The Telkom Board granted 1,824,984 shares with effect June 2, 2006, to employees in terms of the Telkom Conditional Share Plan.

As part of the Company's commitment to the optimal use of capital the Telkom Board on October 20, 2006 provided authority to buy back shares to a limit of 20% of shares in issue. This authority expires at the next Annual General Meeting. The Telkom Board on June 8, 2007 approved a further R2.4 billion in terms of its share buy-back programme.

As previously communicated, Telkom aims to pay a steadily growing ordinary annual dividend. The level of dividend will be based upon a number of factors, including the assessment of financial results, available growth opportunities, the Group's net debt

level, interest coverage and future expectations, including internal cash flows and share buybacks. On June 13, 2007, the Telkom Board of Directors declared an ordinary annual dividend of 600 cents per share, and a special dividend of 500 cents per share, payable on July 9, 2007, to shareholders recorded in the register of the company at close of business on July 6, 2007.

A LEADER IN TRANSFORMATION

Telkom has always viewed South Africa's effective transformation as imperative for its own sustainable longterm growth. Telkom concurs with the view that Black Economic Empowerment (BEE) should seek to deliver meaningful and truly broad-based empowerment to the majority of South Africa's people. The draft Information and Communication Technology ICT BEE Charter is expected to be aligned with the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) Codes of Good Practice.

Telkom spent R8.8 billion on empowered or significantly empowered suppliers for the year ended March 31, 2007.

Telkom's social investment programme through the Telkom Foundation has continued to contribute to the positive transformation of disadvantaged communities through social investments aimed at achieving sustainable development. The social investment programmes have continued to focus on the following three main areas:

- Education and Training;

- Empowerment of Women, Children and People with Disabilities; and

- ICT Planning and Infrastructure rollout.

The Telkom Foundation was recognised for its commitment, receiving numerous awards and recognition, the most notable being the PMR Awards for first Overall winner on Corporate Care within the Telecommunications Sector, Gold Status on Social Upliftment, BEE, job creation and training.

The Vodacom Group is in the process of finalising a R7.5 billion BEE equity deal whereby both BEE partners and employees have the opportunity to share in the success of Vodacom South Africa going forward. The deal is expected to be completed by the end of the 2008 financial year and it is anticipated to make a significant contribution to the well-being of the Vodacom Group and its employees.

THE REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT

Telkom faces continuous regulatory challenges covering inter alia competition issues and changes in policies. Through constructive dialogue, the Company endeavours to achieve a regulatory framework that is realistic, equitable and beneficial to the industry. The

following details the main regulatory issues affecting the industry and Telkom.

ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS (EC) ACT

The EC Act, No 36 of 2005, came into effect on July 19, 2006. The primary aim of the Act is to promote convergence in the broadcasting, broadcasting signal distribution and telecoms sectors and to provide the legal framework for convergence of these sectors.

The Act, aims to liberalise the market further and will result in a change in the licensing structure. Essentially, separate licences will be granted for the provision of infrastructure, communication services and broadcasting services. All existing licencees will need to be issued with new licences.

The EC Act creates challenges as well as opportunities that Telkom will certainly explore. In particular, its expected impact on Telkom include the following:

- Conversion of licences to network licence and service licence;

- Impact on price controls, terms and conditions of access and interconnection & facilities leasing.

ICASA AMENDMENT ACT

A bill amending the ICASA Act was enacted on July 19, 2006. The main provisions of this Act determine in greater detail the functions of the Authority; amend the procedure for appointment and removal of councillors and cover the establishment of a Complaints and Compliance Committee.

Interconnection and Facilities Leasing

Current regulations make provision for cost based interconnection and facility leasing. Telkom submitted its regulatory accounts on a current cost basis to ICASA in September 2005 and an update in September 2006. The Company also submitted long run incremental costs (LRIC) statements on September 29, 2006.

The Electronic Communications Act requires ICASA to analyse the various markets and should an operator be declared to have Significant Market Power in any market, cost based prices may be imposed. The recent focus by ICASA on termination rates may force MTN, Vodacom and Telkom to implement cost based termination prices.

Telkom continuously engages in negotiations for interconnection, shared access and facilities leasing agreements. Interconnectivity agreements with Neotel and the majority of VANS have been concluded. Number Portability (NP)

In terms of regulations published in September 2005, Telkom is expected to provide blocks of 10,000 numbers two months after Neotel's launch of services, blocks of 1,000 numbers four months

after Neotel's launch of services and individual number portability 12 months after the request. Functional specifications for the implementation of NP between fixed-line operators are being negotiated. Neotel requested NP in February 2006 and discussions on the implementation of the required inter-operator systems are under way.

Local Loop Unbundling (LLU)

Telkom is required, in terms of existing legislation, to provide Neotel with shared access to its local loop. Although the Telecommunications Act, 103 of 1996, provides that no general local loop unbundling will be required for the first two years of operation of Neotel, the EC Act, which repeals the Telecommunications Act, makes provision for unbundling of the local loop, subject to ICASA making the necessary regulations. The Minister of Communications (the Minister) has recently expressed that the unbundling of the local loop (LLU) process should be implemented urgently and has made a call for the regulator to make use of the report of the LLU committee and its recommendations. The Minister has subsequently, on the draft policy decisions, stated that the unbundling process should be completed by November 1, 2011.

Draft ADSL regulations

ICASA has issued regulations on August 17, 2006 on the provision of ADSL services. The main provisions of the regulations relate to minimum standards of service that operators must adhere to.

The Minister of Communications' budget speech 2007

In her budget vote speech delivered to Parliament on May 24, 2007, the Minister announced policies and policy directions. The Minister addressed regulatory issues raised in the EC Act and focused on the following areas: - the unbundling of the local loop, details of which are noted above;

- ICASA to consider whether VANS licensees can be authorised to provide services as well as provide and operate facilities/networks. ICASA would have to issue network service licenses for such networks;

- the intention to make representation regarding INFRACO as a "deemed holder" of an individual electronic communications network services license;

- regarding the Frequency Spectrum and Radio Frequency Licenses, ICASA must allocate spectrum for a single national network for mobile broadcasting, prescribe regulations governing the co-ordination between licenses, and also prescribe procedures for awarding spectrum licenses for competing applications;

- directed ICASA to merge the Under Serviced Areas License operators where there is more than one operator licence per province and issue one Provincial Under-Serviced Area Network Operators licence where each would be licensed for individual networks and services;

- as from November 1, 2007 all exclusivity provisions contained in the SAT-3 agreements shall be declared null and void in South Africa. In addition, ICASA is to prescribe that all facilities connected to the submarine cable be declared as essential facilities;

- a Broadcasting Digital Migration Policy to be gazetted on July 1, 2007. In addition, a body has been set up to oversee the roll-out of digital migration;

- the intention to bring the Protocol for NEPAD ICT Broadband Network for ratification by Parliament. In her speech the Minister has stated that all South African telecom companies have committed to participate in this project.; and

- the re-iteration of the announcement of the President that Telkom would provide a special rate for 10 developed call centres in economically-depressed areas identified by Government.

CONCLUSION

Telkom is confident that it is well placed to deal with all regulatory issues. Telkom actively engages with the regulator and plans and analyses multiple regulatory scenarios to ensure that it is prepared for changes in regulation.

STRATEGY

Telkom's vision is to be a leading customer and employee centred ICT solutions service provider. Telkom is focused on balancing the needs of all stakeholders, often with competing interests, to ensure long term sustainable and profitable growth of the business for shareholders and contributing positively to the South African economy.

The accelerated liberalisation of the market, in particular the implications of the EC Act, the emergence of new technologies and customer demand is clearly material to Telkom's strategic intentions. Telkom believes that it is strongly positioned to compete effectively in a liberalised market. Customer service excellence through a skilled and dedicated workforce with greater product and service choice and value for customers will ensure long term value creation. Telkom will pursue opportunities to provide the full spectrum of ICT solutions including voice, data, video and internet services increasingly through broadband penetration.

Telkom will focus on the following imperatives to sustain long term value creation for all its stakeholders:

- Continue investment in the development of employees to maintain competitive advantage;

- Enhancing customer satisfaction through customer centricity;

- Retaining revenue and generating growth;

- Evolving to a Next Generation Network in order to support profitable growth through prudent cost management; and

- Repositioning Telkom stakeholder management to create healthy external relationships.

In addition, Telkom continues to urgently investigate opportunities with mobile partners to consolidate a Service Provider Model across the Fixed and Mobile Value chain, with integration capabilities into the managed hosting environment. Swiftnet services will be available to the Fixed/Mobile Service Provider Model and their proposition will be extended to target the Small/Medium Enterprise market.

Telkom will continue to expand into Africa and grow the Africa Online footprint into the continent. This strategy is aligned with the domestic Fixed/Mobile Service Provider Model. The focus is on further data acquisitions and fixed/mobile opportunities. A detailed evaluation process is followed on each opportunity to ensure it is a strategic fit, all risks and resource requirements are understood and the potential returns exceed our minimum requirements.

Cost management is central to all our decisions. Particular areas of focus are on renegotiating service and equipment contracts, automation of assurance and fulfilment, pursuing turnkey capital projects, improving maintenance support and licencing models and procurement spend where we are investigating options to realise savings through the consolidation of suppliers, extraction of efficiencies and price reductions.

Converged services are evolving rapidly and Telkom is expanding aggressively into the application layer, centralising the managed voice, managed data and applications onto a common core to drive end-to-end solution.

Telkom's drive towards Gated Communities and Office Parks is gaining momentum with a specific focus on VPN Lite, VoIP, mobile and Media integration to differentiate Telkom as a full Quad-play providers within this market cluster.

The evolution to an IP centric network is a business imperative. It is vital that we continue our investment in our network and front load it where possible to enable the cost of operating the network to reduce and to enable the delivery of fully converged products and services to meet our customers' needs in the rapidly changing technological environment. Acceleration of Telkom's broadband penetration is a critical element of this strategy.

The first phase is expected to last three years and concentrates on enabling the network for broadband services. The second phase is the conversion of existing products and services to NGN. Depending on the customer demand and profitability, this process is expected to be completed by 2015.

Given the centrality of ICT to economic growth and social development, Telkom remains strategically important to the achievement of national objectives and will continue to invest significantly in the development of a viable and vibrant marketplace.

Prospects for the year ahead

Fixed-line revenues in the financial year ending March 31, 2008 are expected to be impacted by tariffs, increased competition and the migration from dial-up services to ADSL services and the introduction of costbased interconnection. Our strategic initiatives to improve service levels are expected to result in above inflationary increases in operating expenses, the result being an expected fixed-line EBITDA margin between 37% and 40%.

Employee expenses are expected to increase to cater for the strong demand for Telkom's products and services which will increase as prices are further reduced in competitive response actions. Fixed-line CAPEX is expected to be between 18% and 22% of revenue.

The mobile business is focused at maintaining its market share and acquiring operations in Africa. Through improved efficiencies, no material changes to the EBITDA margin is expected.

The Group net debt to equity target remains at 50% to 70%.

3 Group performance

GROUP OPERATING REVENUE

Group operating revenue increased 8.4% to R51,619 million (2006: R47,625 million) in the year ended March 31, 2007. Fixed-line operating revenue, after inter-segmental eliminations, increased 1.6% to R32,540 million primarily due to good growth in data services and increased subscription revenue. Mobile operating revenue, after inter-segmental eliminations, increased 22.4% to R19,079 million primarily due to significant customer growth, offset in part by declining ARPU's.

GROUP OPERATING EXPENSES

Group operating expenses increased 12.3% to R37,533 million (2006: R33,428 million) in the year ended March 31, 2007, primarily due to a 21.0% increase in operating expenses in the mobile segment to R14,430 million (after inter-segmental eliminations) and an increase in Fixed-line operating expenditure by 7.5% to R23,104 million (after inter-segmental eliminations) due to increased employee expenses, selling general and administrative expenses, payments to other operators, services rendered and operating

leases, partially offset by a decrease in depreciation, amortisation, impairment and write offs. The increase in mobile operating expenses of 21.0%, after inter segmental eliminations, was primarily due to increased gross connections resulting in increased cost to connect customers to the network. Mobile payments to other operators also increased as a result of the increased outgoing traffic and the higher volume growth of more expensive outgoing traffic terminating on other mobile networks when compared to traffic terminating on the lower cost fixed-line network.

INVESTMENT INCOME

Investment income consists of interest received on short-term investments and bank accounts. Investment income decreased 40.8% to R235 million (2006: R397 million), largely as a result of lower interest received due to less cash available for short-term investments and increased taxation payments.

FINANCE CHARGES

Finance charges include interest paid on local and foreign borrowings, amortised discounts on bonds and commercial paper bills, fair value gains and losses on financial instruments and foreign exchange gains and losses. Finance charges decreased 8.0% to R1,125 million (2006: R1,223 million) in the year ended March 31, 2007, due to a 1.4% decrease in interest expense to R1,327 million (2006: R1,346 million) as a result of the redemption of local and foreign loans. In addition to the decrease in the interest expense, net fair value and exchange gains on financial instruments of R202 million (2006: R123 million) arose primarily as a result of currency movements.

TAXATION

Group tax expense increased 4.6% to R4,731 million (2006: R4,523 million) in the year ended March 31, 2007. The Group effective tax rate for the year ended March 31, 2007, was 34.8% (2006: 32.7%). Telkom Company's effective tax rate was 24.3% (2006: 25.0%). The lower effective tax rate for Telkom Company in the year ended March 31, 2007, was primarily due to higher exempt income resulting mainly from dividends received from Group companies. Vodacom's effective tax rate decreased marginally to 36.9% (2006: 37.5%).

PROFIT FOR THE YEAR AND EARNINGS PER SHARE

Profit for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Group decreased 5.9% to R8,646 million(2006: R9,189 million) for the year ended March 31, 2007.

Group basic earnings per share decreased 3.7% to 1,681.0 cents (2006: 1,746.1 cents) and Group headline earnings per share decreased 1.0% to 1,710.7 cents (2006: 1,728.6 cents).

4 Group balance sheet

Operating performance across the Group has seen the balance sheet retain its strength with net debt, after financial assets and liabilities, increasing 45.0% to R9,901 million (2006: R6,828 million) as at March 31, 2007, resulting in a net debt to equity ratio of 30.9% from 23.2% at March 31,2006. On March 31, 2007, the Group had cash balances of R749 million.

During the year ended March 31, 2007, 12.1 million shares were repurchased for R1.6 billion, to be cancelled from the issued share capital by the Registrar of Companies. As at March 31 2007, 1,035,506 of these shares have not yet been cancelled.

Interest-bearing debt, including credit facilities utilised, decreased 8.6% to R10,805 million (2006: R11,816 million) in the year ended March 31, 2007. The decrease was mainly due to the redemption of the TL06 bond with a nominal value of R2,100 million on October 31, 2006 and R3,731 million nominal value commercial paper bill debt that matured during the year. These debt repayments were partially offset by the issuance of R4,651 million nominal value commercial paper bills during the year to fund a portion of the TL06 redemption with the balance being utilized to fund capital expenditure.

Telkom maintains an active dialogue with the principal credit rating agencies, who review our ratings periodically. Moody's Investor Services and Standard & Poor's have rated our foreign debt A3 and BBB respectively.

5 Group cash flow

Cash flows from operating activities decreased 1.6% to R9,356 million (2006: R9,506 million), mainly due to higher taxation and dividend payments that exceeded the 4.0% increase in cash generated from operations of R20,520 million (2006: R19,724 million). Cash flows utilised in investing activities increased 42.9% to R10,412 million (2006: R7,286 million), primarily due to increased capital expenditure in both the fixed-line and mobile segments. Cash utilised in financing activities of R2,920 million (2006: R258 million) was mostly due to the R1,596 million paid for share repurchases, the repayment of the TL06 bond with a nominal value, during the year offset by the issuance of R4,651 million nominal value commercial paper bills, to fund a portion of the TL06 bond redemption with the balance being utilised to fund capital expenditures.

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Summary

	Year ended Mar	rch 31,	
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Cash generated from operations	19,724	20,520	4.0
Cash from operating activities (after tax, interest,			
dividends)	9,506	9,356	(1.6)
Investing activities	(7,286)	(10,412)	42.9
Financing activities	(258)	(2,920)	1,031.8
Net increase/(decrease) in cash	1,962	(3,976)	(302.2)
EBITDA MINUS CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			
	Year ended Mar	rch 31,	
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Fixed-line	9,711	6,022	(38.0)
Mobile	3,336	3,514	5.3
Group	13,047	9,536	(26.9)

6 Group capital expenditure

Group capital expenditure increased 36.5% to R10,249 million (2006: R7,506 million) and represents 20.0% of Group revenue (2006: 15.8%).

Fixed-line capital expenditure

	Year ended March 31,		
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Baseline	2,128	3,409	60.2
Portfolio	2,756	3,001	8.9
Revenue generating	374	159	(57.5)
Network evolution	330	784	137.6
Sustainment	596	416	(30.2)
Effectiveness and efficiency	1,080	1,141	5.6
Support	376	501	33.2
Regulatory	15	188	1,153.3
Other	36	43	22.1
	4,935	6,641	34.6

Fixed-line capital expenditure, which includes spending on intangibles, increased 34.6 % to R6,641 million (2006: R4,935 million) and represents 20.0% of fixed-line revenue (2006: 15.1%). Baseline and revenue generating capital expenditure of R3,568 million (2006: R2,502 million) was largely for the deployment of technologies to support the growing data services business (including ADSL footprint), links to the mobile cellular operators and expenditure for access line deployment in selected high growth

residential areas. The continued focus on rehabilitating the access network and increasing the efficiencies in the transport network contributed to the network evolution and sustainment capital expenditure of R1,200 million (March 31, 2006: R926 million).

Telkom continues to focus on its operations support system investment with current emphasis on workforce management, provisioning and fulfilment, assurance and customer care, hardware technology upgrades on the billing platform and performance and service management. During the year ended March 31, 2007, R1,141 million (2006: R1,080 million) was spent on the implementation of systems.

Mobile capital expenditure

	Year ended March 31		
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
South Africa	2,193	2,730	24.5
Other African countries	378	878	132.3
	2,571	3,608	40.3

Mobile capital expenditure (50% of Vodacom's capital expenditure) increased 40.3% to R3,608 million (2006: R2,571 million) and represents 17.5% of mobile revenue (March 31, 2006: 15.1%) which was mainly spent on the cellular network infrastructure as a result of increased investment in South Africa for increased traffic and investment in 3G technologies. The increase in capital expenditure in Other African countries is largely as a result of an increased investment in Tanzania to accommodate the substantial growth in the subscriber base during the year.

7 Segment performance

Telkom's operating structure comprises two segments, fixed-line and mobile. The fixed-line segment provides fixed-line voice and data communications services through Telkom; directory services through our 64.9% owned subsidiary, TDS Directory Operations formerly known as, Telkom Directory Services; wireless data services through our wholly owned subsidiary, Swiftnet and internet services in Africa through our newly acquired wholly owned subsidiary Africa Online. The mobile segment consists of a 50% joint venture interest in Vodacom.

Vodacom's results are proportionately consolidated into the Telkom Group's consolidated financial statements. This means that we include 50% of Vodacom's results in each of the line items in the Telkom Group's consolidated financial statements. TDS Directory Operations, Swiftnet, Africa Online and Rossal No 65 and Acajou

Investments (subsidiaries for the repurchase of shares) subsidiaries are fully consolidated in the Telkom Group's consolidated financial statements.

Summary

	Year ended March 31,		
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Operating revenue	47,625	51,619	8.4
Fixed-line	32,749	33,295	1.7
Mobile	17,021	20,573	20.9
Inter-segmental eliminations	(2,145)	(2,249)	4.8
Operating profit	14,677	14,470	(1.4)
Fixed-line	10,242	9,040	(11.7)
Mobile	4,435	5,430	22.4
Operating profit margin	30.8	28.0	(9.0)
Fixed-line	31.3	27.2	(13.2)
Mobile	26.1	26.4	1.3
EBITDA	20,553	19,785	(3.7)
Fixed-line	14,646	12,663	(13.5)
Mobile	5,907	7,122	20.6
EBITDA margin	43.2	38.3	(11.2)
Fixed-line	44.7	38.0	(15.0)
Mobile	34.7	34.6	(0.2)

Fixed-line segment

The fixed-line segment accounted for 63.0% (2006: 67.3%) of Group operating revenues (after inter-segmental eliminations) and 67.6% (2006: 74.7%) of Group operating profit at March 31, 2007.

The financial information presented below for the fixed-line segment is before inter-segmental eliminations.

Summary

	Year ended March 31,		
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Revenue	32,749	33,295	1.7
Operating profit	10,242	9,040	(11.7)
EBITDA	14,646	12,663	(13.5)
Capital expenditure	4,935	6,641	34.6
Operating profit margin (%)	31.3	27.2	(13.2)
EBITDA margin (%)	44.7	38.0	(15.0)
Capex to revenue (%)	15.1	20.0	32.4

Fixed-line operating revenue

	Year ended March 31,		
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Subscriptions and connections	5,803	6,286	8.3
Traffic	17,563	16,738	(4.7)
Local	5,753	5,382	(6.4)
Long distance	3,162	2,722	(13.9)
Fixed-to-mobile	7,647	7,646	_
International outgoing	1,001	988	(1.3)
Interconnection	1,654	1,638	(1.0)
Mobile operators1	760	815	7.2
International operators	894	823	(7.9)
Data	6,649	7,484	12.6
Leased lines and other data	5,282	5,820	10.2
Mobile leased facilities2	1,367	1,664	21.7
Directories and other	1,080	1,149	6.4
	32,749	33,295	1.7

1. Interconnection includes revenue from Vodacom of R468 million (2006: R464 million), 50% is eliminated on consolidation.

2. Data includes revenue from Vodacom of R907 million (2006: R845 million), 50% is eliminated on consolidation.

Revenue from the fixed-line segment, before inter-segmental eliminations, increased 1.7% to R33,295 million (2006: R32,749 million) primarily due to the continued growth in data services revenue and increased subscriptions and connection revenue, partially offset by a decline in traffic revenue.

Subscription and connections revenue grew 8.3% to R6,286 million (2006: R5,803 million), largely as a result of increased rental tariffs for digital lines, increased sales of customer premises equipment, including PABX's, and higher penetration of value-added services.

Traffic revenue decreased 4.7% to R16,738 million (2006: R17,563 million), primarily as a result of the increasing substitution of calls placed using mobile services rather than fixed-line services as well as the acceleration of broadband adoption and the resultant loss of internet dial-up minutes. Traffic, including VoIP traffic but excluding interconnection traffic, decreased 6.4% to 25,565 million minutes (2006: 27,361 million minutes) primarily as a result of decreased local and long distance traffic offset in part by increased international outgoing traffic.

Interconnection revenue decreased 1.0% as a result of a 7.9% decrease in the interconnection revenue from international operators to R823 million (2006: R894 million) offset in part by a 7.2% increase in mobile to fixed interconnection revenue to R815 million (2006: R760 million). The decreased interconnection

revenue from international operators is mainly as a result of a 2.5% decrease in international interconnection traffic minutes of 1,321 million minutes (2006: 1,355 million minutes). Mobile interconnection revenue increased due to increased interconnection traffic from mobile operators and tariff increases for call termination offset in part by lower tariffs on mobile international outgoing calls. Mobile interconnection traffic minutes increased by 2.4% to 2,419 million minutes (2006: 2,143 million minutes) in the year ended March 31, 2007. Data revenue increased 12.6% to R7,484 million (2006: R6,649 million) mainly due to higher demand for data services, including ADSL, in the medium and small business segment with leased line and other data revenue growing 10.2% to R5,820 million (2006: R5,282 million) and mobile leased line revenue by 21.7% to R1,664 million (2006: R1,367 million). The increase in mobile leased facilities is largely due to the rollout of 3G networks and universal mobile telecommunication system products by the mobile operators. Fixed-line operating expenses

	Year ended Marc	ear ended March 31,	
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Employee expenses	6,470	7,268	12.3
Salaries and wages	4,592	5,225	13.8
Benefits	2,410	2,715	12.7
Workforce reduction expenses	88	24	(72.7)
Employee related expenses capitalised	(620)	(696)	12.3
Payments to other network operators1	6,150	6,463	5.1
Payment to mobile operators	5,231	5,435	3.9
Payment to international operators	919	1,028	11.9
SG&A	3,086	4,244	37.5
Materials and maintenance	1,617	1,908	18.0
Marketing	413	642	55.4
Bad debts	187	141	(24.6)
Other	869	1,553	78.7
Services rendered	2,050	2,212	7.9
Property management	1,107	1,142	3.2
Consultants and security	943	1,070	13.5
Operating leases	777	787	1.3
Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and write-offs	4,404	3,623	(17.7)
	22,937	24,597	7.2

1. Payments to other network operators include payments made to Vodacom of R2,908 million (2006: R2,818 million), 50% is eliminated on consolidation.

Fixed-line operating expenses, before inter-segmental eliminations, increased 7.2% in the year ended March 31, 2007 to R24,597 million (2006: R22,937 million), due to higher employee expenses, selling, general and administrative expenses, payment to other operators and services rendered offset by a decrease in depreciation, amortisation, impairment and write-offs.

Employee expenses increased 12.3% in the year ended March 31, 2007 to R7,268 (2006: R6,470 million), largely due to a 1.1% increase in the number of employees to 25,864 employees, increased payments to parttime employees and contractors employed to meet Telkom's customer centricity; the deployment of the NGN objectives and annual salary increases, including related benefits.

Payments to other network operators increased 5.1% to R6,463 (2006: R6,150 million) as a result of higher payments to mobile operators and international operators. Payments to mobile operators increased 3.9% to R5,435 million (2006: R5,231 million), largely as a result of an 1% increase in fixed-to-mobile traffic. Payments to international operators increased 11.9% to R1,028 million (2006: R919 million), primarily due to an 8.3% increase in international outgoing traffic.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 37.5% to R4,244 million (2006: R3,086 million), primarily as a result of an 55.4% increase in marketing expenses, an 18.0% increase in material and maintenance expenses, as well as an increase of 78.7% in other selling, general and administrative expenses mainly as a result of the provision for the liability in the Telcordia dispute and increased cost of sales. Services rendered increased 7.9% to R2,212 million (2006: R2,050 million). Consultants and security costs increased 13.5% to R1,070 million (2006: R943 million), primarily as a result of increased payments to consultants used for the deployment of the NGN objectives and to explore local and international investment and expansion opportunities as well as higher security expenses. Property management expenses increased 3.2% to R1,142 million (2006: R1,107 million), mainly as a result of increased maintenance expenses partly due to copper theft.

Operating leases increased marginally to R787 million (2006: R777 million) as a result of a slight increase in payments for the vehicle fleet that remained relatively flat at 9,694 vehicles at March 31, 2007 from 9,708 vehicles at March 31, 2006.

In recognition of changed usage patterns of certain items of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, the Group

reviewed their remaining lives of its assets as at March 31, 2006. The assets affected were certain items included in network equipment, support equipment, furniture and office equipment and data equipment software and hardware. The revised estimated useful lives resulted in a decrease of a 17.7% to R3,623 million (2006: R4,404 million) in depreciation, amortisation, impairment and write-offs.

Fixed-line operating profit decreased 11.7% to R9,040 million (2006: R10,242 million) with an operating profit margin of 27.2% (2006: 31.3%). EBITDA decreased 13.5% to R12,663 million (2006: R14,646 million), with EBITDA margins decreasing to 38.0%. (2006: 44.7%).

MOBILE SEGMENT

The mobile segment accounted for 37.0% of Group operating revenue (2006: 32.7%) (after inter-segmental eliminations) and 32.4% of Group operating profits (2006: 25.3%). Vodacom's operational statistics are presented below at 100%, but all financial figures represent the 50% that is proportionately consolidated in the Group and presented before inter-segmental eliminations. Summary

	Year ended March 31,			
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%	
Operating revenue	17,021	20,573	20.9	
Operating profit	4,435	5,430	22.4	
EBITDA	5,907	7,122	20.6	
Capital expenditure	2,571	3,608	40.3	
Operating profit margin (%)	26.1	26.4	1.3	
EBITDA margin (%)	34.7	34.6	(0.2)	
Capex to revenue (%)	15.1	17.5	16.1	
MOBILE OPERATING REVENUE				
	Year ended March 31,			
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%	
Airtime and access	10,043	11,854	18.0	
Data	1,019	1,671	64.0	
Interconnect1	3,348	3,918	17.0	
Equipment sales	1,993	2,350	17.9	
International airtime	486	653	34.4	
Other	132	127	(3.8)	
	17,021	20,573	20.9	

1. Interconnect revenue includes revenue from Telkom, of R1,454 million (March 2006: R1,409 million), which is eliminated on consolidation.

Operating revenue from the mobile segment increased 20.9%, before inter-segmental eliminations, to R20,573 million (2006: R17,021

million), primarily driven by customer growth. Revenue from Vodacom's operations outside of South Africa as a percentage of Vodacom's total mobile operating revenue increased to 10.1% (2006: 8.7%) for the year ended March 31, 2007.

The growth in revenue can largely be attributed to a 28.2% increase in Vodacom's total customers to 30,150 million as of March 31, 2007, (2006: 23,520 million), resulting from strong growth in prepaid and contract customers in South Africa and 64.0% growth in customers outside of South Africa. In South Africa, total Average Monthly Revenue Per User (ARPUs) decreased 10.1% to R125 (2006: R139). Contract ARPUs decreased by 9.6% to R517 (2006: R572) and prepaid ARPUs decreased by 8.7% to R63 (2006: R69). Vodacom's continued implementation of upgrade and retention policies in the year ended March 31, 2007, ensured an improvement in the South Africa contract churn to 9.7% (2006: 10.0%) for the year ended March 31, 2007. South Africa prepaid churn increased from18.8% for the year ended March 31, 2006, to 37.5% for the year ended March 31, 2007.

Data revenue increased 64.0% and represents 8.1% of mobile revenue, before inter-segmental eliminations. The growth was largely due to the popularity of SMS and data initiatives such as 3G, HSDPA, Blackberry", Mobile TV, Vodafone Live! and other initiatives such as bundled pay-as-you-use for GPRS and 3G/HSPDA. Vodacom South Africa transmitted 4.5 billion (2006: 3,5 billion) messages over its network during the year ended March 31, 2007. The number of active data users on the South African network as at March 31, 2007, was: 1,2 million MMS users (2006: 867 thousand); 2.8 million GPRS users (2006: 1,4 million); 139 thousand 3G/HSDPA users (2006: 38 thousand); 733 thousand 3G/HSDPA devices (2006: 180 thousand); 899 thousand Vodafone Live! users (2006: 351 thousand) and 33 thousand Unique Mobile TV users (2006: 13 thousand).

Mobile interconnect revenue increased by 17.0%, primarily due to an increase in the number of fixed-line calls terminating on Vodacom's network as a result of the increased number of Vodacom customers and South African mobile users.

Equipment sales increased 17.9% primarily due to the growth of the customer base, cheaper Rand prices of new handsets, coupled with added functionality of new phones.

Vodacom's international airtime revenue increased 34.4% and consists largely of international calls by Vodacom's customers, roaming revenue from Vodacom customers making and receiving calls while abroad and revenue from international customers roaming on Vodacom's network.

Mobile operating expenses

	Year ended March 31,		
In ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Employee expenses	1,019	1,186	16.4
Payments to other operators1	2,317	2,818	21.6
SG&A	7,328	8,778	19.8
Services rendered	65	82	26.2
Operating leases2	435	629	44.6
Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and write offs	1,472	1,692	14.9
	12,636	15,185	20.2

1. Payments to other operators include payments to Telkom fixed-line of R234 million (2006: R232 million), which are eliminated on consolidation.

2. Operating leases include payments to Telkom fixed-line of R420 million (2006: R376 million), which are eliminated on consolidation.

Mobile operating expenses, before inter-segmental eliminations, increased by 20.2% in the year ended March 31, 2007, due to increased employee expenses, selling and distribution costs, payments to other operators, depreciation, amortisation, impairment and write offs, operating leases and services rendered.

Mobile employee expenses increased 16.4%, due to an 8.4% increase in the number of employees to 6,249, including agency temporary employees, to support the growth in operations as well as annual salary increases (including related benefits) and an increase in the provision for Vodacom's deferred bonus schemes due to increased profits. Vodacom increased the total number of its employees, including agency temporary employees, by 31.9% in its other African operations to 1,522 employees and by 9.8% in its operations in South Africa to 4,727 employees, including agency temporary-holding company and Mauritius employees as at March 31, 2007.

Employee productivity in South Africa and other African countries, as measured by customers per employee including agency temporary employees, increased 12.0% to 4,825 customers per employee as at March 31, 2007. Excluding agency temporary employees, the employee productivity in South Africa and other African countries as measured by customer per employee increased 11.9% to 5,093 customers per employee as at March 31, 2007.

Mobile payments to other operators increased 21.6% to R2,818 million (2006: R2,317 million) in the year ended March 31, 2007, as a result of increased outgoing traffic terminating on the other

mobile networks relative to traffic terminating on the fixed-line networks. As the cost of terminating calls on other cellular networks is materially higher than calls terminating on fixed-line networks and as mobile substitution increases with the growing number of total mobile users in South Africa, interconnection charges are expected to continue increasing putting pressure on margins.

Mobile selling, general and administrative expenses increased 19.8% to R8,778 million (2006: R7,328 million), in the year ended March 31, 2007, primarily due to an increase in selling, distribution and marketing expenses to support the growth in South African and other African operations.

Mobile depreciation, amortisation, impairment and write-offs increased by 14.9% to R1,692 million (2006: R1,472 million) in the year ended March 31, 2007, and was largely driven by capital expenditure on upgrading the Group's networks. Vodacom Mozambique's asset impairment amounted to R22,9 million (2006: reversal of R52.8 million) for the year ended March 31, 2007.

Telkom's 50% share of Vodacom's profit from operations increased 22.4% to R5,430 million and the mobile operating profit margin increased to 26.4% (2006: 26.1%). Mobile EBITDA increased 20.6% to R7,122 million (2006: R5,907 million), with EBITDA margins decreasing to 34.6% (2006: 34.7%).

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8 Employees FIXED-LINE

	Year ended March 31,			
	2006	2007	%	
Telkom Company	25,575	25,864	1.1	
	184	180	(2,2)	
Lines per employee	184	180	(2.2)	
Subsidiaries	581	933	60.6	
Fixed-line employees at year end	26,156	26,797	2.3	
MOVEMENT IN FIXED-LINE EMPLOYEES				
(Telkom Company only, excluding subsidiaries)	X7 1 1 X	1 21		
	Year ended Mar			
	2006	2007		
Opening balance	28,972	25,575		
Appointments	686	1,486		
Employee losses	(4,083)	(1,197)		
Workforce reductions	(2,990)	(20)		
Voluntary early retirement	(674)	(7)		
Voluntary severance	(2,295)	(13)		
Involuntary reductions	(21)	_		
Natural attrition	(1,093)	(1,177)		
Closing balance	25,575	25,864		
MOBILE EMPLOYEES				
	Year ended Mar	ch 31,	%	
	2006	2007		
South Africa1, 2	4,305	4,427	9.8	
Customers per employee1, 2	4,451	4,867	9.3	
Other African countries2	1,154	1,522	31.9	
Customers per employee2	3,776	4,695	24.3	
Vodacom Group1, 2	5,459	6,249	14.5	
Customers per employee1, 2	4,308	4,825	12.0	

Includes Holding Company and Mauritius employees.
 Includes Agency temporary employees.

9 Condensed consolidated provisional annual financial statements

REVIEW REPORT of the independent auditors

Our auditors, Ernst & Young Inc., have reviewed the condensed consolidated provisional annual financial statements as set out on pages 24 to 52. Their unqualified review report is available for inspection at the Company's registered office.

Condensed consolidated provisional income statement for the three years ended March 31, 2007

r		2005	2006	2007
	Notes	Rm	Rm	Rm
Total revenue	3.1	43,696	48,260	52,157
Operating revenue	3.2	43,160	47,625	51,619
Other income	4	280	480	384
Operating expenses		32,179	33,428	37,533
Employee expenses	5.1	8,111	7,489	8,454
Payments to other operators	5.2	6,132	6,826	7,590
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5.3	8,824	10,273	12,902
Services rendered	5.4	2,021	2,114	2,291
Operating leases	5.5	803	850	981
Depreciation, amortisation, impairment				
and write-offs	5.6	6,288	5,876	5,315
Operating profit		11,261	14,677	14,470
Investment income		350	397	235
Finance charges and fair value effect		1,694	1,223	1,125
Interest		1,686	1,346	1,327
Foreign exchange and fair value effect		8	(123)	(202)
Profit before taxation		9,917	13,851	13,580
Taxation	6	3,082	4,523	4,731
Profit for the year		6,835	9,328	8,849
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of Telkom		6,752	9,189	8,646
Minority interest		83	139	203
		6,835	9,328	8,849
Basic earnings per share (cents)	8	1,246.9	1,746.1	1,681.0
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	8	1,244.5	1,736.6	1,676.3
Dividend per share (cents)	8	110.0	900.0	900.0

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Condensed consolidated provisional balanc	e sheet at March 31, 2	2007		_
		2005	2006	200
	Notes	Rm	Rm	Ri
Assets				
Non-current assets		42,552	44,813	48,77
Property, plant and equipment	10	36,448	37,274	41,25
Intangible assets	11	3,182	3,910	5,11
Investments	12	2,277	2,894	1,38
Deferred expenses		133	254	27
Finance lease receivables		_	_	15
Deferred taxation	13	512	481	59
Current assets		15,045	12,731	10,37
Short-term investments		69	69	-
Inventories	14	658	814	1,09
Income tax receivable	6	_	_	52
Current portion of deferred expenses		214	226	28
Current portion of finance lease receivable	es	_	_	:
Trade and other receivables		5,820	6,399	7,3
Other financial assets		5,074	275	2.
Cash and cash equivalents	15	3,210	4,948	7-
Total assets		57,597	57,544	59,14
Equity and liabilities				
Equity attributable to equity holders				
of Telkom		26,141	29,165	31,72
Share capital and premium	16	8,293	6,791	5,32
Treasury shares	17	(1,812)	(1,809)	(1,77
Share-based compensation reserve		68	151	2
Non-distributable reserves		360	1,128	1,4
Retained earnings		19,232	22,904	26,49
Minority interest		220	301	2
Total equity		26,361	29,466	32,00
Non-current liabilities		13,870	12,391	8,5
Interest-bearing debt	18	9,504	7,655	4,3
Other financial liabilities		_	_	
Provisions	12	2,460	2,677	1,44
Deferred revenue		959	991	1,02
Deferred taxation	13	947	1,068	1,7
Current liabilities	-	17,366	15,687	18,58
Trade and other payables		6,782	6,103	7,30
Shareholders for dividend	7	7	4	1,50

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Current portion of interest-bearing debt	18	4,499	3,468	6,026
Current portion of provisions		1,428	1,660	2,095
Current portion of deferred revenue		1,717	1,975	1,983
Income tax payable	6	1,711	1,549	594
Other financial liabilities		313	235	68
Credit facilities utilised	15	909	693	441
Total liabilities		31,236	28,078	27,138
Total equity and liabilities		57,597	57,544	59,146

Condensed consolidated provisional statement of changes in equity for the three years ended March 31, 2007

	Share	Share	Treasury
	capital	premium	shares
	-	-	
	Rm	Rm	Rm
Balance at April 1, 2004	5,570	2,723	(238)
Total recognised income and expense for			
the year			
Total income and expense recognised			
directly in			
equity for the year			
Fair value adjustment on investment			
Realisation of fair value adjustment on			
investment			
Profit for the year – restated as per note 2			
Dividend declared (refer to note 7)			
Transfer to non-distributable reserves*			
Foreign currency translation reserve (net			
of tax of RNil)			
- restated as per note 2			
Purchase of treasury shares			(1,574)
Business combination			

Attributable to equity holders of Telkom

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Net increase in Share-based compensation			
reserve			
Acquisition of subsidiary			
Balance at March 31, 2005	5,570	2,723	(1,812)
Total recognised income and expense			
- Profit for the year - restated as per note 2			
Dividend declared (refer to note 7)			
Transfer to non-distributable reserves*			
Foreign currency translation reserve (net of			
tax of RNil)			
restated as per note 2			
Net increase in Share-based compensation			
reserve			
Shares vested and re-issued			3
Acquisition of subsidiary			
Shares bought back and cancelled (refer to			
note 16)	(121)	(1,381)	
Balance at March 31, 2006	5,449	1,342	(1,809)
Total recognised income and expense –			
Profit for the period			
Dividend declared (refer to note 7)			
Transfer to non-distributable reserves*			
Foreign currency translation reserve (net of			
tax of R4 million)			
Net increase in Share-based compensation			
reserve			
Shares vested and re-issued			35

Acquisition of subsidiaries and minorities			
(refer to note 19)			
Shares bought back and cancelled (refer to			
note 16)	(120)	(1,342)	
Balance at March 31, 2007	5,329	_	(1,774)

*The earnings from the Group's cell captives are recognised in the income statement and then transferred to nondistributable reserves.

	Attributable to equity holders of Telkom			
	Share-based	Non-		
	compensation	distributable	Retained	
	reserve	reserves	earnings	Total
	Rm	Rm	Rm	Rm
Balance at April 1, 2004	_	91	13,482	21,628
Total recognised income				
and expense for the year		(22)	6,752	6,730
Total income and				
expense recognised				
directly in				
equity for the year		(22)		(22)
Fair value adjustment on				
investment		9		9
Realisation of fair value				
adjustment on investment		(31)		(31)
Profit for the year –				
restated as per note 2		-	6,752	6,752

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Dividend declared (refer				
to note 7)			(606)	(606)
Transfer to non-			(000)	(000)
distributable reserves*		279	(279)	
		219	(279)	_
Foreign currency				
translation reserve (net of				
tax of RNil)		12		10
- restated as per note 2		12		12
Purchase of treasury				(1.57.4)
shares			(117)	(1,574)
Business combination			(117)	(117)
Net increase in Share-				
based compensation				
	68			68
Acquisition of subsidiary				-
Balance at March 31,				
2005	68	360	19,232	26,141
Total recognised income				
and expense				
– Profit for the year –				
restated as per note 2			9,189	9,189
Dividend declared (refer				
to note 7)			(4,801)	(4,801)
Transfer to non-				
distributable reserves*		716	(716)	_

Foreign currency				
translation reserve (net of				
tax of RNil)				
restated as per note 2		52		52
Net increase in Share-				
based compensation				
reserve	86			86
Shares vested and re-				
issued	(3)			_
Acquisition of subsidiary				_
Shares bought back and				
cancelled (refer to note				
16)				(1,502)
Balance at March 31,				
2006	151	1,128	22,904	29,165
Total recognised income				
and expense – Profit for				
the period			8,646	8,646
Dividend declared (refer				
to note 7)			(4,678)	(4,678)
Transfer to non-				
distributable reserves*		239	(239)	_
Foreign currency				
translation reserve (net of				
tax of R4 million)		46		46

Net increase in Share-				
based compensation				
reserve	141			141
Shares vested and re-				
issued	(35)			-
Acquisition of				
subsidiaries and				
minorities (refer to note				
19)				-
Shares bought back and				
cancelled (refer to note				
16)			(134)	(1,596)
Balance at March 31,				
2007	257	1,413	26,499	31,724
*The earnings from the				
Group's cell captives are				
recognised in the income				
statement and then				
transferred to non-				

distributable reserves.

	Minority	Total
	interest	equity
	Rm	Rm
Balance at April 1, 2004	200	21,828
Total recognised income and expense for the year	83	6,813
Total income and expense recognised directly in		
equity for the year		(22)
Fair value adjustment on investment		9
Realisation of fair value adjustment on investment		(31)
Profit for the year – restated as per note 2	83	6,835
Dividend declared (refer to note 7)	(67)	(673)

Transfer to non-distributable reserves*		_
Foreign currency translation reserve (net of tax of RNil)		
- restated as per note 2	(1)	11
Purchase of treasury shares		(1,574)
Business combination		(117)
Net increase in Share-based compensation reserve		68
Acquisition of subsidiary	5	5
Balance at March 31, 2005	220	26,361
Total recognised income and expense		
– Profit for the year – restated as per note 2	139	9,328
Dividend declared (refer to note 7)	(78)	(4,879)
Transfer to non-distributable reserves*		_
Foreign currency translation reserve (net of tax of RNil)		
restated as per note 2	(7)	45
Net increase in Share-based compensation reserve		86
Shares vested and re-issued		_
Acquisition of subsidiary	27	27
Shares bought back and cancelled (refer to note 16)		(1,502)
Balance at March 31, 2006	301	29,466
Total recognised income and expense – Profit for the period	203	8,849
Dividend declared (refer to note 7)	(166)	(4,844)
Transfer to non-distributable reserves*		_
Foreign currency translation reserve (net of tax of R4 million)	14	60
Net increase in Share-based compensation reserve		141
Shares vested and re-issued		_
Acquisition of subsidiaries and minorities (refer to note 19)	(68)	(68)
Shares bought back and cancelled (refer to note 16)		(1,596)
Balance at March 31, 2007	284	32,008
*The earnings from the Group's cell captives are recognised in the income		
statement and then transferred to non-distributable reserves.		75

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Condensed consolidated provisional cash flow statement for the three years ended March 31, 2007

•		2005	2006	2007
	Notes	Rm	Rm	Rm
Cash flows from operating activities		15,711	9,506	9,356
Cash receipts from customers		43,561	46,958	50,979
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(24,939)	(27,234)	(30,459)
Cash generated from operations		18,622	19,724	20,520
Interest received		463	482	422
Dividend received		14	50	3
Finance charges paid		(1,272)	(1,316)	(1,115)
Taxation paid	6	(1,487)	(4,550)	(5,690)
Cash generated from operations before				
dividend paid		16,340	14,390	14,140
Dividend paid	7	(629)	(4,884)	(4,784)
Cash flows from investing activities		(6,306)	(7,286)	(10,412)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant				
and				
equipment and intangible assets		37	92	54
Proceeds on disposal of investment		267	493	77
Additions to property, plant and				
equipment				
and intangible assets		(5,880)	(7,396)	(10,037)
Acquisition of subsidiaries				
	19	(138)	_	(445)
Additions to other investments		(592)	(475)	(61)
Cash flows from financing activities		(9,897)	(258)	(2,920)
Shares bought back and cancelled		-	(1,502)	(1,596)
Loans raised		1,157	4,123	5,624
Loans repaid		(5,027)	(7,399)	(6,922)
Purchase of treasury shares		(1,710)	_	_
Finance lease capital repaid		(13)	(24)	(37)

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(Increase)/decrease in net financial assets	(4,304)	4,544	11
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and			
cash equivalents	(492)	1,962	(3,976)
Net cash and cash equivalents at			
beginning			
of year	2,796	2,301	4,255
Effect of foreign exchange rate			
differences	(3)	(8)	29
Net cash and cash equivalents at end of			
year			
15	2,301	4,255	308

Comparatives The line items on the detail note disclosure for 2005 and 2006 have been restated due to the adoption of IAS21 (revised). This has, however, not had any impact on the face of the cash flow statement (refer to note 2).

Notes to the condensed consolidated provisional annual financial statements for the three years ended March 31, 2007

1 Corporate Information

Telkom SA Limited ('Telkom') is a company incorporated and domiciled in the Republic of South Africa ('South Africa') whose shares are publicly traded. The Company, its subsidiaries and joint ventures ('the Group') is the leading provider of fixed-line voice and data communications services in South Africa and mobile communications services through the Vodacom Group (Proprietary) Limited ('Vodacom') in South Africa and certain other African countries. The Group's services and products include:

- fixed-line voice services, including subscriptions and connections services, local, long distance, fixed-tomobile and international voice services, interconnection and hubbing communications services, international voice-over-internet protocol services, subscription based value-added voice services and customer premises equipment sales and rental;

-fixed-line data services, including domestic and international data transmission services, such as point-to-point leased lines, ADSL services and packet-based services, managed data networking services and internet access and related information technology services;

- e-commerce, including internet access service provider, application service provider, hosting, data storage, e-mail and security services;

- directory and wireless data services through our TDS Directory Operations Group and Swiftnet subsidiaries, respectively; and

- mobile communications services, including voice services, data services, value-added services and handset sales through Vodacom.

2 Basis of preparation and accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated provisional annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS34 Interim Financial Reporting and in compliance with the Companies Act of South Africa, 1973. The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis, with the exception of certain financial instruments and share-based payments which are measured at fair value. The Group's significant accounting policies are consistent with those applied in the previous financial year except for the following: - the Group has adopted the amendments to IAS21 (revised) and IAS39 (revised), IFRIC4 and IFRIC7 with effect from April 1, 2006;

- the Group has also adopted an accounting policy regarding the acquisition of minority interests in subsidiary companies in terms of IAS8.

The principal effects of these changes are discussed below.

Adoption of amendments to standards and new interpretations

The following changes to the accounting policies have been made in adopting the revised standards and interpretations for the year under review:

Amendment to IAS21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (revised)

The amendment, Net Investment in a Foreign Operation, requires that even if a monetary item (which is part of a net investment) is denominated in a currency which is neither the functional currency of the reporting entity nor that of the foreign operation, the resulting exchange difference should be recognised in equity. This treatment is similar to the treatment where a monetary item is denominated in the functional currency of the reporting entity or that of the foreign operation. The impact of this amendment on previously reported results is a movement from retained earnings to non-distributable reserves of R8 million in 2006 (2005:R1 million) and an increase in profit attributable to equity holders of Telkom of R7 million in 2006 (2005:R1 million). Amendments to IAS39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (revised)

The revision of IAS39 relates to three amendments to the existing standard.

The first amendment requires that issuers of financial guarantee contracts recognise a financial liability arising from the issuance of a financial guarantee. The amendment defines a financial guarantee contract as a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. The amendment has not had a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

The second amendment deals with cash flow hedge accounting for forecast intragroup transactions. For hedge accounting purposes, only assets, liabilities, firm commitments or highly probable forecast transactions that involve a party external to the entity can be designated as hedged items. The foreign currency risk of a highly probable forecast intragroup transaction may qualify as a hedged item provided that the transaction is denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity entering into that transaction and the foreign currency risk will affect

profit or loss. This amendment has not had any impact on the Group's financial statements since the Group's derivative transactions do not qualify for hedge accounting under the specific rules of IAS39.

The third amendment introduces additional requirements to be met before the entity can choose to designate some of its financial assets or liabilities as 'at fair value through profit or loss'. The amendment has not had any impact on the Group's financial statements since the Group has not designated any financial assets or liabilities into the category 'at fair value through profit or loss'.

IFRIC4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease

IFRIC4 requires that when an entity enters into a service arrangement as a supplier or a customer and the supply of the service depends on the use of a specific asset, or the right to control the specific asset is conveyed to the customer, the arrangement should be assessed to determine whether it contains a lease. Once it has been concluded that an arrangement contains a lease, it should be assessed against criteria in IAS17 to determine if the arrangement should be recognised as a finance lease or an operating lease. Where an entity does not apply IFRIC4 retrospectively, the IFRIC requires the entity to assess existing arrangements at the beginning of the earliest period for which comparative information under IFRS is presented on the basis of facts and circumstances existing at the start of that period. The effect of the application of this interpretation was not considered material for prior periods and therefore all cumulative adjustments were made in the current year. The cumulative impact of this interpretation for the year ended March 31, 2007 was an increase in Profit before taxation of R83 million and an increase in Taxation of R207 million was recognised in the Balance sheet at March 31, 2007 in this regard.

IFRIC7 Applying the Restatement Approach under IAS29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies The IFRIC provides guidance on the measuring unit at balance sheet date. It also provides guidance on how to account for the deferred tax opening balance in restated financial statements. The interpretation does not have a material impact since the Group does not operate in a hyperinflationary economy and does not have significant investments in hyperinflationary economies.

New accounting policy

Acquisition of minorities

The Group has adopted an accounting policy regarding the acquisition of minority interests in subsidiary companies in terms of IAS8 paragraph 10. Minority shareholders are treated as equity participants and, therefore, all acquisitions of minority interests by the Group in subsidiary companies are accounted for using the parent entity extension method. Under this method, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary are not restated to reflect their fair values at the date of the acquisition. The difference between the purchase price and the minorities' share of the assets and liabilities reflected within the consolidated balance sheet at the date of the acquisition is recorded as goodwill. The adoption of this policy has not had any impact on previously reported results.

results.		2005	2006	2007
3	Revenue	Rm	Rm	Rm
3 3.1	Total revenue	43,696	48,260	52,157
5.1	Operating revenue	43,160	47,625	51,619
	Other income (excluding profit on disposal of property,	45,100	47,025	51,019
	plant and equipment and investments, refer to note 4)	186	238	303
	Investment income	350	238 397	235
2.0		43,160	47,625	
3.2	Operating revenue Fixed-line	,	<i>'</i>	51,619
		30,888	32,039	32,540
	Mobile	12,272	15,586	19,079
	Fixed-line	30,888	32,039	32,540
	Subscriptions, connections and other usage	5,385	5,803	6,286
	Traffic	17,723	17,534	16,738
	Domestic (local and long distance)	9,286	8,886	8,104
	Fixed-to-mobile	7,302	7,647	7,646
	International (outgoing)	1,135	1,001	988
	Interconnection	1,320	1,433	1,418
	Data	5,484	6,223	6,973
	Directories and other	976	1,046	1,125
4	Other income	280	480	384
	Other income (included in Total revenue, refer to note 3)	186	238	303
	Interest received from debtors	129	136	190
	Sundry income	57	102	113
	Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment			
	and intangible assets	30	79	29
	Profit on disposal of investment	64	163	52
	•			

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		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
5	Operating expenses			
	Operating expenses comprise:			
5.1	Employee expenses	8,111	7,489	8,454
	Salaries and wages	5,573	5,566	6,362
	Medical aid contributions	406	371	385
	Retirement contributions	474	435	496
	Post-retirement pension and retirement fund	12	(58)	33
	Post-retirement medical aid	182	361	330
	Telephone rebates	15	19	104
	Share-based compensation expense	68	127	141
	Other benefits	992	1,200	1,275
	Workforce reduction expense	961	88	24
	Employee expenses capitalised	(572)	(620)	(696)
5.2	Payments to other operators	6,132	6,826	7,590
	Payments to other network operators consist			
	of expenses in respect of interconnection with			
	other network operators.			
5.3	Selling, general and administrative			
	expenses	8,824	10,273	12,902
	Selling and administrative expenses	5,863	7,240	9,248
	Maintenance	1,993	1,928	2,286
	Marketing	740	899	1,215
	Bad debts	228	206	153
	Included in selling and administrative expenses is an			
	amount of R510 million provided for the supplier dispute			
	as discussed in note 21.			
	Change in comparatives			
	Maintenance has increased by R334 million and Selling			
	and administrative expenses has decreased by R334 million			
	in 2006 due to the reclassification of maintenance			
	expenses.			
	1			

		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
5.4	Services rendered	2,021	2,114	2,291
	Facilities and property management	1,069	1,110	1,142
	Consultancy services	159	182	266
	Security and other	759	772	821
	Auditors' remuneration	34	50	62
	Audit services	31	38	61
	Company auditors	19	28	48
	Other auditors – current year	12	10	13
	Audit related services	3	9	-
	Other services	-	3	1

Audit related services in the prior years mainly included the services performed in preparing for compliance with the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of the United States of America. Fees for audit services increased in the current year, as it includes the fees incurred for the Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act audit of internal controls over financial reporting.

		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
5.5	Operating leases	803	850	981
	Buildings	204	221	284
	Transmission and data lines	16	42	63
	Equipment	81	78	80
	Vehicles	502	509	554
5.6	Depreciation, amortisation, impairment			
	and write-offs	6,288	5,876	5,315
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	5,442	5,154	4,483
	Amortisation of intangible assets	502	560	536
	Impairment/(reversal of impairment)	134	(26)	12
	Write-offs of property, plant and equipment			
	and intangible assets	210	188	284

In recognition of the changed usage patterns of certain items of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, the Group reviewed their remaining useful lives as at March 31, 2006. The assets affected were certain items included in Network equipment, Support equipment, Furniture and office equipment, Data processing equipment and software, Other equipment and Intangible assets. The

revised estimated useful lives of these assets as set out below, resulted in a decrease of the current year depreciation and amortisation charges of R983 million.

		Previous life Years	Revised life Years	
5.6	Depreciation, amortisation, impairment			
	and write-offs (continued)			
	Property, plant and equipment			
	Network equipment			
	Cables	15-40	20-40	
	Switching equipment	5-15	5-18	
	Transmission equipment	5-15	5-18	
	Other	2–25	2-20	
	Support equipment	8–10	8–13	
	Furniture and office equipment	6–10	4–15	
	Data processing equipment and software	5–7	5-10	
	Other	2-10	2-15	
	Intangible assets			
	Subscriber bases	3–5	3–8	
	Software	5–7	5-10	
		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
6	Taxation	3,082	4,523	4,731
	South African normal company taxation	2,492	3,763	3,528
	Deferred taxation	346	173	516
	Secondary tax on companies	238	585	670
	Foreign taxation	6	2	17
	The net increase in deferred taxation expense results			
	mainly from the extention of useful lives of			
	assets, offset			
	slightly by an increase in the STC deferred tax asset.			
	Taxation paid	(1,487)	(4,550)	(5,690)
	Tax payable at beginning of year	(460)	(1,711)	(1,549)
	Taxation during the year	(2,500)	(3,795)	(3,545)

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Secondary tax on companies	(238)	(585)	(670)
Business combination	-	(8)	_
Net tax payable at end of year	1,711	1,549	74

Included in the tax payable at the end of the year is an amount of R520 million due from the South African Revenue Services as a result of Telkom's second provisional tax payment for the 2007 tax year. This payment is based on the basic amount which represents the assessed taxable income of the 2006 tax year. This amount will be offset against the first provisional tax payment for the 2008 year.

Change in comparatives

Taxation has increased by R3 million in 2006 (2005: RNil) due to the change in Group policy on net investment in a foreign operation (refer to note 2).

	2005	2006	2007
	Rm	Rm	Rm
7 Dividends paid	629	4,884	4,784
Dividends payable at beginning of			
year	7	7	4
Declared during the year: Dividends			
on ordinary shares	606	4,801	4,678
Final dividend for 2004: 110 cents	606	_	-
Final dividend for 2005: 400 cents	-	2,134	-
Special dividend for 2005: 500			
cents	-	2,667	_
Final dividend for 2006: 500 cents	-	_	2,599
Special dividend for 2006: 400			
cents	-	-	2,079
Dividends paid to minority			
shareholders	23	80	117
Dividends payable at end of year	(7)	(4)	(15)
8 Earnings and dividend per share			
Basic earnings per share (cents)	1,246.9	1,746.1	1,681.0
The calculation of earnings per share			
is			

based on profit attributable to equity			
holders of Telkom for the year of			
R8,646 million (2006: R9,189			
million; 2005: R6,752 million) and			
514,341,282 (2006: 526,271,093;			
2005: 541,498,547) weighted average			
number of ordinary shares in issue.			
Reconciliation of weighted average			
number of ordinary shares:			
Ordinary shares in issue (refer to note			
16)	557,031,819	544,944,899	532,855,528
Weighted average number of treasury			
shares and			
shares bought back	(15,533,272)	(18,673,806)	(18,514,246)
Weighted average number of shares			
outstanding	541,498,547	526,271,093	514,341,282
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	1,244.5	1,736.6	1,676.3
The calculation of diluted earnings			
per share is based on earnings for the			
year of R8,646 million			
(2006: R9,189 million; 2005: R6,752			
million) and 515,763,579 diluted			
weighted average number of ordinary			
shares (2006: 529,152,318; 2005:			
542,537,579). The adjustment in the			
weighted average number of shares is			
as			

a result of the expected future vesting of shares already allocated to employees under the Telkom Conditional Share Plan.			
Headline earnings per share (cents)*	1,279.2	1,728.6	1,710.7
The calculation of headline earnings	_,	_,	_,
per share is based on headline			
earnings of R8,799 million			
(2006: R9,097 million; 2005: R6,927			
million) and 514,341,282 (2006:			
526,271,093; 2005: 541,498,547)			
weighted average number of ordinary			
shares in issue.			
Diluted headline earnings per share			
(cents)*	1,276.8	1,719.2	1,706.0

The calculation of diluted headline earnings per share is based on headline earnings of R8,799 million (2006: R9,097 million; 2005: R6,927 million) and 515,763,579 (2006: 529,152,318; 2005: 542,537,579) diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue. The adjustment in the weighted average number of shares is as a result of the expected future vesting of shares already allocated to employees under the Telkom Conditional Share Plan.

		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
8	Earnings and dividend per share			
	(continued)			
	Reconciliation between earnings and			
	headline earnings:			
	Earnings as reported	6,752	9,189	8,646
	Adjustments:			
	Profit on disposal of investment	(64)	(163)	(52)

Profit on disposal of property, plant and			
equipment and			
intangible assets	(30)	(79)	(29)
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of			
property, plant,			
equipment and intangible assets	134	(26)	12
Write-offs of property, plant and			
equipment	210	188	284
Acquisition of subsidiary	-	(35)	_
Tax and minority interest effects	(75)	23	(62)
Headline earnings	6,927	9,097	8,799
Reconciliation of diluted weighted			
average			
number of ordinary shares:			
Ordinary shares in issue (refer to note			
16)	557,031,819	544,944,899	532,855,528
Expected future vesting of shares	1,039,032	2,881,225	1,422,297
Weighted average number of treasury			
shares			
and shares bought back	(15,533,272)	(18,673,806)	(18,514,246)
Weighted average number of shares			
outstanding	542,537,579	529,152,318	515,763,579
Dividend per share (cents)	110.0	900.0	900.0
L			

The calculation of dividend per share is based on dividends of R4,678 million (2006: R4,801 million;2005: R606 million) declared on June 2, 2006 and 519,711,236 (2006: 533,465,571; 2005: 551,509,083) number of ordinary shares outstanding on the date of dividend declaration. The reduction in the number of shares represents the number of treasury shares held on date of payment.

* The disclosure of headline earnings is a requirement of the JSE Limited and is not a recognised measure under IFRS and US GAAP. It has been calculated in accordance with the South African Institute of Chartered Accountants' circular issued in this regard.

Change in comparatives

	usly reported numbers is not material.	2005	2006	2007
9	Net asset value per share (cents)	4,900.2	5,593.5	6,223.2
	The calculation of net asset value per share is based			
	on net assets of R31,724 million (2006: R29,165			
	million; 2005: R26,141 million) and 509,769,454			
	(2006: 521,408,320; 2005: 533,465,571) number of			
	ordinary shares outstanding.			
		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
10	Property, plant and equipment			
	Additions	4,464	6,310	8,648
	A major portion of this capital expenditure relates to			
	the expansion of existing networks and services. An			
	extensive build program with focus on Next Generation			
	Network technologies has resulted in an increase in			
	property, plant and equipment additions which is			
	expected to continue over the next few years.			
	Disposals	(19)	(56)	(50)
11	Intangible assets			
	Additions (including business combinations)	1,516	1,324	1,846
	Disposals	_	(19)	-

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Included in the additions is R145 million goodwill and R43 million for a brand name and licence recognised as a result of the acquisition of Africa Online by Telkom, as well as R228 million goodwill as a result of the acquisition of the minorities of Smartphone SP (Proprietary) Limited, Smartcom (Proprietary) Limited, Cointel V.A.S. (Proprietary) Limited, and the acquisition of the business of Africell Cellular Services (Proprietary) Limited by the Vodacom Group (refer to note 19). The remaining additions and disposals relate to the software intangible asset class.

12 Investments and provisions

The most significant movements in the Investments and Provisions in the current year related to the increased provision for litigation with Telcordia (refer to note 21) and the reallocation of the post-retirement medical aid plan asset as noted below.

Post-retirement medical aid plan asset

Included in Provisions as at March 31, 2006 was R2,607 million for the Group's post-retirement medical liability. The liability is funded with an investment in a cell captive consisting of a sinking fund amounting to R1,089 million, and an annuity policy amounting to R1,730 million, which was included in Investments for the year end March 31, 2006 to the value of R2,819 million.

During the year an addendum to the cell captive annuity policy contract was signed, which resulted in the annuity policy qualifying as a plan asset. This has effectively changed the presentation of the liability and the asset as the annuity policy meets the definition of a plan asset which requires the liability to be reduced by the fair value of the plan asset. The effect of this on the condensed consolidated provisional annual financial statements is a reduction in Investments and Provisions to the value of R1.961 million.

		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
	The status of the medical aid liability is as follows:			
	Present value of funded obligation	3,079	3,904	4,384
	Fair value of plan assets	_	_	(1,961)
	Funded status	3,079	3,904	2,423
	Unrecognised net actuarial loss	(649)	(1,297)	(1,286)
	Liability included in Provisions	2,430	2,607	1,137
13	Deferred taxation	(435)	(587)	(1,123)
	Deferred tax assets	512	481	593
	Deferred tax liabilities	(947)	(1,068)	(1,716)

The deferred tax asset represents STC credits on past dividends received that are available to be utilised against dividends declared. It is considered probable, given Telkom's dividend policy, that these credits will be utilised prior to October 1, 2007, at which date it is expected that the proposed change to STC tax treatment as announced by the Minister of Finance, will be effected. The asset will be released as a tax expense when the dividends are declared.

The deferred tax liability increased mainly due to the increase in the difference between the carrying value and tax base of assets, resulting from the change in the estimate of useful lives.

		2005	2006	2007
		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
14	Inventories	658	814	1,093
	Gross inventories	725	916	1,275
	Write-down of inventories to net realisable value	(67)	(102)	(182)
	Inventories consist of the following categories:	658	814	1,093
	Installation material, maintenance material and			
	network equipment	313	487	811
	Merchandise	345	327	282
	Inventory levels as at March 31, 2007 have increased			
	due to the roll-out of the next generation network and			
	increased inventory required to improve customer			
	service.			
15	Net cash and cash equivalents	2,301	4,255	308
	Cash shown as current assets	3,210	4,948	749
	Cash and bank balances	2,375	1,853	649
	Short-term deposits	835	3,095	100
	Credit facilities utilised	(909)	(693)	(441)
	Undrawn borrowing facilities	4,750	9,519	8,658

The undrawn borrowing facilities are unsecured, when drawn bear interest at a rate linked to the prime interest rate, have no specific maturity date and are subject to annual review. The facilities are in place to ensure liquidity.

Borrowing powers

To borrow money, the directors may mortgage or encumber Telkom's property or any part thereof and issue debentures, whether secured or unsecured, whether outright as a security or debt, liability or obligation of Telkom or any third party. For this purpose the borrowing powers of Telkom are unlimited, but are subject to the restrictive financial covenants of the TL20 loan.

The decrease in net cash and cash equivalents in the 2007 financial year is primarily due to the substantially higher taxation paid, the increase in cash outflows for additions to property, plant and equipment, as well as the cash outflows for the redemption of the TL06 local bond.

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		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
16	Share capital and premium			
	Issued and fully paid	8,293	6,791	5,329
	532,855,526 (2006: 544,944,897;			
	2005: 557,031,817) ordinary shares			
	of R10 each	5,570	5,449	5,329
	1 (2006: 1; 2005: 1) Class A			
	ordinary share of R10	_	-	-
	1 (2006: 1; 2005: 1) Class B			

2,723

Number

of shares

557,031,819

557,031,819

1,342

Number

of shares

557,031,819

(12,086,920)

544,944,899

Number

of shares

544,944,899

(12,089,371)

532,855,528

The unissued shares are under the control of the Directors of Telkom until the next Annual General Meeting. The directors have been given authority by the shareholders to buy back Telkom's own shares up to a limit of 20% of the issued share capital as at October 20, 2006. This authority expires at the next Annual General Meeting. Share buy-back

During the year Telkom bought back 12,089,371 ordinary shares for a total consideration of R1,596 million. This reduced Share capital by R120 million, Share premium by R1,342 million and Retained earnings by R134 million.

During the year ended March 31, 2006, Telkom bought back 12,086,920 ordinary shares for a total consideration of R1,502

ordinary share of R10 Share premium

movement within

The following table illustrates the

Shares in issue at beginning of year

Shares bought back and cancelled*

Shares in issue at end of year

the number of shares issued:

million. This reduced the Share capital by R121 million and the Share premium by R1,381 million. * 1,035,506 shares bought back in the current year have not yet been cancelled from the issued Share capital by the Registrar of Companies.

		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
17	Treasury shares	(1,812)	(1,809)	(1,774)

At March 31, 2007, 12,237,016 (2006: 12,687,521; 2005: 12,717,190) and 10,849,058 (2006: 10,849,058; 2005: 10,849,058) ordinary shares in Telkom, with a fair value of R2,031 million (2006: R2,038 million;2005: R1,366 million) and R1,801 million (2006: R1,743 million; 2005: R1,166 million) are held as treasury shares by its subsidiaries Rossal No 65 (Proprietary) Limited and Acajou Investments (Proprietary) Limited, respectively. The shares held by Rossal No 65 (Proprietary) Limited are reserved for issue in terms of the Telkom Conditional Share Plan ('TCSP').

The reduction in the treasury shares is due to 450,505 shares that vested in terms of the TCSP during the current year.

Interest-bearing debt			
Long-term portion of interest-bearing debt	9,504	7,655	4,338
Local debt	7,526	6,296	2,359
Foreign debt	794	127	820
Finance leases	1,184	1,232	1,159
Current portion of interest-bearing debt	4,499	3,468	6,026
Local debt	264	2,642	5,772
Foreign debt	4,210	786	193
Finance leases	25	40	61

Movements in borrowings for the year are as follows:

Repayments/financing

18

Commercial Paper Bills with a nominal value of R3,731 million were redeemed in the current financial year. These redemptions were mainly financed with cash flows from operations. Commercial Paper Bills with a nominal value of R4,651 million were issued in the current financial year. Of these, R1,350 million were outstanding as at March 31, 2007. These Commercial Paper Bills range in maturities from 4 days to 2 months. The medium-term loan to Vodacom International Limited that amounts to R1,312 million (Group share: R656 million) was refinanced during the current period. The loan is now repayable on July 26,

	nd bears interest at an effective interest rate of LIBOR plus 0.35%.	
The TL 2006. T paper b depend	nents/refinancing of current portion of interest-bearing debt. 06 local bond with a nominal value of R2,100 million at March 31, 2006 was redeemed on October 31, The facility was repaid/refinanced with a mixture of operating cash flows and short-term commercial ills. The repayment/refinancing of R5,965 million of the current portion of interest-bearing debt will on the market circumstances at the time of repayment. Included in the R5,965 million current portion is will approximate all parts the TKO1 here all parts and short 21,2008	
	million nominal value of the TK01 bond due on March 31, 2008. ement believes that sufficient funding facilities will be available at the date of repayment/refinancing.	
		200
		Rı
19	Acquisition of subsidiaries and minorities	
	By Telkom	
	Africa Online Limited	
	On February 23, 2007 Telkom acquired a 100% shareholding in Africa Online Limited from	
	African Lakes Corporation for a total cost of R150 million.	
	The contribution to revenue and net profit from Africa Online since the acquisition and for the	
	full year are not considered material.	
	The following intangible assets were identified and fair valued at year end:	
	Licences	
	Brand	4
		4
	The goodwill recognised for year end was provisionally calculated as follows:	
	Net liabilities acquired (excluding fair value of intangible assets)	(20
	Fair value of intangible assets valued to date	4
	Deferred tax raised on intangible assets	(12
	Goodwill	14
	Purchase consideration	15

The Purchase Price Allocation will be completed in the 2008 financial year. Goodwill has not been tested for impairment as the accounting is provisional, and has not been allocated to the various cash-generating units. By the Group's 50% joint venture, Vodacom Smartphone SP (Proprietary) Limited and subsidiaries

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On August 30, 2006, the Vodacom Group acquired a further 19% interest, in addition to the 51% interest already held, in the equity of Smartphone SP (Proprietary) Limited, which had a 85,75% shareholding in Smartcom (Proprietary) Limited at that time. Minority interest acquired				
	Goodwill	11 157		
	Purchase price (Group share)	168		
		2007		
		Rm		
19	Acquisition of subsidiaries and minorities (continued)			
	Smartcom (Proprietary) Limited			
	On September 13, 2006, the Vodacom Group increased its interest in Smartcom (Proprietary)			
	Limited to 88% by acquiring an additional 2.25% interest through its 70% owned subsidiary,			
	Smartphone SP (Proprietary) Limited.			
	Minority interest acquired (<r1 million)<="" td=""><td>_</td></r1>	_		
	Goodwill	4		
	Purchase price (Group share)	4		
	Cointel V.A.S. (Proprietary) Limited			
	On October 4, 2006 the Vodacom Group increased its interest to 100% by acquiring 49%			
	from the minority shareholders.			
	Minority interest	28		
	Goodwill	45		
	Purchase price (Group share)	73		
	On October 9, 2006, Smartphone SP (Proprietary) Limited, acquired a 100% shareholding			
	of Cointel V.A.S. (Proprietary) Limited from Vodacom Group (Proprietary) Limited for			
	R300 million (Group share: R150 million).			
	Africell Cellular Services (Proprietary) Limited			
	Effective October 1, 2006 the Vodacom Group acquired the cellular business of			
	Africell Cellular Services (Proprietary) Limited. The fair value of the assets and liabilities			
	acquired were preliminarily determined as follows:			
	Fair value of net assets acquired	18		
	Property, plant and equipment	2		
	Intangible assets	23		
	Deferred taxation liability (including taxation effect on intangible assets)	(7)		
	Goodwill	22		
	Purchase price (Group share)	40		

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		2005	2006	2007
		Rm	Rm	Rm
20	Commitments			
	Capital commitments			
	Capital commitments authorised	7,970	10,265	11,167
	Fixed-line	5,029	6,519	7,008
	Mobile	2,941	3,746	4,159
	Commitments against authorised capital expenditure	825	842	1,099
	Fixed-line	91	200	508
	Mobile	734	642	591
	Authorised capital expenditure not yet contracted	7,145	9,423	10,068
	Fixed-line	4,938	6,319	6,500
	Mobile	2,207	3,104	3,568
	Management expects these commitments to be financed			
	from internally generated cash and other borrowings.			
21	Contingencies			
	Third parties	33	30	28
	Fixed-line	30	27	24
	Mobile	3	3	4
	Guarantee of employee housing loans	122	55	27

Third parties

These amounts represent sundry disputes with third parties that are not individually significant and that the

Group does not intend to settle.

Guarantee of employee housing loans

Telkom guarantees a certain portion of employees' housing loans. The amount guaranteed differs depending on facts such as employment period and salary rates. When an employee leaves the employment of Telkom, any housing debt guaranteed by Telkom is settled before any pension payout can be made to the employee. There is no provision outstanding in respect of these contingencies. The maximum amount of the guarantee in the event of the default is as disclosed above.

The guarantees as at March 31, 2007 have reduced significantly due to negotiations with financial institutions to release certain guarantees older than 5 years.

Supplier dispute

Expenditure of R594 million was incurred up to March 31, 2002 for the development and installation of an integrated end-to-end customer assurance and activation system to be supplied by Telcordia. In the 2001 financial year, the agreement with Telcordia was terminated and in that year, the Company wrote off R119 million of this investment. Following an assessment of the viability of the project, the balance of the Telcordia investment was written off in the 2002 financial year. During March 2001, the dispute was taken to arbitration where Telcordia was seeking approximately USD130 million plus interest at a rate of 15.50% per year, which has subsequently increased to USD172 million, for money outstanding and damages. In September 2002, a partial ruling was issued by the arbitrator in favour of Telcordia. Telkom brought an application in the High Court in South Africa to review and set aside the partial award. Judgement in Telkom's favour was handed down on November 27, 2003.

On July 29, 2004, Telcordia filed a further petition to enforce the arbitrator's partial award in the District Court of New Jersey, USA. On December 8, 2004 the court dismissed Telcordia's petition. Telcordia's subsequent appeal was dismissed by the 3rd Circuit Appeal Court with one exception – it reversed the issue of the dismissal of the previous courts' decision on the basis that the US courts did not have personal jurisdiction over Telkom. Telkom instructed its attorneys to pursue an appeal on this aspect only, to prevent Telcordia from bringing similar petitions in the future. However, the appeal was dismissed by the Appeal Court.

On November 22, 2006, under the auspices of the Supreme Court of Appeal, Bloemfontein, Telcordia successfully appealed the judgment in the High Court, which earlier set aside the decision of the arbitrators partial award. Subsequent to this, Telkom filed an application to the Constitutional Court of South Africa for leave to appeal in respect of one of the issues dealt with in the judgment of the Supreme Court of Appeals. The issue revolves around the proper relationship between the arbitrator and the courts of law in South Africa and how this relationship is to be understood in the light of the right of access to courts set out in Section 34 of the South African Constitution. The Supreme Court of Appeals, in its judgment, effectively failed to recognise Telkom's right of access to the courts for a stated case under Section 20 of the Arbitration Act. During the course of December 2006, Telkom filed its application in the Constitutional Court. Telkom's application was dismissed with costs and the parties now expect to proceed with the arbitration particularly in regard to the outstanding issue of quantum.

An arbitration hearing is scheduled to occur in September 2007. As Telkom now has a present obligation, it has recognised USD70 million (R527 million) (2006 and 2005: Nil) for its estimate of probable liabilities. Competition Commission

There has been no significant development with respect to the SAVA or ISPA claims since March 31, 2006. The group exposure is 50% of the following items:

Retention incentives

The Vodacom Group has committed a maximum of R652 million (2006: R456 million; 2005: R373 million) in respect of customers already beyond their normal 24 month contract period, but who have not yet upgraded to new contracts, and therefore have not utilised the incentive available for such upgrades. The Group has not provided for this liability, as no legal obligation exists, since the customers have not yet entered into new contracts.

Put and call options

In terms of various shareholders' agreements, put and call options exist for the acquisition of shares in various companies.

Except for a put option relating to Congolese Wireless Network s.p.r.l., to the value of R249 million (2006: Nil; 2005: Nil), none of the put and call options have any value at any of the periods presented as the conditions set out in the agreements have not been met.

Contingent asset

Litigation is being instituted for the recovery of certain fees paid by the Vodacom Group. The information usually required by IAS 37: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, is not disclosed on the grounds that it can be expected to prejudice seriously the outcome of the litigation. The directors are of the opinion that a claim may be successful and that the amount recovered could be significant. Negative working capital ratio

At each of the financial periods ended March 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 the Group had a negative working capital ratio. A negative working capital ratio arises when current liabilities are greater than current assets. Current liabilities are intended to be financed from operating cash flows, new borrowings and borrowings available under existing credit facilities.

Eliminati transactio segment : Group's j Business Consolid Fixed-lin To exter Intercor Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile	ated revenue e nal customers npany nal customers npany ion ome e	2005 Rm 43,160 31,457 30,888 569 13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	2006 Rm 47,625 32,749 32,039 710 17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480 430	2007 Rm 51,619 33,295 32,540 755 20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384 342
Eliminati transactio segment : Group's j Business Consolid Fixed-lin To exter Intercor Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile	ons represent the inter-segmental ns that have been eliminated against results. The mobile segment represents the oint venture Vodacom. Segment ated revenue e nal customers apany nal customers apany ion ome e	31,457 30,888 569 13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	32,749 32,039 710 17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	33,295 32,540 755 20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
transaction segment : Group's j Business Consolid Fixed-lin To exter Intercor Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other ince Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	ns that have been eliminated against results. The mobile segment represents the oint venture Vodacom. Segment ated revenue e nal customers apany nal customers apany ion ome e	31,457 30,888 569 13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	32,749 32,039 710 17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	33,295 32,540 755 20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
segment : Group's j Business Consolid Fixed-lin To exter Intercor Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	results. The mobile segment represents the oint venture Vodacom. Segment ated revenue e nal customers apany nal customers apany ton ome e	31,457 30,888 569 13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	32,749 32,039 710 17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	33,295 32,540 755 20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
Group's j Business Consolid Fixed-lin To exter Intercor Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	oint venture Vodacom. Segment ated revenue e nal customers apany nal customers apany ion ome e	31,457 30,888 569 13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	32,749 32,039 710 17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	33,295 32,540 755 20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
Business Consolid Fixed-lin To exter Intercor Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	Segment ated revenue e nal customers apany nal customers apany ion ome e	31,457 30,888 569 13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	32,749 32,039 710 17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	33,295 32,540 755 20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
Consolid Fixed-lin To exter Intercor Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	ated revenue e nal customers npany nal customers npany ion ome e	31,457 30,888 569 13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	32,749 32,039 710 17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	33,295 32,540 755 20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
Fixed-lin To exter Intercor Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	e nal customers npany nal customers npany ion ome e	31,457 30,888 569 13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	32,749 32,039 710 17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	33,295 32,540 755 20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
To exter Intercor Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	nal customers npany nal customers npany ion ome e	30,888 569 13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	32,039 710 17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	32,540 755 20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
Intercor Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat Consolid	npany nal customers npany ion ome e	569 13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	710 17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	755 20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
Mobile To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	nal customers npany ion ome e	13,657 12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	17,021 15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	20,573 19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
To exter Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	npany ion ome e	12,272 1,385 (1,954) 280 255	15,586 1,435 (2,145) 480	19,079 1,494 (2,249) 384
Intercor Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	npany ion ome e	1,385 (1,954) 280 255	1,435 (2,145) 480	1,494 (2,249) 384
Eliminat Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat	on ome e	(1,954) 280 255	(2,145) 480	(2,249) 384
Other inc Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat Consolid	ome e	280 255	480	384
Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat Consolid	e	255		
Eliminat Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat Consolid			430	242
Mobile Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat Consolid	on			342
Operating Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat Consolid		(9)	_	-
Fixed-lin Eliminat Mobile Eliminat Consolid		34	50	42
Eliminat Mobile Eliminat Consolid	gexpenses	32,179	33,428	37,533
Mobile Eliminat Consolid	e	23,691	22,937	24,597
Eliminat Consolid	on	(1,385)	(1,435)	(1,494)
Consolid		10,451	12,636	15,185
	on	(578)	(710)	(755)
Fixed-lin	ated operating profit	11,261	14,677	14,470
	e	8,021	10,242	9,040
Eliminat	on	807	725	739
Mobile		3,240	4,435	5,430
Eliminat	on	(807)	(725)	(739)
Consolid	ated investment income	350	397	235
Fixed-lin	e	1,992	2,583	2,899
Eliminat	on	(1,700)	(2,250)	(2,700)
Mobile		58	64	36
Consolid	ated finance charges	1,694	1,223	1,125
Fixed-lin	e	1,647	839	856
Mobile		47	384	269

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	2005	2006	2007
	Rm	Rm	Rm
Consolidated taxation	3,082	4,523	4,731
Fixed-line	1,775	2,981	2,813
Mobile	1,307	1,542	1,918
Minority interests	83	139	203
Fixed-line	68	81	94
Mobile	15	58	109
Profit attributable to equity holders of Telkom	6,752	9,189	8,646
Fixed-line	6,523	8,924	8,176
Elimination	(893)	(1,525)	(1,961)
Mobile	1,929	2,515	3,170
Elimination	(807)	(725)	(739)
Consolidated assets	50,177	54,306	56,906
Fixed-line	40,206	43,748	44,744
Mobile	11,157	12,262	14,026
Elimination	(1,186)	(1,704)	(1,864)
Investments	2,346	2,963	1,461
Fixed-line	2,240	2,861	1,280
Mobile	106	102	181
Financial assets	5,074	275	259
Fixed-line	5,039	256	231
Mobile	35	19	28
Income tax receivable	_	_	520
Fixed-line	_	_	520
Mobile	_	_	_
Total assets	57,597	57,544	59,146
Consolidated liabilities	15,209	15,171	16,076
Fixed-line	10,658	10,409	10,399
Mobile	5,737	6,466	7,541
Elimination	(1,186)	(1,704)	(1,864)
Interest-bearing debt	14,003	11,123	10,364
Fixed-line	12,703	9,889	9,086
Mobile	1,300	1,234	1,278
Financial liabilities	313	235	104
Fixed-line	313	205	70
Mobile	_	30	34
Tax liabilities	1,711	1,549	594
Fixed-line	1,395	1,234	38
Mobile	316	315	556
Total liabilities	31,236	28,078	27,138
Segment information (continued)			
Other accompant information			

Other segment information

Capital expenditure for property, plant and			
equipment	4,464	6,310	8,648
Fixed-line	2,820	3,960	5,579
Mobile	1,644	2,350	3,069
Capital expenditure for intangible assets	1,387	1,196	1,601
Fixed-line	1,284	975	1,062
Mobile	103	221	539
Depreciation and amortisation	5,944	5,714	5,019
Fixed-line	4,522	4,216	3,338
Mobile	1,422	1,498	1,681
Impairment and asset write-offs	295	162	296
Fixed-line	210	188	284
Mobile	85	(26)	12
Intangible assets impairment – Mobile	49	-	-
Workforce reduction expense - Fixed-line	961	88	24
Related parties			
Details of material transactions and balances with			
related parties not disclosed separately in the			
condensed consolidated provisional annual financial			
statements were as follows:			
With joint venture:			
Vodacom Group (Proprietary) Limited			
Related party balances			
Trade receivables	42	48	61
Trade payables	(250)	(256)	(353)
Related party transactions			
Revenue	(569)	(710)	(755)
Expenses	1,385	1,435	1,494
Audit fees	3	3	3
Revenue includes interconnect fees and lease and			
installation of transmission lines.			
Expenses mostly represent interconnect expenses.			
With shareholders:			
Government			

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Related party balances			
Trade receivables	232	247	271
Related party transactions			
Revenue	(2,149)	(2,304)	(2,458)
With entities under common control:			
Major public entities			
Related party balances			
Trade receivables	47	39	59
Trade payables	(8)	(2)	(6)
The outstanding balances are unsecured and will be			
settled in cash in the ordinary course of business.			
Related party transactions			
Revenue	(494)	(370)	(369)
Expenses	201	172	238
Rent received	(15)	(17)	(29)
Rent paid	52	56	27
23 Related parties (continued)			
Key management personnel compensation:			
(Including directors' emoluments)			
Related party transactions			
Short-term employee benefits*	115	157	176
Post employment benefits	5	7	14
Termination benefits	_	12	_
Equity compensation benefits	3	6	8
Other long term benefits	1	16	27

* The comparatives for March 31, 2006 and 2005 were restated to include directors' emoluments of Vodacom which were previously excluded, as well as to reclassify certain amounts to other long-term benefits. Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties of telecommunication are made at arms' length prices. Except as indicated above, outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured, interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for related party receivables or payables. Except as indicated above for the year ended March 31, 2007, the Group has not made any impairment of amounts owed by related parties (2006: Nil; 2005: Nil). This

assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

24 Significant events

Swiftnet (Proprietary) Limited

Telkom is in the process of selling a 30% shareholding in its subsidiary Swiftnet (Proprietary) Limited ('Swiftnet') in order to comply with existing licence requirements from the Independent Communications Authority of South Africa ('ICASA'). The 30% shareholding was sold to empowerment investors, the Radio Surveillance Consortium ('RSC'), for R55 million following a competitive sale process run by an independent adviser. The transaction has been concluded without any financial support or facilitation from Telkom. The transaction is still subject to Competition Commission and ICASA approval. Following the completion of the transaction, Swiftnet will be fully compliant with ICASA's license requirements which stipulate that license holders must have 30% empowerment shareholding.

Telkom Media (Proprietary) Limited

On August 31, 2006 Telkom announced the creation of a new subsidiary, Telkom Media (Proprietary) Limited, a private company which will have a Black Economic Empowerment ('BEE') shareholding in terms of the licence requirements, which is one of 18 companies that applied to ICASA for a commercial satellite and cable subscription broadcast licence. At year end these shares have not been transferred as arrangements have not been concluded between the parties. ICASA is expected to award the licences sometime during the next financial year.

The BEE shareholders are Videovision Entertainment (Proprietary) Limited, MSG Afrika Media (Proprietary) Limited and WDB Investment Holdings (Proprietary) Limited. This shareholding combines a wealth of electronic media expertise. Telkom Media will offer two media- and entertainment services: satellite pay-TV and cable TV 'IPTV' and will aim to stimulate and lift demand for entertainment services and act as a catalyst for the development of convergent solutions in South Africa. The goal is to substantially broaden access to pay-TV services within the South African population and open the gateway to new converged services. Initial offerings in the satellite subscription service will provide subscribers with access to seven locally compiled television channels which will contain a significant amount of local content.

Business Connexion Group Limited ('BCX')

On April 4, 2006, Telkom announced its firm intention to make an offer to acquire the entire issued share capital of BCX, other

than the BCX shares held as treasury shares and, if the trustees of the BCX share incentive trust so agree, the BCX shares held by the BCX share incentive trust.

Telkom's offer is for the entire issued share capital of BCX at a cash consideration of R9.00 per share for an aggregate of R2.4 billion, including outstanding options. In addition, Telkom has agreed to BCX paying a dividend of R0.25 per share following the scheme meeting, but prior to the implementation of the scheme. On June 12, 2006, BCX's shareholders voted in favour of the scheme and on June 20, 2006, the South African courts sanctioned the scheme, subject to the approval of the offer by the South African competition authorities, either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as may be acceptable to Telkom.

Further hearings in relation to the Proposed Acquisition commenced at the Competition Tribunal on March 12, 2007. The boards of directors of Telkom and BCX have therefore agreed to extend the date, by which all conditions precedent to the Scheme have to be fulfilled, to July 1, 2007, unless further extended by agreement between Telkom and BCX.

Wireless Business Solutions (Proprietary) Limited

On March 30, 2007 the Vodacom Group entered into an infrastructure agreement with Wireless Business Solutions (Proprietary) Limited ('WBS'). WBS appointed the Group to design and construct the WiMAX network. The Group will own and maintain the WiMAX network and grant to WBS the exclusive right to use the WiMAX network during the infrastructure period.

25 Subsequent events

Multi-links Telecommunications Limited

Telkom acquired 75% of Multi-links Telecommunications Limited ('Multi-links') for USD280 million (R1,985 million) effective May 1, 2007. Multi-links is a Nigerian Private Telecommunications Operator with a Unified Access License providing fixed, mobile, data, long distance and international telecommunications services throughout Nigeria.

VM, S.A.R.L., trading as Vodacom Mozambique

As at March 31, 2007 Vodacom owned 98% of Vodacom 'Mozambique', and the remaining 2% was held by a local consortium named Empresa Moçambicana de Telecommunicações ('EMOTEL'). Effective April 1, 2007 Vodacom International Limited (Mauritius) sold a portion of its shares to local investors, with 5% being purchased by Intelec Holdings Limitada and Empresa Mocambicana de Telecomunicacoes acquiring an additional 3%, leaving Vodacom International Limited (Mauritius) with a 90% interest in Vodacom Mozambique.

Black economic empowerment ('BEE')

The Vodacom Group is in the process of finalising a R7.5 billion BEE equity deal whereby both BEE partners and employees will have the opportunity to share in the success of Vodacom South Africa going forward. The deal is expected to be completed by the end of the 2008 financial year and it is anticipated to make a significant contribution to the wellbeing of the Group and its employees. Dividends

The Telkom Board declared an annual dividend of R3,197 million or 600 cents per share and a special dividend of R2,664 million or 500 cents per share on June 13, 2007.

Share buy-back

As part of the Group's commitment to the optimal use of capital, the Telkom Board approved on June 8, 2007 a share buy-back programme to the value of R2.4 billion.

Other matters

The directors are not aware of any other matter or circumstance since the financial year ended March 31, 2007 and the date of this report, not otherwise dealt with in the financial statements, which significantly affects the financial position of the Group and the results of its operations.

10 Supplementary information

In connection with the US Securities Exchange Commission Rules relating to "Conditions for use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures", EBITDA and headline earnings have been reconciled to net profit below:

	Year ended M	arch 31,
	2006	2007
EBITDA		
Earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)		
can be reconciled as follows:		
EBITDA	20,553	19,785
Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and write-offs	(5,876)	(5,315)
Investment income	397	235
Finance charges	(1,223)	(1,125)
Taxation	(4,523)	(4,731)
Minority interests	(139)	(203)
Net profit	9,189	8,646
Headline earnings		
The disclosure of headline earnings is a requirement of the JSE Securities		
Exchange, South Africa and is not a recognised measure under US GAAP.		
Headline earnings can be reconciled as follows:		
Earnings as reported	9,189	8,646
Profit on disposal of investment	(163)	(52)
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(79)	(29)
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of property, plant and equipment		
and intangible assets	(26)	12
Write-offs of property, plant and equipment	188	284
Acquisition of subsidiary	(35)	-
Tax and minority interest effects	23	(62)
Headline earnings	9,097	8,799
US DOLLAR CONVENIENCE		
		March 31,
		2007
Operating revenue		7,081
Operating profits		1,985
Net profit		1,186

EBITDA	2,714
EPS (cents)	230.6
Net debt	1,358
Total assets	8,113
Cash flow from operating activities	1,283
Cash flow used in investing activities (1,428)
Cash flow used in financing activities	(401)
Exchange rate	
Period end1	
US\$1 = ZAR	7.29
1. Noon buying rate.	

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Building for a converged future.

Contacts		
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The information contained in this document is also available on Telkom's investor relations website http://www.telkom.co.za/ir

Telkom SA Limited is listed on the JSE Limited and the New York Stock Exchange. Information may be accessed on Reuters under the symbols TKG.J and TKG.N and on Bloomberg under the symbol TKG.JH. www.telkom.co.za

EXHIBIT 99.3 Building for a converged future. Telkom SA Limited Devisional results for the year ended March 31, 2007

Cautionary statement on forward looking statements



All of the statements included in this presentation, as well as oral statements that may be made by us or by officers, directors or employees acting on behalf of us, that are not statements of historical facts constitute or are based on forward-looking statements within the meaning of the US Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, specifically Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause our actual results and outcomes to be materially different from historical results or from any future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Among the factors that could cause our actual results or outcomes to differ materially from our expectations are those risks identified in Item 3. "Key Information-Risk Factors," of Telkom's most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and its other filings and submissions with the SEC which are available on Telkom's website at www.telkom.co.za/ir, including, but not limited to, increased competition in the South African telecommunications markets; developments in the regulatory environment; continued mobile growth and reductions in Vodacom's and Telkom's net interconnect margins; Vodacom's and Telkom's ability to expand their operations and make investments and acquisitions in other African countries and the general economic, political, social and legal conditions in South Africa and in other countries where Vodacom and Telkom invest; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; our inability to appoint a majority of Vodacom's directors and the consensus approval rights at Vodacom that may limit our flexibility and ability to implement our preferred strategies; Vodacom's continued payment of dividends or distributions to us; our ability to improve and maintain our management information and other systems; our negative working capital; changes in technology and delays in the implementation of new technologies; our ability to reduce theft, vandalism, network and payphone fraud and lost revenue to non-licensed operators; our ability to improve our internal control over financial reporting; health risks related to mobile handsets, base stations and associated equipment; risks related to our control by the Government of the Republic of South Africa and major shareholders and the South African Government's other positions in the telecommunications industry; the outcome of regulatory, legal and arbitration proceedings, including tariff approvals, and the outcome of Telkom's proceedings with Telcordia Technologies Incorporated and others and its hearing before the Competition Commission related to the VANs litigation; our ability to negotiate favourable terms, rates and conditions for the provision of interconnection services and facilities leasing services; our ability to implement and recover the substantial capital and operational costs associated with carrier pre-selection, Number Portability and the monitoring, interception and customer registration requirements contained in the South African Regulation of Interception of Communication and Provision of Communication - Related Information Act; Telkom's ability to comply with the South African Public Finance Management Act and South African Public Audit Act and the impact of the Municipal Property Rates Act; fluctuations in the value of the Rand; the impact of unemployment, poverty, crime and HIV infection, labour laws and exchange control restrictions in South Africa; and other matters not yet known to us or not currently considered material by us.

We caution you not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. All written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. Moreover, unless we are required by law to update these statements, we will not necessarily update any of these statements after the date hereof, either to conform them to actual results or to changes in our expectation.



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Group highlights Group overview

Reuben September



Financial summary

- 8.4% growth in Group operating revenue to R51.6bn
- 38.3% Group EBITDA margin
- 39.6% Fixed-line EBITDA margin excluding Telcordia
- 1.4% decrease in Group operating profit to R14.5bn
- 20.9% growth in mobile revenue to R41.1bn¹
- 22.4% growth in mobile operating profit to R10.9bn¹

Headline earnings per share decrease

1.0% to 1,710.7 cents per share

Total dividend 1,100 cents per share up 22%

12,089,371 shares bought back for R1.6bn

Board approved R2.4bn for share buy-backs in 2007/2008

elcordia provision US\$70m (R527m)

1. 100% Vodacom (50% consolidated)



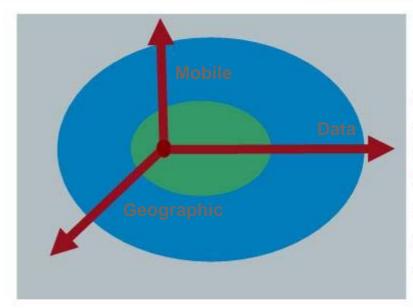
nnuity revenue	1	13.5%	to	R5,137.1m
undled packages	1	149.5%	to	R634.6m
PN & MPN services	1	27.2%	to	R340.9m
lanaged data sites	1	29.6%	to	21,879
DSL services	1	78.1%	to	255,633
Iobile leased lines	1	29.3%	to	60,000
otal mobile customers	-	28.2%	to	30.2m

Operational highlights (continued)

- **82%** of network with ADSL and WiMAX coverage
- 60% of local loop under 2.5km
- **250%** growth on sales of 'term and volume' contracts
- 288,881 Closer Plan subscriptions 18% penetration of consumer lines
- 88.7% increase in fibre optic network from 6.7m to 12.7m loop km
- Acquisitions Africa Online & Multi-Links
- Swiftnet BEE transaction concluded awaiting ICASA approval

Consumer demand remains strong Telkom driving hard to build out network, products and services

Growth profile



Strategic pillars - key enablers for revenue growth and retention

- Employee engagement
- Customer centricity
- NGN deployment
- Stakeholder management
- Cost management
- Acquisition growth
- Capitalising on convergence & mobility

Roll-out of key enablers progressing well



Group growth initiatives

- Accelerating data growth ADSL, VPN, MPN & Mobile leased lines
- IT Managed hosting environments
- Driving Broadband penetration
- Convergence expanding into the application layer by integrating fixed-line and mobile
- Establish and grow **Telkom Media** key convergence enabler
- Increasing capacity and speed on the network
- Evolving into a Pan-African service provider
- Aggressively expanding Africa Online and Multi-Links
- Pricing for volume, penetration and loyalty



Defending traditional and aggressively building for the new

Mobile strategy

- Reviewing mobile partnership to achieve a fixed-mobile service provider model across the fixed and mobile value chain
- Maximise services into the growing converged solutions market
- Integrate capabilities into the managed hosting environment
- Offer Swiftnet services into the fixed-mobile Fast wireless Device provider model





Speed of action is imperative

Cost initiatives

- Renegotiate service and equipment contracts
- Focussed move to automate assurance and fulfilment
- Equipment sourced directly from original equipment manufacturers
- Pursue turnkey capital programmes
- Improve maintenance support and licensing models
- The move to NGN creates operational cost saving opportunities

Cost management remains a key focus area

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Remains market leader in South Africa

1. 100% Vodacom (50% consolidated) 2. South Africa

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Group highlights Financial overview

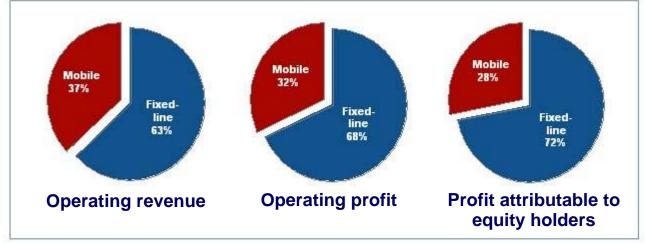
Kaushik Patel



Group income statement

ZAR million	2006	2007	%	EBITD/ %	A mar	gin
Operating revenue	47,625	51,619	8.4	40.7	43.2	
Other income	480	384	(20.0)			38.3
Operating expenses	(33,428)	(37,533)	12.3			
Operating profit	14,677	14,470	(1.4)	2005	2006	2007
Investment income	397	235	(40.8)	HEPS		
EBITDA	20,553	19,785	(3.7)	Cents	1,728.6	1,710.7
Finance charges	(1,223)	(1,125)	(8.0)	,279.2	1,7	1,7
Taxation	(4,523)	(4,731)	4.6			
Net profit	9,328	8,849	(5.1)			
Basic earnings per share (cents)	1,746.1	1,681.0	(3.7)	2005	2006	2007
	Building the		n for the	future		

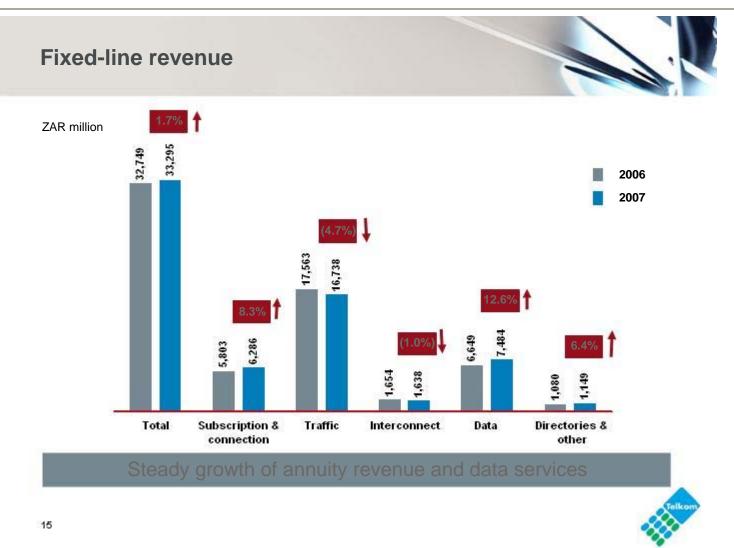




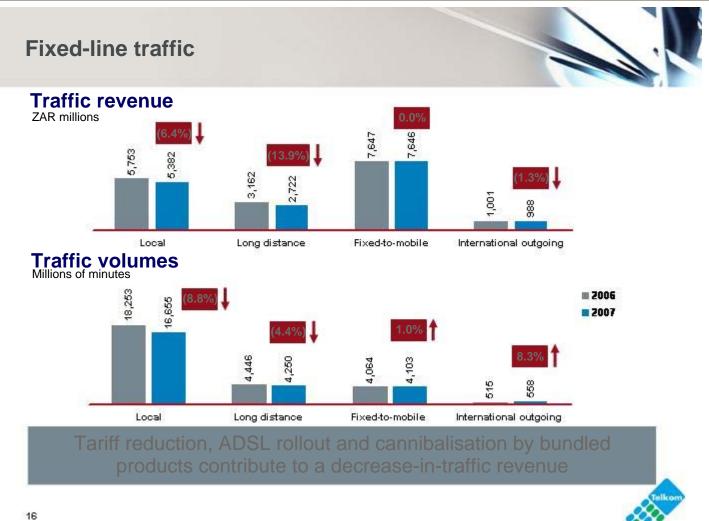
after inter-segmental eliminations

Fixed-line business remains the major contributor to the Group

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2006

2007

Fixed-line revenue (continued)

Interconnection				Total millions of minutes
ZAR millions	2006	2007	%	4 9
Mobile	760	815	7.2	원 문 <mark>2.4%</mark>
International	894	823	(7.9)	
Interconnection revenue	1,654	1,638	(1.0)	

Regulatory changes may be beneficial to fixed-line margin

				Total	
Data ZAR millions	2006	2007	%	(Rm) 	रुषु २००० विक्रिय
Leased lines	5,282	5,820	10.2		
Mobile leased facilities	1,367	1,664	21.7		
				2006	2007

Strong growth in mobile data

Fixed-line operating expenses

ZAR millions	2006	2007	%		
Employee expenses	6,470	7,268	12.3	Total (Rm)	
Payments to other operators	6,150	6,463	5.1	(1311)	7.2%
SG&A	3,086	4,244	37.5	22,937	24,597
Services rendered	2,050	2,212	7.9	22	
Operating leases	777	787	1.3		
Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and write-offs	4,404	3,623	(17.7)		
				2006	2007

Focus on service delivery, network reliability and new products and services to satisfy and anticipate the needs of our customers

Employee expenses



mployee expenses: building skills and meeting sophisticated and time dependent customer demands

Selling, general and administrative expenses

				Total (Rm)
ZAR millions	2006	2007	%	37.5% s
Materials & Maintenance	1,617	1,908	18.0	4,244
Marketing	413	642	55.4	380'5
Bad debts	187	141	(24.6)	
Other (including Telcordia provision)	869	1,553	78.7	
				2006 2007

Maintaining competitive edge and marketing for competitior

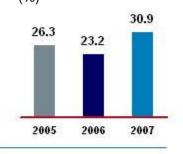


Group balance sheet

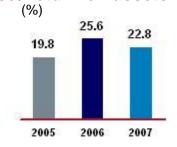


$\underset{(\%)}{\begin{array}{c} \textbf{31\% net debt to equity} \\ \end{array}}$

ZAR million	2006	2007	%
Non-current assets	44,813	48,770	8.8
Current assets	12,731	10,376	(18.5)
Total assets	57,544	59,146	2.8
Capital & reserves	29,466	32,008	8.6
Non-current liabilities	12,391	8,554	(31.0)
Current liabilities	15,687	18,584	18.5
Total equity & liabilities	57,544	59,146	2.8
Net debt	6,828	9,901	45.0



23% return on assets





Fixed-line capex



ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Baseline expansion	2,128	3,409	60.2
Revenue generation	374	159	(57.5)
Network evolution	330	784	137.6
Sustainment	596	416	(30.2)
Efficiencies & improvements	1,080	1,141	5.6
Support	376	501	33.2
Regulatory	15	188	1,153.3
Other	36	43	22.1
Total	4,935	6,641	34.6

Majority spent on baseline expansion

Capex program frontloaded where possible

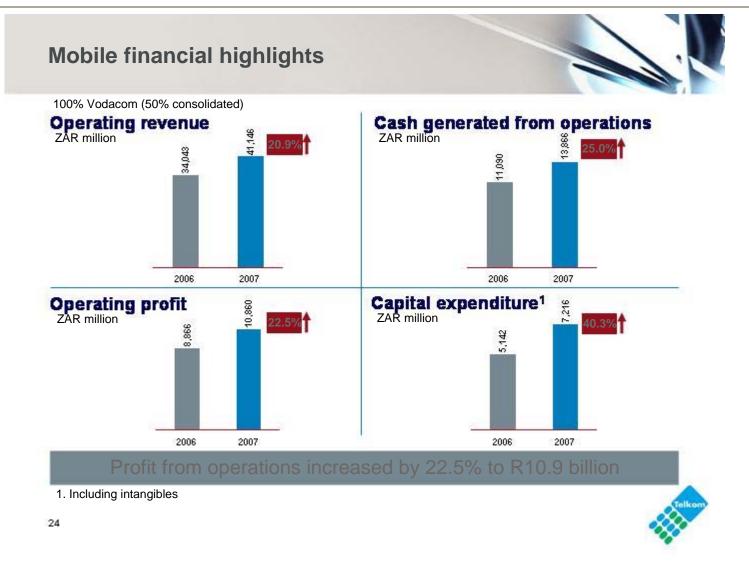
Capex/revenue ratio 20.0%

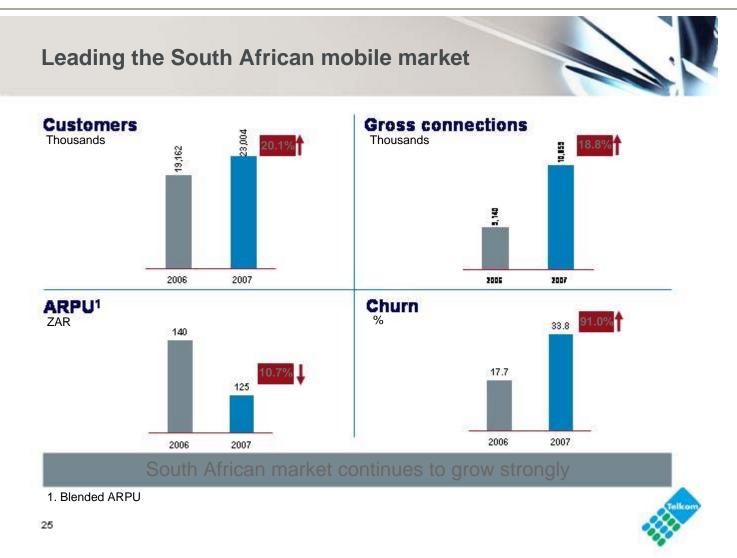
Group cash flow

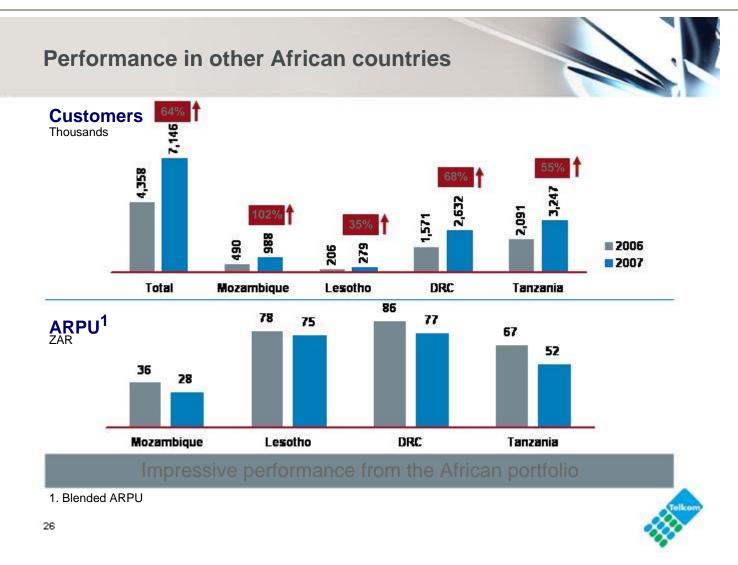
ZAR millions	2006	2007	%
Cash generated from operations	19,724	20,520	4.0
Dividend paid	(4,884)	(4,784)	(2.1)
Cash generated from operating activities	9,506	9,356	(1.6)
Investing activities	(7,286)	(10,412)	42.9
Financing activities	(258)	(2,920)	1,031.8
Net increase/(decrease) in cash	1,962	(3,976)	(302.7)
Cash at the end of the year	4,255	308	(92.8)
Free cash flow	7,104	3,728	(47.5)

Cash utilised to repay debt, tax and fund dividends and cape









Guidance for 2007/2008

Fixed-line

EBITDA margin between 37% and 40%

Capex/revenue 18% – 22%

Group

Net debt to equity of 50% to 70%



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Fixed-line business

Reuben September



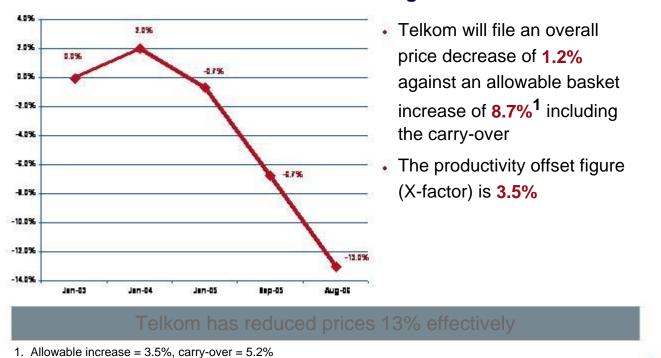
Pricing strategy

Extend value and savings	Improving the value offered by our calling plans and bundles, especially on the entry level packages
Broadband price reduction	Reduce broadband prices to remain competitive – drive volumes and leverage our growing economies of scale
Rebalance tariffs	Aligning tariffs with cost
Rebalance to reduce arbitrage risk	Further rebalancing to reduce arbitrage risks include reduction in long distance and international usage fees
Reduce prices of data services	To reduce the prices of data services – our data portfolio pricing will decrease

Pricing for volume, penetration, loyalty and up-scaling

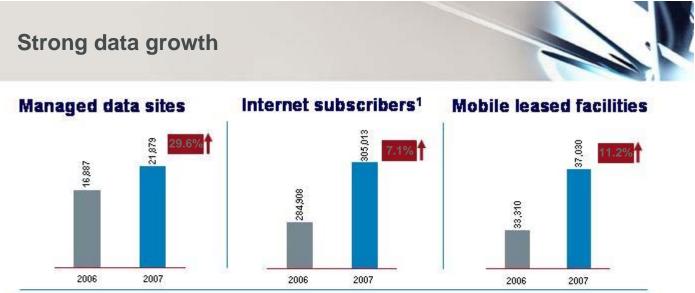


Pricing



% Difference between Basket Tariff change and CPI





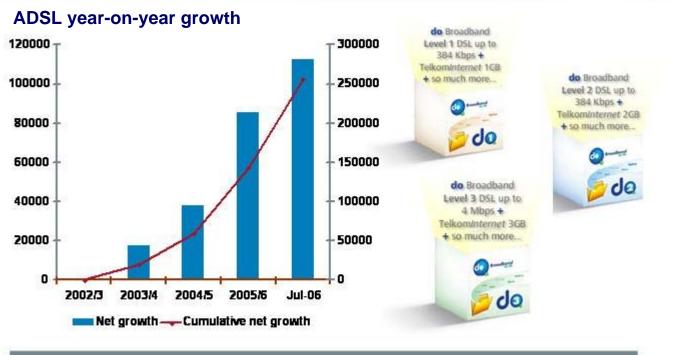
1. Includes dialup, ADSL and satellite internet users

- 78.1% growth in ADSL subscribers to 255,633
- **14.3%** growth in 64 kbit/sec equivalent circuits 19,247
- 22.2% growth in Internet satellite subscribers to 2,420

Telkom continues to offer premium data service

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DSL performance



Creating niches for best in class prices

ADSL service initiatives

- Introduction of ADSL Self Install Option to improve Average-Time-To-Install
- 40% of new orders now done through
 Self Install
- Reduced ADSL Average-Time-To-Install from 31 to 23 days on average, where infrastructure is available
- Broadband Demand Register to capture
 and identify areas of growth for future build
- Pre-provisioning of the network will drastically shorten installation days





do *Broadband* – premium quality



- Differentiating on content, quality and speed
- Moving into the converged future
- March 31, 2008 target 420,000 subscribers

Bundles

	2006		2007
Closer 1	990	1	3,069
Closer 2	11,863	1	105,885
Closer 3	49,950	T	157,957
Closer 4	0	1	18,973
Closer 5	0	1	2,997
Internet add on	8,514	T	43,196
28	8,881 base	end M	arch 2007

Closer 1

Designed to suit your pocket at only R120 per month

Closer 2

Unlimited calls anywhere in SA during Callmore time limited to 1 hour per call for R145

Closer 3

For R300 per month get all the benefits plus cellular savings with pure per second billing

Closer 4

For R499 per month receive all plan 3 benefits plus DSL up to 384kbps

Closer 5

For R699 per month you get all the benefits of plan 3 bundles with DSL up to 1024kbps

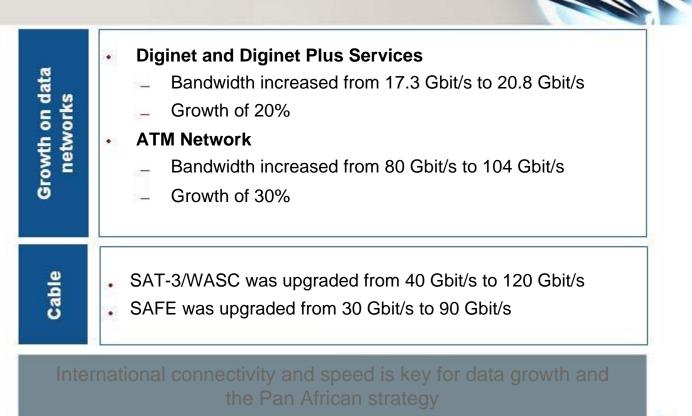
2008 Target: 530,000 up 84%



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Key NGN achievements National IP Network (IPNet) Growth of IP Bandwidth increased from 18.9 Gbit/s to 28.9 Gbit/s Network Growth of 53% International IP Network (IPNet) Bandwidth increased from 1.5 Gbit/s to 2.4 Gbit/s Growth of 60% **National Transport Network** etwork growth SDH Transport Bandwidth increased from 1.0 Tbit/s to 1.2 Tbit/s Growth of 20% Local Transport Network Bandwidth increased from 5.1 Tbit/s to 5.7 Tbit/s Growth of 12%

Key NGN achievements (continued)



Key NGN developments

Development in progress for Voice over IP portfolio

- NG Voice on IMAX
- Voice over Broadband
- Voice over WiMAX

Development of New Generation Diginet capability

- NGD Frame based on ATM
- NGD LAN based on Metro Ethernet

The PSTN is connected to **NGN core** via Media gateways (softswitch operational for Voice Interconnect)

Moving legacy voice and leased line services to NGN platform



WiMAX – complementing ADSL sweet spots

- 14 base stations commissioned
- Target of 57 base stations to be built
- Internet WiMAX products launched
- Voice service planned to be launched in the last quarter of the 2007/2008 financial year



Holistic wire-line and wireless approach to broadband

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Telkom Media		
Diversifying revenue streams for Telkom	Open access to unaddressed pay-TV market in emerging middle class	Developing South Africa's media economy through content, service and technology innovation
Providing an integrated, multi- platform approach	Delivering excellent customer service and a high quality customer experience	Becoming the partner of choice for the media industry

To be Africa's Digital Media Provider of Choice



41

Telkom Media

- Digital services via Internet, satellite and IPTV
- TV content, video-on-demand and interactive services (portals, music, games)
- Planned basic bouquet of channels estimated to cost no more than R100 per month
- Peak funding of R7bn over 8 years
- Breakeven anticipated 2013

Converged Services				
Video On Demand	User Generated Content	Portal Services	Interactive Services	
In	ternet Services and	I Value Added Service)	
Portal	Services (Blogging	g, Podcasting, Messag	ging)	
Premium Portal (WebTV, Radio Streaming, Event Streaming, etc.)				
High Speed Broadband Access				

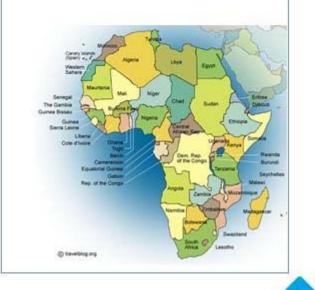


Pan-Africa strategy

- Lead the expansion in Africa through a Service Provider Strategy
- Aggressively expand Africa Online footprint into the continent
- Aligned with domestic Fixed/Mobile
 Service Provider Strategy
- Acquisitions focussed on key regional hubs

- Fixed and Mobile voice for Africa
- Global connectivity for Africa
- Internet and Data services for Africa
- Pay TV for Africa

.



Multi-Links

Multi-Links is a PTO in Nigeria with a Unified Access License allowing fixed, mobile, international and data services

- Acquired for USD280m in April 2007
- USD1bn Capex planned over 5 years
- Cashflow positive by 2010
- Fixed, mobile, data subscribers: 816,000
- 1,500km of fibre optic cable
- Management team established



Established key regional footprint on West Coast of Africa

Multi-Links – focus for the future

- Increase revenue of fixed wireless and mobile customer through national brand awareness and promotion campaign
- To provide easy-to-understand high-value bundles, differentiated on voice quality and service
- Introduce **Broadband Internet** with ISP services to offer high-value bundles
- Launch high quality IP NGN services to Government, Corporate and Business customers
- Deploy Metro Ethernet services in Lagos to attract high-end Corporate users
- Introduce a Carrier Class wholesale product and service offering by establishing an earth station to provide international connectivity



Africa Online

Africa Online is an Internet Service Provider based in Kenya, Tanzania, Cote d'Ivoire, Ghana, Uganda, Namibia, Swaziland, and Zimbabwe

Key financial data

- Acquired for R150m (GBP10.3m) in March 2007
- Month of March 2007
 - _ Revenue R7.6m
 - Operating loss R394,586
- Capex planned over 5 years USD10.8m
- Cashflow positive by 2008/2009
- Internet subscribers:160,000 at March 31, 2007

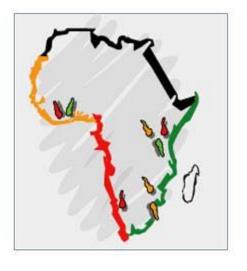


Aggressively expand ISP services in conjunction with Telkom and Telkom Media

Africa Online – focus for the future

Investment approach focuses on

- brand development
- creation and development of customer channels
- market expansion
- improvement of network systems
- human resource development
- Joint venture with Verizon in Kenya
- Expanding wireless broadband (InfiNet) in Kenya, Ghana and Tanzania



Large African footprint of ISP services provides multiple opportunities



Key regulatory issues

Electronics Communications Act

- Impact on Telkom:
 - Licenses to be converted to network license and service license
 - Deadline July 2008
 - Uncertainty as to impacts of conversion

RICA Act

 Telkom and Vodacom remain in consultation with the Office of Interception Centres and DOC

Interconnection

Interconnection agreements with Neotel and major VANS concluded

Facilities leasing

- Facilities leasing agreement concluded with Neotel
- Telkom to provide shared access to the local loop to Neotel for the first 2 years
- Awaiting clarity on facilities leasing to other licensees



Key regulatory issues (continued)

Jnbundling of the local loop

- Government expects it to be completed by 2011
- Awaiting decision on:
 - Technical and functional regulations
 - Where the local loop is to be unbundled
 - Costing, dealing with access line deficit
- Operational systems still to be developed

SAT-3

End of exclusivity on November 1, 2007

Dutstanding matters

- "Significant Market Power" analysis
- Mobile termination investigations likely to be margin enhancing for fixed-line
- Possibility of asymmetrical cost based interconnection prices for smaller operators



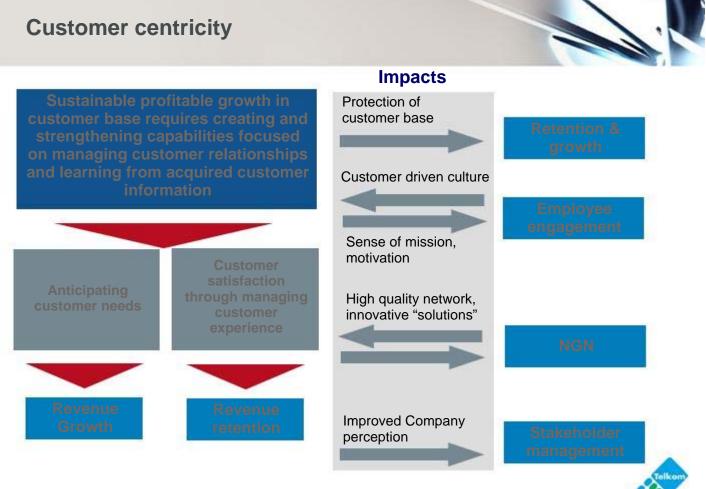
Key regulatory issues (continued)

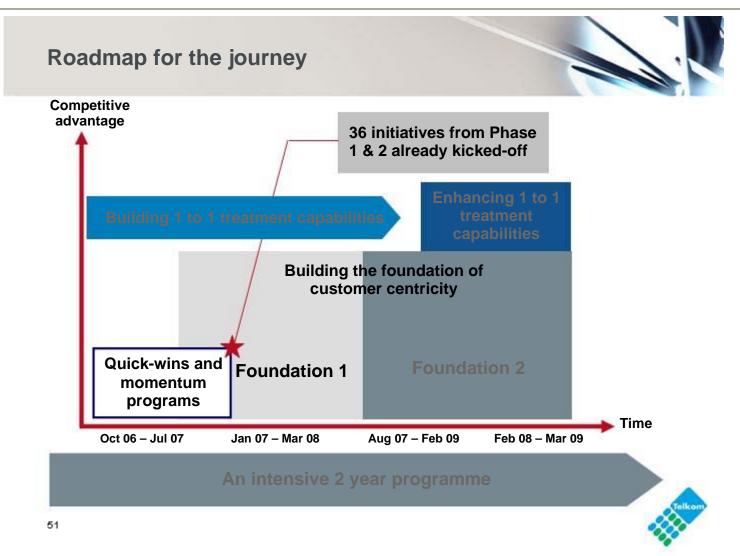
Minister of Communication's budget speech 2007

- VANS licensees may be authorised to provide services as well as provide and operate facilities/networks
- Attempt to have Infraco deemed as "holder of an individual electronic communications network service license"
- Frequency spectrum allocations
- USAL licenses to merge and Provincial Under-Serviced Area Network Operator licenses to be issued
- SAT-3 monopoly to end, ICASA to prescribe all facilities connected to cable as essential facilities
- Reiterated announcement by President to provide special rate for call centres



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Building for a converged future.

Thank you

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EXHIBIT 99.4

COMMENTARY

Vodacom Group (Proprietary) Limited, South Africa's market leader in the provision of cellular services announces its results for the year ended March 31, 2007.

SOUTH AFRICA

Customers

The total number of customers increased by 20.1% to 23.0 million (2006: 19.2 million), with the majority of the increase from the prepaid market. The number of prepaid customers increased by 18.6% to 19.9 million, while the number of contract customers increased by 27.6% to 3.0 million. The growth in customers was a direct result of the record number of gross connections achieved.

Contract gross connections increased by 31.6% to 666 thousand (2006: 506 thousand), while prepaid gross connections increased by 17.5% to 10.1 million (2006: 8.6 million), bringing the total number of connections for the year to 10.9 million (2006: 9.1 million). The growth in the contract connections was largely due to the increased connections in the hybrid product named Family Top Up. During the year, 246 thousand (2006: 196 thousand) customers converted from prepaid to contract packages.

ARPU

During the period under review, ARPU decreased to R125 (2006: R139) per month due to the continued dilution caused by the higher proportion of lower ARPU prepaid and contract connections made as the lower end of the market is penetrated.

Contract customer ARPU decreased by 9.6% to R517 (2006: R572) per month. The main contributing factor to this decrease has been the high growth in data customers as well as in the low end hybrid, Family Top Up package. The prepaid customer ARPU decreased by 8.7% to R63 (2006: R69) per month.

Community services ARPU decreased by 49.8% to R902 (2006: R1,796) per month mainly due to increased competition and the increased roll-out by Vodacom.

Churn

Through the continued high level of handset support and an improvement in service to customers, Vodacom maintained a very low contract churn of 9.7% (2006: 10.0%) in 2007.

The increase in prepaid churn experienced, for the year under review, of 37.5% (2006: 18.8%) is mainly as a result of the deletion of 3 million customers during the period June to September 2006 when a clean-up of inactive customers was done. Subsequent to the clean-up, prepaid churn has stabilised around 20%, which is comparable to the 2006 financial year.

Traffic

Total traffic on the network, excluding the impact of national and international roaming, showed an increase of 19.4% to 20.4 billion (2006: 17.1 billion) minutes in 2007. This growth was mainly due to the 20.1% year on year growth in the total customer base from 19.2 million to 23.0 million.

Contract minutes of use, in excess of bundled minutes, showed an 8.7% decrease to 188 (2006: 206) minutes per customer per month, as a result of high connections on the low end hybrid product, while prepaid minutes of use showed a 4.1% decrease to 47 (2006: 49) minutes per customer per month.

Estimated market share

Despite strong competition, Vodacom retained its leadership in the highly competitive South African mobile communications market with an estimated 58% (2006: 58%) market share on March 31, 2007. The cellular industry in South Africa grew by an estimated 20.7% since March 2006, of which Vodacom has contributed approximately 56.2%. The market penetration of the cellular industry is now an estimated 84% (2006: 71%) of the population.

NON-SOUTH AFRICAN OPERATIONS

Vodacom's non-South African operations provide a world-class global system for mobile communications ("GSM") service to 7.1 million customers. Profit from these operations increased by 81.5% to R521 million.

Vodacom Tanzania achieved exceptional customer and profit from operations growth. The customer base increased by 55.3% to 3.2 million (2006: 2.1 million) at March 31, 2007. The Tanzanian market remains highly competitive, but with mobile penetration estimated at 16% of the population, it still promises further growth potential. Vodacom Tanzania's estimated market share decreased to 55% (2006: 58%) at March 31, 2007.

Vodacom Congo remains the market leader with an estimated market share of 47% (2006: 48%) at March 31, 2007. The DRC has the lowest estimated mobile penetration of all Vodacom's operations at 9% of the population. Vodacom Congo increased its customer base by 67.5% to 2.6 million (2006: 1.6 million) at March 31, 2007.

Vodacom Lesotho is expected to remain a small operation, but has positioned itself well to minimise the impact of competitive activity and has maintained its estimated 80% market share at March 31, 2007. Vodacom Lesotho increased its customer base by 35.4% to 279 thousand (2006: 206 thousand). Mobile penetration in Lesotho is now estimated at 17% (2006: 13%).

Vodacom Mozambique has an estimated market share of 35% (2006: 30%). Vodacom Mozambique increased its customer base by 101.6% to 988 thousand (2006: 490 thousand) at March 31, 2007. Mobile penetration is estimated at 14% (2006: 8%).

FINANCIAL REVIEW REVENUE Geographical split

	Rand millions			% ch	ange
Year ended March 31,	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
South Africa, including					
holding companies	25,041	31,069	37,007	24.1	19.1
Tanzania	959	1,312	1,729	36.8	31.8
DRC	1,075	1,334	1,914	24.1	43.5
Lesotho	137	170	227	24.1	33.5
Mozambique	103	158	269	53.4	70.3
Revenue	27,315	34,043	41,146	24.6	20.9

Revenue composition

		Rand millions		
Year ended March 31,	2005	2006	2007	
Airtime, connection and access	16,191	20,085	23,708	
Data	1,340	2,038	3,342	
Interconnection	5,924	6,697	7,835	
Equipment sales	2,687	3,986	4,699	
International airtime	887	971	1,306	
Other sales and services	286	266	256	
Revenue	27,315	34,043	41,146	

Revenue composition

	% of total			% change	
Year ended March 31,	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
Airtime, connection					
and access	59.4	58.9	57.7	24.1	18.0
Data	4.9	6.0	8.1	52.1	64.0
Interconnection	21.7	19.7	19.0	13.0	17.0
Equipment sales	9.8	11.7	11.4	48.3	17.9
International airtime	3.2	2.9	3.2	9.5	34.5
Other sales and services	1.0	0.8	0.6	(7.0)	(3.8)
Revenue	100.0	100.0	100.0	24.6	20.9

Revenue increased by 20.9% for the year to March 31, 2007 mainly due to a 64.0% increase in data revenue and an increase of between 17% and 18% in airtime revenue, interconnect revenue and equipment sales.

The increase in revenue was primarily driven by a 28.2% increase in the customer base to 30.2 million customers, offset by declining ARPUs. Prepaid customers represent 89.4% (2006: 89.6%) of the total customer base.

Data revenue Geographical split

Ocographical spin

			Rand millions		
Year ended March 31,			2005	2006	2007
South Africa			1,246	1,886	3,113
Tanzania			74	108	146
DRC			9	25	52
Lesotho			9	16	23
Mozambique			2	3	8
Data revenue			1,340	2,038	3,342
Data revenue					
Geographical split					
	00	of total		% change	
Year ended March 31,	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
South Africa	93.0	92.6	93.1	51.4	65.1
Tanzania	5.5	5.3	4.4	45.9	35.2
DRC	0.7	1.2	1.6	177.8	108.0
Lesotho	0.7	0.8	0.7	77.8	43.8
Mozambique	0.1	0.1	0.2	50.0	166.7
Data revenue	100.0	100.0	100.0	52.1	64.0

Airtime, connection and access

Vodacom's airtime, connection and access revenue increased primarily due to the increase in the number of customers, offset by declining ARPUs in all operations.

Data

Vodacom's data revenue increased mainly due to new data initiatives. Vodacom South Africa transmitted 4.5 billion (2006: 3.5 billion) SMSs over its network during the year ended March 31, 2007. The number of active data users on the South African network as at March 31, 2007 was: MMS users 1.2 million (2006: 867 thousand); GPRS users 2.8 million (2006: 1.4 million); 3G/HSDPA users 139 thousand (2006: 38 thousand); 3G/HSDPA devices 733 thousand (2006: 180 thousand); Vodafone live! users 899 thousand (2006: 351 thousand); Unique Mobile TV users 33 thousand (2006: 13 thousand).

Data revenue now constitutes 9.4% (2006: 7.0%) of service revenue (service revenue excludes equipment sales, starter pack sales and non-recurring revenue). Data revenue in all countries increased substantially, confirming the trend of increased data spend by customers.

Interconnection

Vodacom's interconnection revenue increased by 17.0% primarily due to the growth in incoming mobile traffic from other networks.

Equipment sales

In South Africa, handset sale volumes increased by 21.1% to 4.6 million (2006: 3.8 million) units. The growth in equipment unit sales was primarily driven by growth in customer bases, cheaper Rand prices of new handsets coupled with added functionality of new phones. The average price per handset sold was R1,067 compared to R1,116 in the previous financial year.

International airtime

International airtime revenue of R1.3 billion, which increased by 34.5% year on year, comprises international calls by Vodacom customers, roaming revenue from Vodacom's customers making and receiving calls while abroad and revenue from international visitors roaming on Vodacom's networks. Other sales and services

Revenue from other sales and services includes revenue from Vodacom's cell captive insurance vehicle, wireless application service provider ("WASP") revenue, site sharing rental income as well as other revenue from non-core operations.

PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS

Geographical split

	Rand millions			% change	
Year ended March 31,	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
South Africa	6,618	8,602	10,293	30.0	19.7
Tanzania	183	263	346	43.7	31.6
DRC	50	117	277	134.0	136.8
Lesotho	25	51	75	104.0	47.1
Mozambique	(454)	(144)	(177)	68.3	(22.9)
Holding companies	56	(23)	46	(141.1)	>200
Profit from operations	6,478	8,866	10,860	36.9	22.5
Profit from operations margin (%)	23.7	26.0	26.4	2.3	0.4

Profit from operations for the Group increased by 22.5% to R10.9 billion, fuelled by buoyant consumer spending, relatively low inflationary environments as well as effective cost containment in all operations. A healthy increase in traffic also contributed favourably to profit margins. Operating expenses increased by 20.3% which was slightly lower than the revenue growth of 20.9%. This resulted in Vodacom's profit from operations margin increasing to 26.4% (2006: 26.0%).

The Mozambique loss from operations includes impairment of assets of R22.9 million (2006: reversal of R52.8 million; 2005: impairment of R268.4 million).

EBITDA

Geographical split

	Rand millions			% cha	ange
Year ended March 31,	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
South Africa	8,995	11,053	12,963	22.9	17.3
Tanzania	345	465	584	34.8	25.6
DRC	252	373	603	48.0	61.7
Lesotho	48	67	97	39.6	44.8
Mozambique	(111)	(129)	(69)	(16.2)	46.5
Holding companies	61	(20)	49	(132.8)	>200
EBITDA	9,590	11,809	14,227	23.1	20.5

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EBITDA margin (%) EBITDA margin excluding	35.1	34.7	34.6	(0.4)	(0.1)
equipment sales (%)	40.1	39.9	39.9	(0.2)	-

Vodacom's EBITDA margin adjusted for the impact of low margin cellular phone and equipment sales was in line with the previous year at 39.9%.

OPERATING EXPENSES

	Rand millions			% change	
Year ended March 31,	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
Depreciation, amortisation					
and impairment	3,112	2,943	3,384	(5.4)	15.0
Payments to other					
network operators	3,652	4,634	5,636	26.9	21.6
Other direct network					
operating costs	10,966	13,663	16,804	24.6	23.0
Staff expenses	1,653	2,042	2,373	23.5	16.2
Marketing and advertising	767	977	1,146	27.4	17.3
Other operating expenditure	751	1,043	1,064	38.9	2.0
Other operating income	(64)	(125)	(120)	95.3	4.0
Operating expenses	20,837	25,177	30,287	20.8	20.3
Operating expenses as a					
% of revenue (%)	76.3	74.0	73.6	(2.3)	(0.4)

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment

The depreciation expense is largely driven by capital expenditure on upgrading the Group's networks. Capital expenditure on network equipment has increased in recent years with the implementation and expansion of 3G/HSDPA networks.

The implementation of IAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment, during the 2006 financial year, contributed to a lower depreciation charge for that year. Depreciation and amortisation increased by 12.2% to R3,361.2 million for the current financial year when compared to the increase of 5.4% to R2,995.8 million for the previous financial year. Mozambique's asset impairment amounted to R22.9 million (2006: reversal of R52.8 million; 2005: impairment of R268.4 million).

Payments to other network operators

Payments to other network operators increased as a result of an increased amount of outgoing traffic terminating on other cellular networks, rather than on fixed-line networks. As the cost of terminating calls on other cellular networks is materially higher than calls terminating on fixed-line networks and as mobile substitution increases with the growing number of total mobile users in South Africa, interconnection charges will continue increasing, putting pressure on margins.

Other direct network operating costs

Other direct network operating costs include the cost to connect customers onto the network as well as expenses such as cost of equipment and accessories sold, commissions paid to the distribution channels, customer retention expenses, regulatory and license fees, distribution expenses, transmission rental costs as well as site and maintenance costs.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses increased primarily as a result of an increase in headcount of 8.4% to 5,920 (2006: 5,459) employees in 2007, to support the growth in operations as well as annual salary increases and an increase in the provision for Vodacom's deferred bonus schemes due to increased profits.

Employee productivity has improved in all of Vodacom's operations, as measured by customers per employee, improving by 18.2% to 5,093 (2006: 4,308) customers per employee.

Marketing and advertising

Marketing and advertising expenses are mainly driven by advertising related to new technology products, the introduction of mobile number portability in South Africa and enhancing brand presence in all operations.

Other operating expenditure

The increase in other operating expenditure was primarily due to the growth in the business. Other operating expenditure comprises of expenses such as accommodation, information technology costs, office administration, consultant expenses, social economic investment and insurance.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income that Vodacom does not consider as part of its core activities such as cost recoveries for risk management and consultancy services and franchise fees received.

INTEREST, DIVIDENDS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME AND FINANCE COSTS Interest, dividends and other financial income increased by over 118% to R1,336.2 million of which R1,261.7 million (2006: R481.8 million) relates to gains on foreign exchange contracts, liabilities and asset revaluations as well as interest rate swaps.

Finance costs increased by 43.9% to R1,800.0 million of which R1,430.9 million (2006: R1,001.6 million) relates to losses on foreign exchange contracts, liabilities and asset revaluations, interest rate swaps as well as the Vodacom DRC put option liability revaluation of R249.3 million.

In terms of a shareholders agreement, the Group's minority shareholder in Vodacom Congo (RDC) s.p.r.l., Congolese Wireless Network s.p.r.l. ("CWN") has a put option which came into effect on December 1, 2004, for a period of five years thereafter. In terms of the option, CWN is entitled to put to Vodacom International Limited such number of shares in and claims on loan account against Vodacom Congo (RDC) s.p.r.l. as constitutes 19% of the entire issued share capital of that company. CWN can exercise this option in a maximum of three tranches and each tranche must consist of at least 5% of the entire issued share capital of Vodacom Congo (RDC) s.p.r.l. The option price will be fair market value of the related shares at the date the put option is exercised. The put option gives rise to a financial liability in terms of IAS 32: Financial Instruments: Presentation of R249.3 million (2006: Rnil) at March 31, 2007. In terms of IAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, all subsequent changes in the fair value of the financial liability should be recognised as income or expense within the consolidated income statement. The increase in the value of the option had to be expensed through the income statement as a finance charge. The initial recognition of the option was at a value of Rnil due to the fact that Vodacom Congo (RDC) s.p.r.l. was incurring losses, coupled with the political instability in the country.

TAXATION

The taxation expense increased by 24.4% to R3.8 billion (2006: R3.1 billion) for the year ended March 31, 2007, mainly due to a significant increase in secondary taxation on companies ("STC") paid on higher dividends as well as higher South African normal taxation paid on higher profits. Vodacom's effective tax rate decreased to 36.9% (2006: 37.5%) primarily due to the utilisation of Vodacom Congo's capital expenditure allowances. STC increased Vodacom's effective tax rate by 6.7% (2006: 6.9%).

GROUP SHAREHOLDER DISTRIBUTIONS

Dividends declared for the 2007 financial year totalled R5.4 billion (2006: R4.5 billion), an increase of 20.0%. The final dividend of R2.9 billion was paid on April 4, 2007.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Capital expenditure additions Geographical split

		Rand million	ns
Year ended March 31,	2005	2006	2007
South Africa	2,777	4,384	4,993
Tanzania	234	318	957
DRC	335	273	506
Lesotho	10	26	25
Mozambique	115	121	85
Holding companies	23	16	182
Capital expenditure for the year	3,494	5,138	6,748
Capital expenditure additions (including			
software) as a % of revenue (%)	12.8	15.1	16.4

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Capital expenditure additions Geographical split

		% change			
Year ended March 31,	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
South Africa	79.5	85.3	73.9	57.9	13.9
Tanzania	6.7	6.2	14.2	35.9	>200
DRC	9.6	5.3	7.5	(18.5)	85.3
Lesotho	0.3	0.5	0.4	160.0	(3.8)
Mozambique	3.3	2.4	1.3	5.2	(29.8)
Holding companies	0.6	0.3	2.7	(30.4)	>200
Capital expenditure					
for the year	100.0	100.0	100.0	47.1	31.3

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2.3

1.3

Capital expenditure Additions (including software) as a % of revenue (%)

Cumulative capital expenditure Geographical split

		2006	20	07
Year ended March 31,	R billions	Foreign	R billions	Foreign
South Africa (R billions)	24.1	-	27.3	-
Tanzania (TSH billions)	1.5	297.6	2.7	456.7
DRC (US\$ millions)	2.0	323.1	2.9	391.3
Lesotho (Maloti millions)	0.2	225.0	0.2	184.1
Mozambique (MT billions)	0.6	2.6	0.8	3.0
Holding companies				
(R billions)	0.1	-	0.2	-
Cumulative capital				
Expenditure	28.5	-	34.1	-

The Group invested R6.7 billion (2006: R5.1 billion) in property, plant and equipment (R6.1 billion) and computer software (R0.6 billion) for 2007, of which R5.2 billion (2006: R4.2 billion) was for cellular network infrastructure (excluding software).

Property, plant and equipment (including software), sold and scrapped, amounted to R1,956.9 million (2006: R689.7 million).

Foreign currency translation differences increased cumulative capital expenditure by R793.0 million (2006: decrease of R418.0 million).

It is Vodacom's policy to hedge all foreign denominated commitments of South African operations. However, Vodacom does not qualify for hedge accounting in terms of IAS 39 and therefore, all capital expenditure in South Africa is recorded at the exchange rate ruling at the date of acceptance of the equipment. Capital expenditure of Vodacom's non-South African operations is translated at the average exchange rate of the Rand against the operation's reporting currency for the period, while closing capital expenditure is translated at the closing exchange rate of the Rand against the reporting currency. For this reason, Vodacom's capital expenditure in any given year cannot be properly

evaluated without taking the exchange rate movements against the Rand into account, which are shown under the section "Financial instruments and risk management".

FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND FUNDING Summary of net debt and maturity profile

	Rand millions Repayment of 2007 debt						
Year ended March 31,	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012 on	2013 wards
Finance leases South Africa Funding loans Vodacom Tanzania Shareholder and project finance	729	114	194	99	162	83	77
loans Vodacom Congo	212	95	117	-	-	-	-
preference share liability	270	270	_	_	_	_	_
Vodacom International term loan	1,312	_	_	1,312	_	_	_
Other	33	23	1	-	-	-	9
Debt excluding bank							
overdrafts Bank	2,556	502	312	1,411	162	83	86
overdrafts	879	879	-	-	-	-	-
Gross debt Bank and cash	3,435	1,381	312	1,411	162	83	86
balances	(771)	(771)	-	-	_	-	-
Net debt	2,664	610	312	1,411	162	83	86

Vodacom's net debt position increased to R2.7 billion (2006: R709 million) as at March 31, 2007.

The Group's net debt to EBITDA ratio was 18.7% (2006: 6.0%) while Vodacom's net debt to equity ratio increased to 27.6% (2006: 8.2%). However, the final dividend of R2.9 billion payable to the Group's shareholders should be taken into account when evaluating the net debt to equity ratio, due to these dividends being paid very soon after year-end. In addition, in terms of covenant calculations, certain intangible assets are excluded from the calculation. If the shareholders for dividends and the secondary taxation on companies ("STC") thereon are included in, and certain intangible assets as well as minority interest are excluded from the calculation, the adjusted net debt to equity ratio at March 31, 2007, increased to 72.8% (2006: 50.5%).

Funding sources

Vodacom's ongoing objective is to fund all its non-South African operations by means of project finance, structured such that there is no recourse to our South African operations. Strong South African cash fiows would therefore be utilised principally to pay dividends and make new growth enhancing investments. The Group utilises its own funds and supported funding structures, subject to South African Reserve Bank approval to fund offshore investments in the initial stages of the investment, until the project is able to support project funding. Non-recourse funding for non-South African operations is not always suitable to an explosive high customer growth environment due to the capital expenditure requirements thereof.

While Vodacom has project funding in place for its Tanzania investment at this stage, Vodacom Congo and Vodacom Mozambique are still substantially dependent on funding and guarantees from South Africa. These operations are funded by a mix of market priced direct loans as well as security to facilitate their own credit lines.

In South Africa, debt consisted primarily of finance lease liabilities and short term money market borrowings at variable interest rates.

Financial instruments and risk management

Subject to central bank regulations in the various countries as well as local market condition restrictions, Vodacom actively manages foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk on an ongoing basis.

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Foreign exchange rates

	Rand exchange rate			% change		
Year ended March 31,	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07	
US Dollar ("US\$")						
Average	6.24	6.40	7.05	2.6	10.2	
Closing	6.27	6.19	7.29	(1.3)	17.8	
Tanzanian Shilling ("TSH")						
Average	175.01	180.72	182.02	3.3	0.7	
Closing	176.68	198.03	170.83	12.1	(13.7)	
Mozambique Metical ("MT")						
Average	3.42	3.89	3.73	13.7	(4.1)	
Closing	3.12	4.37	3.63	40.1	(16.9)	

CASH FLOW

Vodacom had a positive free cash flow before shareholder distributions and financing activities of R3.7 billion (2006: R3.2 billion), an increase of 13.8% when compared to the previous year. The cash generated from operations of R13.9 billion had a positive variance of R2.8 billion (2006: positive variance of R1.1 billion) compared to the previous year.

CONCLUSION

Vodacom realises that people make this industry what it is. I would like to thank all of Vodacom's employees for their contribution in making this company the successful market leader it is. Our customers and business partners also deserve a word of thanks for their continued support and commitment.

Vodacom remains committed to make mobile services and products as affordable as possible so that even more people can share in the magic we call Vodacom.

Oyama Mabandla Non-executive Chairman

Alan Knott-Craig Chief Executive Officer

SEGMENT KEY OPERATIONAL INDICATORS SOUTH AFRICA

		Year ended	March 31,	% cha	inge
	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
Customers					
(thousands)1	12,838	19,162	23,004	49.3	20.1
Contract	1,872	2,362	3,013	26.2	27.6
Prepaid	10,941	16,770	19,896	53.3	18.6
Community services	25	30	95	20.0	>200
Gross connections					
(thousands)2	6,180	9,140	10,859	47.9	18.8
Contract	434	506	666	16.6	31.6
Prepaid	5,742	8,618	10,124	50.1	17.5
Community services	4	16	69	>200	>200
Inactives					
(3 months - %)	7.9	8.7	10.7	0.8pts	2.0pts
Contract	1.5	2.4	3.1	0.9pts	-
Prepaid	9.0	9.6		0.6pts	
Total churn (%)3	27.1			(9.4pts)	-
Contract	9.1	10.0	9.7	0.9pts	(0.3pts)
Prepaid	30.3	18.8	37.5	(11.5pts)	
Traffic (millions of				. 1 /	-
minutes)4	14,218	17,066	20,383	20.0	19.4
Outgoing	9,231	11,354		23.0	20.1
Incoming	4,987	5,712		14.5	18.1
ARPU (Rand per			•		
month)5	163	139	125	(14.7)	(10.1)
Contract	624	572	517	(8.3)	(9.6)
Prepaid	78	69	63	(11.5)	(8.7)
Community services	2,321	1,796	902	(22.6)	(49.8)
Minutes of use					
per month6	84	74	69	(11.9)	(6.8)
Contract	226	206	188	(8.8)	(8.7)
Prepaid	52	49	47	(5.8)	(4.1)
Community services	3,185	2,327	1,151	(26.9)	(50.5)
Gross capex spend					
(Rand millions)7	2,777	4,384	4,993	57.9	13.9
Capex as a %			•		
of revenue (%)	11.1	14.1	13.5	3.0pts	(0.6pts)
Cumulative capex				-	· <u>-</u> ·
(Rand millions)7	20,358	24,095	27,310	18.4	13.3
Capex per			•		
customer (Rand)	1,515	1,257	1,187	(17.0)	(5.6)

Number of employees8	3,954	4,148	4,388	4.9	5.8
Customers per	0.045			10.0	10 5
employee Estimated mobile	3,247	4,619	5,242	42.3	13.5
penetration (%)9	49	71	84	22pts	13pts
Estimated mobile market share (%)9	56	58	58	2pts	-

Notes

1. Customer totals are based on the total number of customers registered on Vodacom's network, which have not been disconnected, including inactive customers, as at the end of the period indicated.

2. The 2005 and 2006 gross connections have been restated due to a change in the Group's reporting policy. Conversions between categories have now been excluded from gross connections. The following are the connections including conversions for 2005 and 2006 respectively, based on the old policy: Contract: 610; 702, Prepaid: 5,566; 8,422.

3. Churn is calculated by dividing the average monthly number of disconnections during the period by the average monthly total reported customer base during the period.

4. Traffic comprises total traffic registered on Vodacom's network, including bundled minutes, outgoing international roaming calls and calls to free services, but excluding national roaming and incoming international roaming calls.

5. ARPU is calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue during the period by the average monthly total reported customer base during the period. ARPU excludes revenues from equipment sales, other sales and services and revenues from national and international users roaming on Vodacom's networks.

6. Minutes of use per month is calculated by dividing the average monthly minutes during the period by the average monthly total reported customer base during the period. Minutes of use exclude calls to free services, bundled minutes and data minutes.

7. Including computer software.

8. Temporary employees previously included in 2005 and 2006 are now being excluded from the number of employees.

9. Estimated mobile penetration and market share is calculated based on Vodacom's total reported customers and the estimated total reported customers of MTN and Cell C.

SEGMENT KEY OPERATIONAL INDICATORS (CONTINUED)

VODACOM TANZANIA

		Year ended	March 31,	% ch	ange
	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
Customers					
(thousands)1	1,201	2,091	3,247	74,1	55,3
Contract	5	7	14	40.0	100.0
Prepaid	1,193	2,081	3,223	74.4	54.9
Community services	3	3	10	-	>200
Gross connections					
(thousands)	746	1,353	2,092	81.4	54.6
Churn (%)	29.6	28.5	35.6	(1.1pts)	7.1pts
ARPU (Rand)2	81	67	52	(17.3)	(22.4)
Gross capex spend					
(Rand millions)	234	318	957	35.9	>200
Capex as a %					
of revenue (%)	24.4	24.3	55.3	(0.1pts)	31.0pts
Cumulative capex					
(Rand millions)	1,359	1,503	2,674	10.6	77.9
Number of employees3	340	438	527	28.8	20.3
Customers per employee	3,532	4,774	6,161	35.2	29.1
Estimated mobile					
penetration (%)4	5	9	16	4pts	7pts
Estimated mobile					
market share (%)4	59	58	55	(1pt)	(3pts)

VODACOM CONGO

	Year ended March 31,			% change		
	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07	
Customers						
(thousands)1	1,032	1,571	2,632	52,2	67,5	
Contract	10	14	17	40.0	21.4	
Prepaid	1,010	1,538	2,587	52.3	68.2	
Community services	12	19	28	58.3	47.4	
Gross connections						
(thousands)	565	892	1,688	57.9	89.2	
Churn (%)	23.1	28.1	30.4	5.0pts	2.3pts	
ARPU (Rand)2	98	86	77	(12.2)	(10.5)	
Gross capex spend						
(Rand millions)	335	273	506	(18.5)	85.3	

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Capex as a %						
of revenue (%)	31.2	20.5	26.4	(10.7pts)	5.9pts	
Cumulative capex						
(Rand millions)	1,759	2,000	2,852	13.7	42.6	
Number of employees3	527	479	627	(9.1)	30.9	
Customers per employee	1,958	3,279	4,198	67.5	28.0	
Estimated mobile						
penetration (%)4	4	б	9	2pts	3pts	
Estimated mobile						
market share (%)4	47	48	47	lpt	(lpt)	

SEGMENT KEY OPERATIONAL INDICATORS VODACOM LESOTHO

		Year ended	March 31,	% ch	ange
	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
Customers					
(thousands)1	147	206	279	40,1	35,4
Contract	4	3	3	(25.0)	-
Prepaid	142	200	272	40.8	36.0
Community services	1	3	4	200.0	33.3
Gross connections					
(thousands)	70	98	119	40.0	21.4
Churn (%)	17.3	22.3	19.0	5.0pts	(3.3pts)
ARPU (Rand)2	92	78	75	(15.2)	(3.8)
Gross capex spend					
(Rand millions)	10	26	25	160.0	(3.8)
Capex as a %					
of revenue (%)	7.3	15.2	11.0	7.9pts	(4.2pts)
Cumulative capex					
(Rand millions)	211	225	184	6.6	(18.2)
Number of employees3	63	67	60	6.3	(10.4)
Customers per employee	2,333	3,071	4,644	31.6	51.2
Estimated mobile					
penetration (%)4	7	13	17	6pts	4pts
Estimated mobile					
market share (%)4	80	80	80	-	-

VODACOM MOZAMBIQUE

	Year ended March 31,		% change		
	2005	2006	2007	05/06	06/07
Customers					
(thousands)1	265	490	988	84,9	101,6
Contract	4	8	15	100.0	87.5
Prepaid	261	482	973	84.7	101.9
Gross connections					
(thousands)	225	342	797	52.0	133.0
Churn (%)	11.3	32.2	41.7	20.9pts	9.5pts
ARPU (Rand)2	52	36	28	(30.8)	(22.2)
Gross capex spend					
(Rand millions)	115	121	85	5.2	(29.8)
Capex as a %					
of revenue (%)	109.7	76.8	31.7	(32.9pts)	(45.1pts)
Cumulative capex					
(Rand millions)	696	605	816	(13.1)	34.9
Number of employees3	109	170	129	56.0	(24.1)
Customers per employee	2,431	2,885	7,659	18.7	165.5
Estimated mobile					
penetration (%)4	4	8	14	4pts	6pts
Estimated mobile					
market share (%)4	33	30	35	(3pts)	5pts

Notes

1. Customer totals are based on the total number of customers registered on Vodacom's network which have not been disconnected, including inactive customers, as of end of the period indicated.

2. ARPU is calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue during the period by the average monthly total reported customer base during the period. ARPU excludes revenue from equipment sales, other sales and services and revenue from national and international users roaming on Vodacom's networks.

3. Headcount includes secondees. Temporary employees previously included in 2005 and 2006 are now being excluded from the number of employees.

4. Estimated mobile penetration and market share is calculated based on Vodacom estimates.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS for the three years ended March 31, 2007

	2005 Restated	2006 Restated	2007
	Rm	Rm	Rm
Revenue	27,315.3	34,042.5	41,146.4
Other operating income	63.8	125.1	119.8
Direct network operating			
cost	(14,617.8)		(22,439.8)
Depreciation	(2,413.6)	(2,651.6)	(2,901.8)
Staff expenses	(1,652.9)	(2,042.1)	(2,372.5)
Marketing and advertising			
expenses	(767.3)	(976.9)	(1,146.4)
Other operating expenses	(751.3)	(1,042.7)	(1,063.6)
Amortisation of intangible			
assets	(429.6)	(344.2)	(459.4)
Impairment of assets	(268.4)	52.8	(22.9)
Profit from operations	6,478.2	8,865.7	10,859.8
Interest, dividends and	0,1,0,2	0,000.	10,000.0
other financial income	622.9	611.7	1,336.2
Finance costs	(599.6)	(1,250.9)	(1,800.0)
	(,	(_//	(_/
Profit before taxation	6,501.5	8,226.5	10,396.0
Taxation	(2,613.3)	(3,083.7)	(3,836.0)
Net profit	3,888.2	5,142.8	6,560.0
Attributable to:			
Equity shareholders	3,857.4	5,026.1	6,342.4
Minority interests	30.8	116.7	217.6
	0005	0000	0005
	2005	2006	2007
Desig and diluted countrys	R	R	R
Basic and diluted earnings			624 240
per share	385,740	502,610	634,240
Dividend per share	340,000	450,000	540,000
Dividend per snare	540,000	450,000	540,000

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS as at March 31, 2007

	2005 Restated	2006 Restated	2007
ASSETS	Rm	Rm	Rm
Non-current assets	13,888.4	16,079.2	20,844.3
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Financial assets Deferred taxation Deferred cost Lease assets	11,576.9 1,644.3 93.3 308.1 236.9 28.9	13,386.6 1,954.9 92.1 297.6 311.2 36.8	17,073.2 2,700.3 209.5 386.1 396.4 78.8
Current asset	8,706.4	8,688.6	7,625.9
Deferred cost Short-term financial assets Inventory Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	428.3 187.1 479.5 3,621.4 3,990.1 22,594.8	451.8 149.3 454.3 4,487.1 3,146.1 24,767.8	574.8 207.5 364.3 5,707.9 771.4 28,470.2
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity	22,391.0	24,707.0	20,470.2
Ordinary share capital Retained earnings Non-distributable reserves Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent Minority interests	* 8,059.1 (299.9) 7,759.2 128.7	* 8,583.0 (194.0) 8,389.0 283.3	* 9,523.2 (97.4) 9,425.8 221.2
Total equity	7,887.9	8,672.3	9,647.0
Non-current liabilities	3,233.1	2,236.6	3,812.1
Interest bearing debt Non-interest bearing debt	2,213.5	819.2	2,051.4 3.0

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Deferred taxation	472.1	602.3	757.3
Deferred revenue	240.7	320.3	412.3
Provisions	184.4	372.3	377.5
Other non-current liabilities	122.4	122.5	210.6
Current liabilities	11,473.8	13,858.9	15,011.1
Trade and other payables	4,830.8	5,104.7	6,874.4
Deferred revenue	1,411.4	1,604.5	1,904.8
Taxation payable	632.6	630.2	1,112.7
Non-interest bearing debt	4.3	4.3	_
Short-term interest			
bearing debt	381.6	1,645.5	501.0
Short-term provisions	595.0	623.0	741.8
Dividends payable	1,800.0	2,800.0	2,990.0
Derivative financial			
liabilities	1.0	60.9	7.2
Bank borrowings	1,817.1	1,385.8	879.2
Total equity and			
liabilities	22,594.8	24,767.8	28,470.2

*Share capital R100

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGE IN EQUITY for the three years ended March 31, 2007

	Attribut	table to equity	shareholders
	Share	Retained	Non-
	Capital	earnings	distributable
			reserves
	Rm	Rm	Rm
Balance at March 31, 2004	*	7,836.1	(324.9)
Net profit for the year	-	3,857.4	-
Dividends declared	-	(3,400.0)	-
Contingency reserve	-	(1.0)	1.0
Acquired reserves from			
the minorities of Vodacom			
Congo (RDC) s.p.r.l.	-	(233.4)	82.1
Business combinations and			
other acquisitions	-	-	-

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Revaluation of available- for-sale investments Net gains and losses not recognised in the income statement Foreign currency	-	_	0.2
translation reserve	-	-	(58.3)
<pre>Balance at March 31, 2005 - restated Net profit for the year Dividends declared Contingency reserve Business combinations and other acquisitions Minority shares of VM, S.A.R.L. Revaluation of available- for-sale investments Net gains and losses not recognised in the income statement Foreign currency</pre>	* - - -	8,059.1 5,026.1 (4,500.0) (2.2) - - -	(299.9) - - 2.2 - - (0.2)
translation reserve	-	-	103.9
Balance at March 31, 2006 - restated Net profit for the year Dividends declared Contingency reserve Business combinations and	* - -	8,583.0 6,342.4 (5,400.0) (2.2)	(194.0) _ _ 2.2
other acquisitions Net gains and losses not recognised in the income statement Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	- 94.4
Balance at March 31, 2007	*	9,523.2	(97.4)
*Share capital R100		7,525.2	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGE IN EQUITY (CONTINUED) for the three years ended March 31, 2007

	Total Rm	Minority Interests Rm	Total equity Rm
Balance at March 31, 2004	7,511.2	93.0	7,604.2
Net profit for the year	3,857.4	30.8	3,888.2
Dividends declared	(3,400.0)	(3.8)	(3,403.8)
Contingency reserve	-	-	-
Acquired reserves from			
the minorities of Vodacom	(151 2)		
Congo (RDC) s.p.r.l. Business combinations and	(151.3)	-	(151.3)
other acquisitions	_	10.1	10.1
Revaluation of available-		10.1	10.1
for-sale investments	0.2	0.1	0.3
Net gains and losses			
not recognised in the			
income statement			
Foreign currency	(50.2)		(50.0)
translation reserve	(58.3)	(1.5)	(59.8)
Balance at March 31, 2005			
- restated	7,759.2	128.7	7,887.9
Net profit for the year	5,026.1	116.7	5,142.8
Dividends declared	(4,500.0)	(0.9)	(4,500.9)
Contingency reserve	-	-	-
Business combinations and			
other acquisitions Minority shares of VM,	-	46.5	46.5
S.A.R.L.	_	8.0	8.0
Revaluation of available-		0.0	0.0
for-sale investments	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.3)
Net gains and losses			
not recognised in the			
income statement			
Foreign currency	102.0		00.0
translation reserve	103.9	(15.6)	88.3
Balance at March 31, 2006			
- restated	8,389.0	283.3	8,672,3
Net profit for the year	6,342.4	217.6	6,560.0
Dividends declared	(5,400.0)	(170.8)	(5,570.8)

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Contingency reserve	_	_	_
Business combinations and			
other acquisitions	-	(136.4)	(136.4)
Net gains and losses			
not recognised in the			
income statement			
Foreign currency			
translation reserve	94.4	27.5	121.9
Balance at March 31, 2007	9,425.8	221.2	9,647.0

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS for the three years ended March 31, 2007

	2005 Restated Rm	2006 Restated Rm	2007 Rm
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers and employees	27,078.8 (17,066.8)	33,132.7 (22,042.4)	40,380.0 (26,513.9)
Cash generated from operations Finance costs paid Interest, dividends and other	10,012.0 (259.2)	11,090.3 (446.4)	
financial income received Taxation paid Dividends paid -		338.6 (2,980.3)	
equity shareholders Dividends paid -		(3,500.0)	(5,300.0)
minority shareholders Net cash flows from	(5.2)	(0.9)	(80.8)
operating activities	4,150.0	4,501.3	4,858.3
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(3,253.4)	(4,788.4)	(5,955.3)
and intangible assets	20.1	31.2	98.3

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Business combinations and			
acquisitions	(289.8)	(0.1)	(591.2)
Acquired cash from Vodacom			
Congo (RDC) s.p.r.l.	12.9	-	-
Other investing activities	136.0	(33.5)	(135.7)
Net cash flows utilized in			
investing activities	(3,374.2)	(4,790.8)	(6,583.9)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Non-interest bearing debt			
Incurred	-	-	3.0
Interest bearing debt incurred	1,165.3	32.3	6.0
Interest bearing debt repaid	(1,332.3)		
Finance lease capital repaid	(28.1)	(50.2)	(67.7)
Net cash flows utilized in			
financing activities	(195.1)	(107.6)	(200.0)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	580.7	(397.1)	(1,925.6)
Cash and cash equivalents at		0 172 0	1 760 2
the beginning of the year Effect of foreign exchange	1,597.7	2,173.0	1,760.3
rate changes	(5.4)	(15.6)	57.5
(DANIX DODOGITNICO) (CA CIL AND CA CIL			
(BANK BORROWINGS)/CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	2 173 0	1,760.3	(107.8)
EVOLVERING AT THE FUN OF THE IEAK	2,1/3.0	1,700.5	(107.0)

Highlights 2007

Total customers increased by 28.2% to 30.2 million

Customers increased by 20.1% to 23.0 million in South Africa Customers increased by 55.3% to 3.2 million in Tanzania Customers increased by 67.5% to 2.6 million in the Democratic Republic of Congo Customers increased by 35.4% to 279 thousand in Lesotho Customers increased by 101.6% to 988 thousand in Mozambique

Revenue increased by 20.9% to R41.1 billion

Profit from operations increased by 22.5% to R10.9 billion

EBITDA increased by 20.5% to R14.2 billion

Net profit after taxation increased by 27.6% to R6.6 billion

Cash generated from operations increased by 25.0% to R13.9 billion Dividends declared to Group shareholders increased by 20.0% to R5.4 billion

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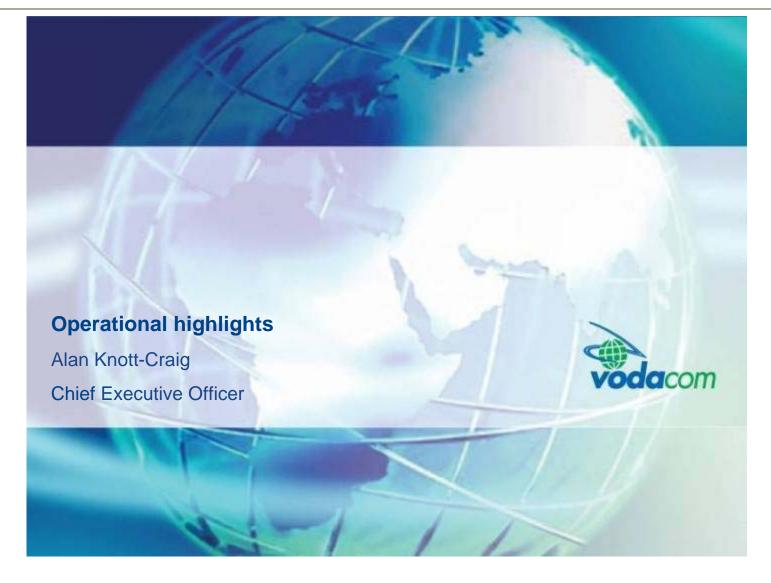
Insofar as the shareholders Vodacom Group (Proprietary) Limited are listed and offer their shares publicly for sale on recognized stock exchanges locally and/or internationally, potential investors in the shares of Vodacom Group (Proprietary) Limited's shareholders are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this presentation.

EXHIBIT 99.5



The World... Connected

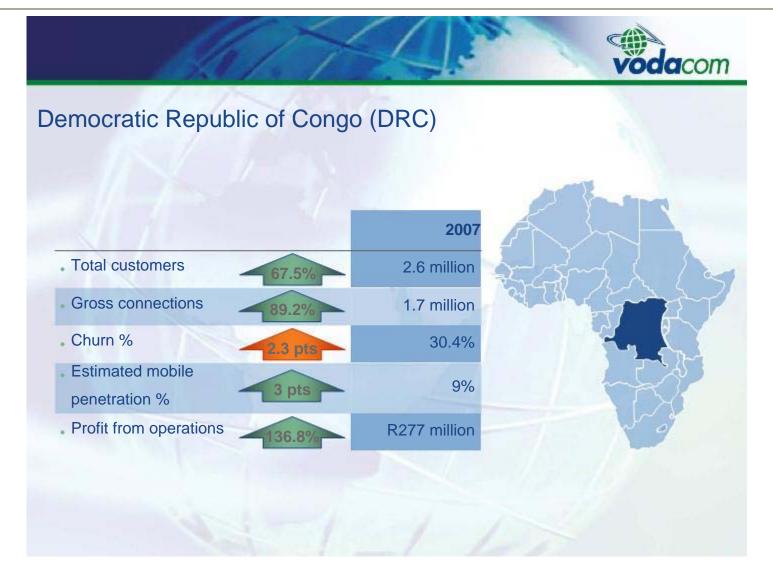




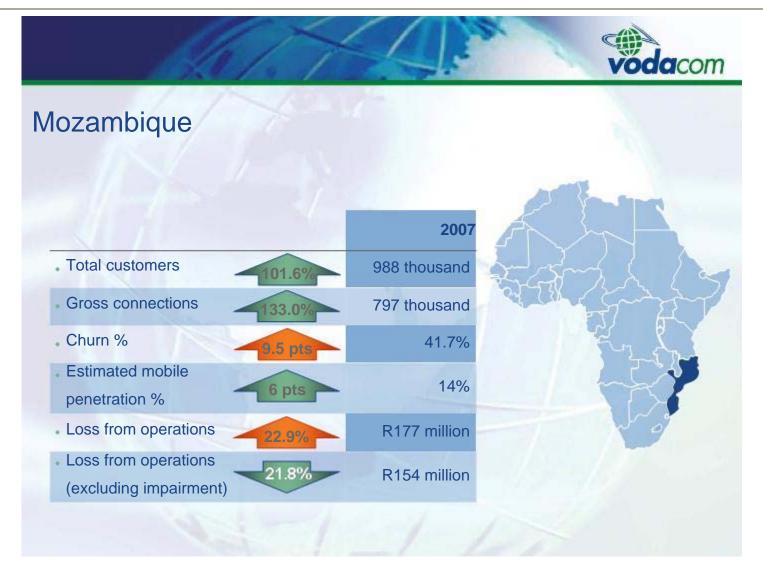


• Total customers • Gross connections • Gross connections	
Gross connections	07
	n stand la
	n REAL STAT
Churn % 33.8	× K. L
Estimated mobile penetration %	%
Profit from operations	n d

anzania		
	2007	A
. Total customers 55.3%	3.2 million	l ha
Gross connections	2.1 million	\sim_2
Churn %	35.6%	
Estimated mobile penetration %	16%	
Profit from operations 31.6%	R346 million	er of
Drofit from operations		e de la compañía de la



Lesotho		vodacom
	2007	ACE
Total customers 35.4%	279 thousand	stand la
Gross connections 21.4%	119 thousand	WILL STAT
Churn %	19.0%	Fin LY
Estimated mobile penetration %	17%	
• Profit from operations	R75 million	









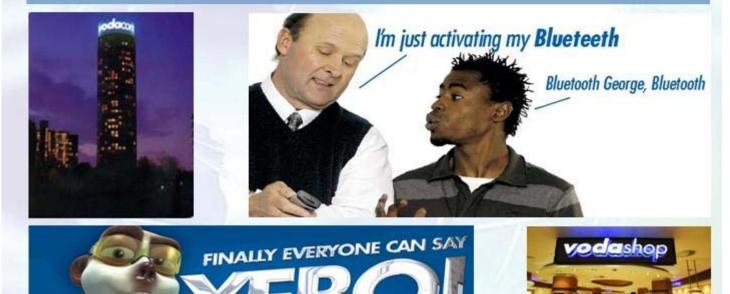








Voted most popular telecommunications brand and second most recognised brand after Coca-Cola (Markinor / Sunday Times Top Brands)







Regulation

Regulation

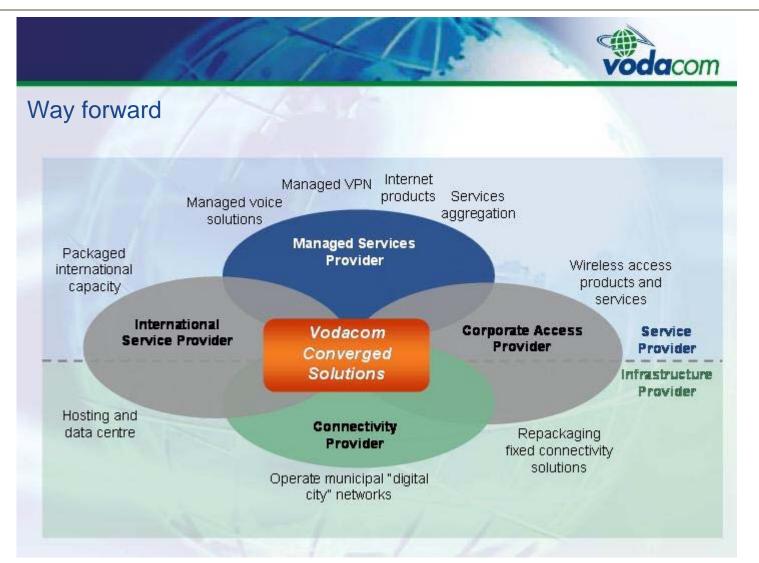
- New licence regime / ECA
 - Will bring new players into the market
 - Facilitates MVNO access to market
 - Vodacom will be converting its licences into an electronic communications network and an electronic communications service licence
 - Converting licences to new framework may be lengthy and complex

Customer registration legislation and MNP

- Affects informal distribution channel
- Remains threat to industry
- Government re-evaluating introduction
- Vodacom pro-active in commencing registration process
- MNP had no major impact as less than 1% of Vodacom customers utilised it
 - -Contract: 4,283 (net porting in)
 - -Prepaid: (10,301) (net porting out)
- Reduction in mobile termination rates
 - Pro-actively engaged with regulator



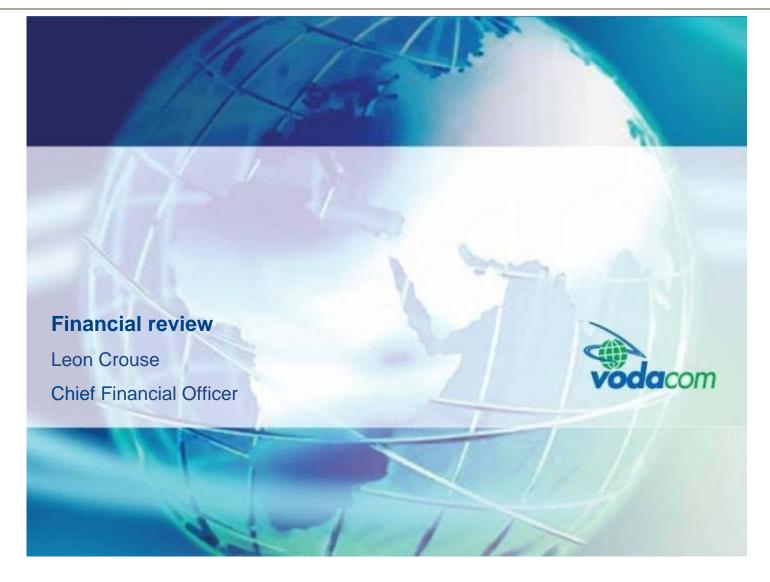
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Way forward (continued)

- Grow and consolidate current business
- Focus on improving customer service and loyalty
- Focus on data growth
- Continue to seek financially viable opportunities in Africa
- Seek out new associated business opportunities in South Africa
- Gear up to provide total converged solutions to Corporates



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Group income statement Extracts for the year ended March 31,

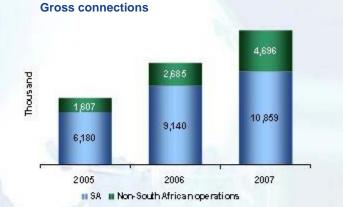
R million	2005	2006	2007	% change
Revenue	27,315	34,043	41,146	20.9%
Operating expenses excluding depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(17,725)	(22,234)	(26,919)	(21.1%)
EBITDA	9,590	11,809	14,227	20.5%
Depreciation and amortisation	(2,844)	(2,996)	(3,361)	(12.2%)
Impairment	(268)	53	(23)	(143.4%)
Profit on sale of investments	-	- 15	17	>200%
Profit from operations	6,478	8,866	10,860	22.5%
Net finance (costs) / income	(106)	(119)	(295)	(147.9%)
IAS revaluations	130	(520)	(169)	67.5%
Profit before tax	6,502	8,227	10,396	26.4%
Taxation	(2,614)	(3,084)	(3,836)	(24.4%)
Net profit	3,888	5,143	6,560	27.6%

Effective tax rate 36.9% vs. 37.5% prior year

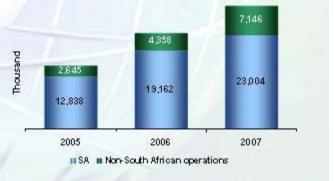


Group operational indicators

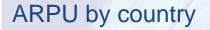
- Gross connections up 31.5% year on year to a record high of 15.6 million
- Customers up 28.2% year on year to 30.2 million
- Total traffic in South Africa increased by 19.4% year on year to 20.4 billion minutes



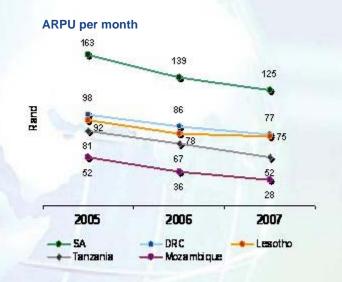
Closing customers



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- Declining ARPUs
- SA decreased 10.1% to R125
- DRC decreased 10.5% to R77
- Lesotho decreased 3.8% to R75
- Tanzania decreased 22.4% to R52
- Mozambique decreased 22.2% to R28
- Vodacom Group consolidated ARPU decreased 12.6% year on year from R127 to R111





South Africa ARPU

- Contract ARPU decreased
 9.6% year on year to R517
- Prepaid ARPU decreased 8.7% year on year to R63
- Total ARPU decreased
 10.1% year on year to R125
- Lower incoming revenue per customer
- Lower average usage
- Customer mix

South Africa ARPU per month





Group revenue By country

R million	2005	2006	2007	% change
South Africa, including holding companies	25,041	31,069	37,007	19.1%
Tanzania	959	1,312	1,729	31.8%
DRC	1,075	1,334	1,914	43.5%
Lesotho	137	170	227	33.5%
Mozambique	103	158	269	70.3%
	27,315	34,043	41,146	20.9%

Revenue driven by strong customer growth

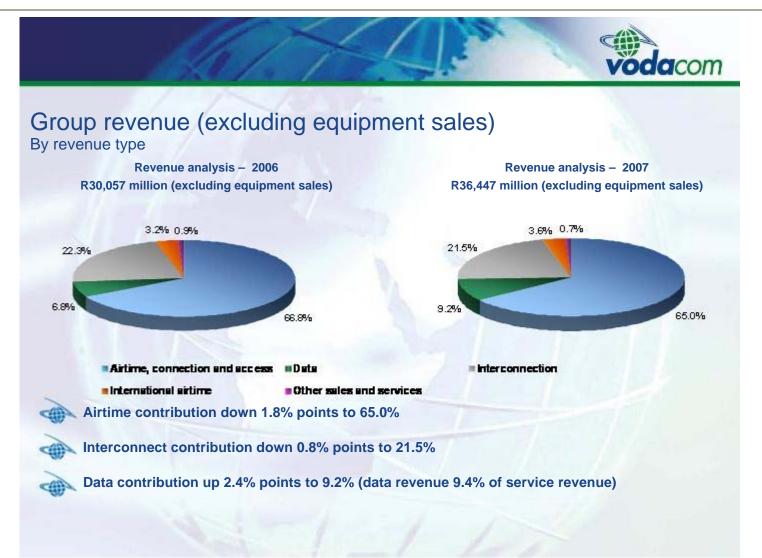
Non-South African operations contributing 10.1% (2006: 8.7%)



Group revenue Revenue composition

R million	2005	2006	2007	% change
Airtime, connection & access	16,191	20,085	23,708	18.0%
Data	1,340	2,038	3,342	64.0%
Interconnection	5,924	6,697	7,835	17.0%
Equipment sales	2,687	3,986	4,699	17.9%
International airtime	887	971	1,306	34.5%
Other sales and services	286	266	256	(3.8%)
	27,315	34,043	41,146	20.9%

Revenue growth, excluding equipment sales was 21.3%



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EBITDA and margin analysis

EBITDA performance

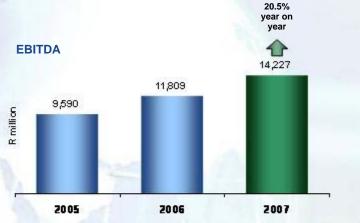
- Increased 20.5% year on year to R14.2 billion
- EBITDA margin decreased 0.1% points year on year to 34.6%
- EBITDA margin 39.9%, when excluding cellular phone and equipment sales

South Africa EBITDA

- Increased 17.3% year on year to R13.0 billion
- EBITDA margin decreased 0.6% points year on year to 35.0%

EBITDA for non-South African operations

- Increased 56.6% year on year to R1.2 billion
- Non-South African operations contributed 8.5% of total vs. 6.6% for the same period in the previous financial year
- Mozambique EBITDA is negative R69 million
- Tanzania EBITDA margin decreased: increase in excise duty on airtime of 40%; drought; power rationing; inflated fuel prices





EBITDA margin by country

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Group profit from operations

By country

				%
R million	2005	2006	2007	change
South Africa	6,618	8,602	10,293	19.7%
Tanzania	183	263	346	31.6%
DRC	50	117	277	136.8%
Lesotho	25	51	75	47.1%
Mozambique	(454)	(144)	(177)	(22.9%)
Holding companies	56	(23)	46	>200%
	6,478	8,866	10,860	22.5%
Profit from operations margin (%)	23.7%	26.0%	26.4%	0.4% pts

Customer growth of 28.2% to 30.2 million

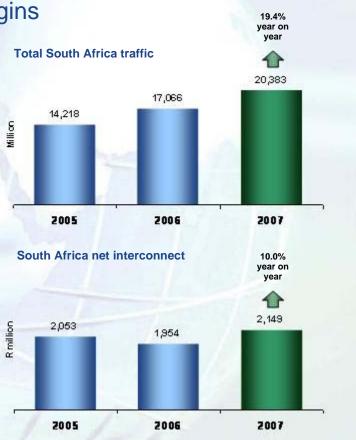
Revenue growth of 20.9% vs. operating expenses growth of 20.3%



Factors affecting trends and margins

South Africa traffic mix

- Outgoing traffic increased 20.1% year on year to 13.6 billion minutes:
 - Outgoing fixed increased by 2.6% to 1.2 billion
 - Outgoing mobile increased by 22.2% 12.4 billion
- Incoming traffic increased 18.1% year on year to 6.7 billion minutes:
 - Incoming fixed increased by 3.0% to 2.4 billion
 - Incoming mobile increased by 29.1% to 4.3 billion
- Mobile to mobile traffic increased by 23.9% to 16.7 billion minutes
- Mobile/fixed traffic increased by 2.9% to 3.7 billion minutes
- A 20% reduction in average mobile termination rates will reduce profit from operations by approximately R430 million



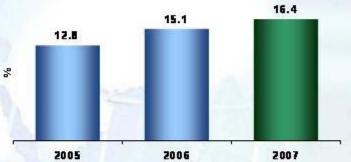


Productivity measures

- Consolidated customers per employee
 Increased 18.2% year on year to 5,093 based on 5,920 employees
- Consolidated gross capex additions as a % of revenue increased to 16.4% from 15.1% for the same period in the previous financial year

- Investment in new technologies

- Increased capacity for data and voice
- Gross capex additions was R6.7 billion vs R5.1 billion in the previous financial year

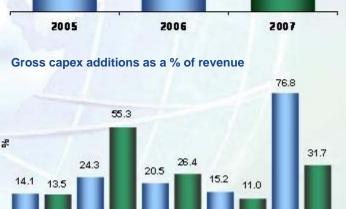


Gross capex additions as a % of revenue

SA

Tanz

2006

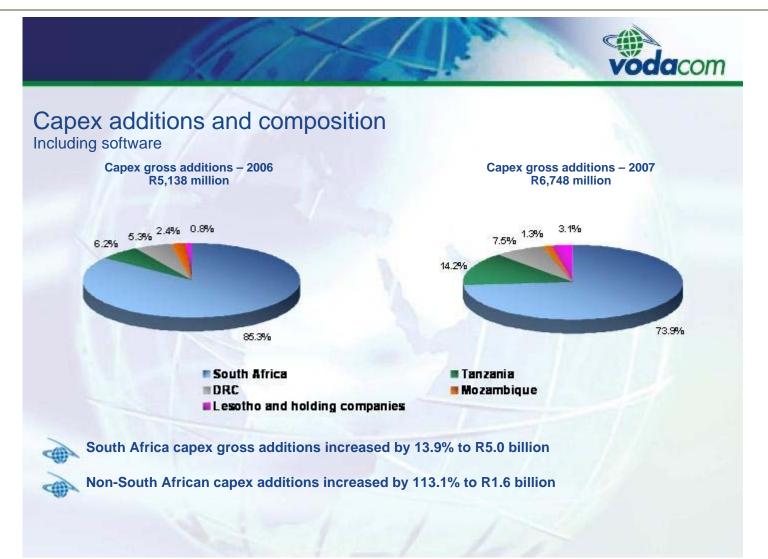


DRC

2007

Les

Moz

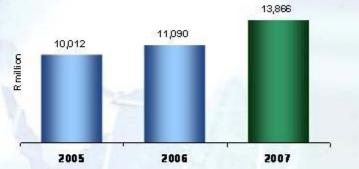




Cash generation

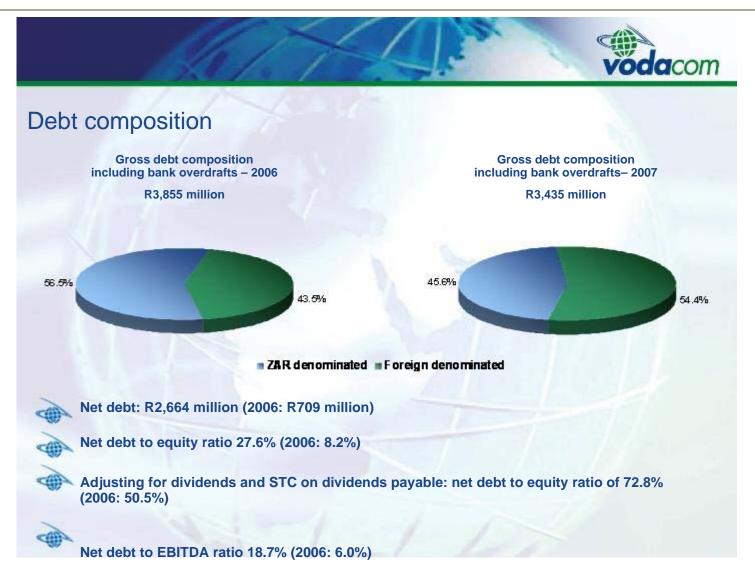
- EBITDA increased by R2.4 billion
- Cash generated from operations increased 25.0% to R13.9 billion
- Free cash flow increased
 13.8% to R3.7 billion

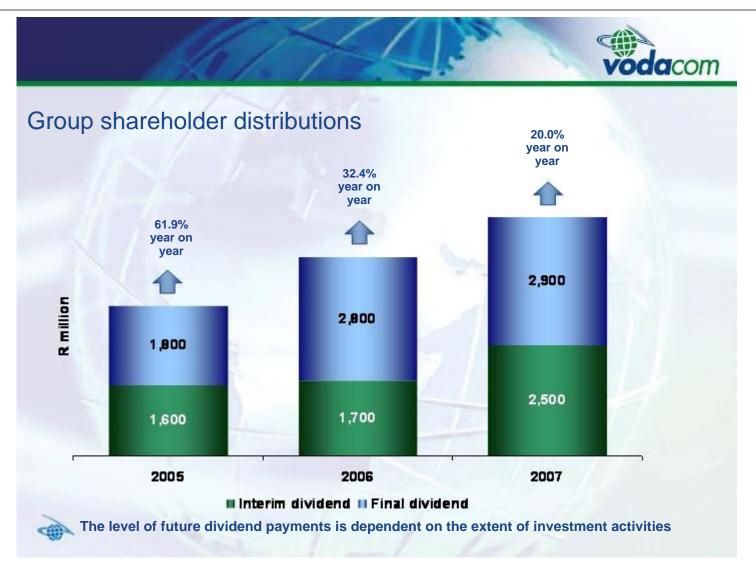
Cash generated from operations















Group balance sheet Extracts at March 31,

R million	2005	2006	2007	% change
ASSETS				
Non-current assets	13,889	16,079	20,844	29.6%
Current assets	8,706	8,689	7,626	(12.2%)
Total assets	22,595	24,768	28,470	14.9%
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Capital and reserves	7,888	8,672	9,647	11.2%
Non-current liabilities	3,233	2,236	3,812	70.5%
Current liabilities	11,474	13,860	15,011	8.3%
Total equity and liabilities	22,595	24,768	28,470	14.9%



Group cash flow statement Extracts for the year ended March 31,

R million	2005	2006	2007	% change
Cash generated from operations	10,012	11,090	13,866	25.0%
Net cash flows from operating activities	4,150	4,501	4,858	7.9%
Net cash flows utilised in investing activities	(3,374)	(4,791)	(6,584)	(37.4%)
Net cash flows utilised in financing activities	(195)	(107)	(200)	(86.9%)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	581	(397)	(1,926)	(>200%)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,598	2,173	1,760	(19.0%)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(6)	(16)	58	>200%
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,173	1,760	(108)	(106.1%)

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Telkom SA Limited (Registration number 1991/005476/06) ISIN ZAE000044897 JSE and NYSE Share code TKG ("Telkom")

Declaration of ordinary dividend No 12 and special dividend

Notice is hereby given that an ordinary dividend No 12 of 600 cents per share and a special dividend of 500 cents per share in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2007 has been declared payable on Monday 9 July 2007 to shareholders recorded in the register of the company at close of business on Friday 6 July 2007.

Holders of ordinary shares

Salient dates	2007
Last day to trade cum dividend	Friday 29 June
Shares trade ex dividend	Monday 2 July
Record date	Friday 6 July
Payment date	Monday 9 July

Share certificates may not be dematerialised or rematerialised between Monday 2 July 2007 and Friday 6 July 2007 both days inclusive.

On the Monday 9 July 2007, dividends due to holders of certificated securities on the South African register will either be transferred electronically to shareholders' bank accounts or, in the absence of suitable mandates, dividend cheques will be posted to such shareholders.

Dividends in respect of dematerialised shareholders will be credited to shareholders' account with their relevant CSDP or broker.

Holders of American Depositary Shares

	2007
Ex dividend on the New York Stock Exchange	Monday 2 July
Record date	Friday 6 July
Approximate date for currency conversion into US dollars	Monday 9 July
Approximate date for payment of dividend	Monday 23 July

By order of the board

SF Linford Group Company Secretary Pretoria 13 June 2007



Telkom price reductions in the pipeline

13 June 2007

In its drive to make telecommunications more affordable and accessible, while aligning tariffs with cost and growing our business, Telkom customers - especially DSL subscribers - will benefit from overall price reductions from August 1 this year if price changes filed by Telkom are approved by the Independent Communication Authority of South Africa (ICASA).

Media Release

"We are reducing our prices again in line with our overall drive to defend and grow our revenues. The proposed price reductions will not only ensure more savings for our existing customers but will also attract new entrants to the broadband experience." says Reuben September, Telkom's Acting CEO.

The regulatory formula would have allowed Telkom to file a change in the basket of products of 8.7%. Therefore, Telkom could have increased its prices by 8.7% but instead is filing for an overall price decrease of 1.2%.

"That we have kept our increases well within these limits and have filed for an overall price decrease of 1.2% on our basket services, clearly demonstrates our on-going commitment to our customers. In addition, it reflects our determination to make telecommunications more affordable and accessible".

"While the net impact of the proposed prices will vary among customers the overall effect will be a reduction in the cost of telecommunications in South Africa."

The main beneficiaries of the proposed price changes will be DSL users. They will enjoy an average reduction of 18.2% and in the entry level (up to 384 Kbps Access) of 38%. The new broadband offering – the entry level Do Broadband - which combines DSL 384 Kbps access and the Internet Service Provider (ISP) - has also been cut and will cost R199 per month, including VAT, (a 29% reduction).

Business customers of Telkom's data products will see considerable savings, with an average decrease of 12%. IPLC (International Private Leased Circuits) has been reduced by 30% (cable) and 12% (satellite), Diginet (overall) reduced by 11%, Megalines reduced by 10%, and ATM Express reduced by 10%.

Further good news is the 10% decrease in long distance call charges - 65c per minute, including VAT, during Standard Time and 32.5c per minute, including VAT, during Callmore Time – and a 9% average reduction in International calls.

Those with family or business ties in the UK and USA others, will especially benefit, with calls costing 95c and 85c, including VAT, during Global Peak times and Global Off-peak Times respectively. Calls to neighbouring countries see an average decrease of 15% during peak times and 19% during Global off-peak times.

The minimum charge for local calls remains unchanged at 59.4 cents, including VAT, as does the per minute rate of 38 cents, including VAT, with a small increase in the Callmore rate (from 16c to 17c per minute, including VAT).

However, in certain instances business considerations have dictated price hikes, offset by the reduction in call charges, and include a 12% increase in line rentals. The monthly rental on analogue lines will increase to R111.90, including VAT for residential, and R148.68, including VAT for business.

September says that the reductions in DSL reflect Telkom's commitment to making broadband more affordable, attractive and accessible, and it is making strides in achieving this. In the first year after launching DSL, Telkom had approximately 20 000 DSL customers. On March 31, 2007, it had over 250 000 subscribers, reflecting the influence of volume on DSL costs.

He says Telkom's operational plans are well in place to deal with the anticipated increasing DSL demand due to increased volume because of the price reduction. Moreover, approximately 40% of new customers have opted for Self Install. This easy to use new offering allows customers to do the portion of the installation that takes place on their premises themselves.

Over and above the proposed price reductions, customers of the Telkom Closer and Telkom SupremeCall brands (for business) are also enjoying considerable cost savings. The marketplace has welcomed these valueadding products with open arms with close to 289,000 customers signing up for Telkom Closer since the launch.

Although line rental is included in the Closer bundles, the subscription charge will stay the same. In addition, Telkom has enhanced the offering with, among others, 30 free local minutes during standard time on the entry level plan and after these minutes are used up, a lower rate of 49c a minute - a saving of 19 cents. Good news for Closer plans 3, 4 and 5 subscribers is that they now also get preferential rates on international calls, paying only 72c per minute for calls to 30 popular destinations. These rates will apply for peak and off-peak times for calls to fixed-line destinations.

Says September: "For the past five years we have been aligning our prices to be more competitive, and in line with international standards and related cost. They are carefully considered taking the needs of our customers and economies of scale into account.

"Having complied with regulatory prescriptions, Telkom is confident that our proposed price changes will be approved by ICASA," concludes September.

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Telkom SA Limited (Registration Number 1991/005476/06) ISIN ZAE000044897 JSE and NYSE Share Code TKG ("Telkom")

Telkom SA Limited (TKG) BCX Update

The Competition Tribunal ruled on 28 June 2007 to prohibit the proposed acquisition by Telkom of the entire issued share capital of The Business Connexion Group Limited ("BCX").

Telkom embarked on the acquisition to diversify its revenues and strengthen its ability to provide full-service solutions and products in anticipation of future market needs. It is therefore disappointed with the ruling, but Telkom will continue to explore opportunities in areas such as fixed-mobile and other converged services. Telkom is confident that its strategies will enable the Company to provide the full spectrum of ICT services, and sustain long-term value creation.

Telkom is still awaiting the Tribunal's reasons and will be considering its options in relation to the Tribunal decision.

Issued by:

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Business Connexion Group Limited (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1988/005282/06) ISIN: ZAE000054631 JSE and NYSE Share Code BCX ("BCX") Telkom SA Limited (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration Number 1991/005476/06) ISIN ZAE000044897 JSE and NYSE Share Code TKG ("Telkom")

Update on Telkom's proposed acquisition of the entire issued share capital of BCX (the "Proposed Acquisition")

Shareholders are referred to the Scheme of Arrangement entered into between Telkom and the BCX shareholders sanctioned by the High Court of South Africa on 20 June 2006. The Proposed Acquisition was subject to the Competition Authorities approving the Proposed Acquisition in terms of the Competition Act, 1998 (Act 89 of 1998) as amended, either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as may be acceptable to Telkom.

On 28 June 2007, the Competition Tribunal prohibited the Proposed Acquisition and the transaction will therefore not complete.

Johannesburg 29 June 2007 Financial advisor to BCX: Investec Corporate Finance Financial advisor and sponsor to Telkom: UBS Transaction sponsor to BCX: Investec Bank Limited Attorneys to Telkom: Werksmans Inc. Attorneys to BCX: Cliffe Dekker Inc. Sponsor to BCX: RAND MERCHANT BANK (A division of FirstRand Bank Limited)

Telkom SA Limited (Registration Number 1991/005476/06) ISIN ZAE000044897 JSE and NYSE Share Code TKG ("Telkom")

Telkom SA Limited - Filing of Form 20-F With The Securities Exchange Commission

Shareholders are advised that Telkom filed its Form 20-F with the Securities Exchange Commission on Tuesday, July 17, 2007. The Form 20-F is available on Telkom's website at <u>www.telkom.co.za/ir</u> and a hard copy which includes the Telkom Group and Vodacom audited consolidated annual financial statements, can be requested from the company free of charge at <u>telkomir@telkom.co.za</u>

Pretoria 17 July 2007

Sponsor: UBS

MEDIA RELEASE

FINAL trading update

Vodacom results for the period ended June 30, 2007

As at June 30, 2007, Vodacom Group recorded 32.4 million customers across its networks operating in South Africa, Tanzania, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Lesotho and Mozambique, reflecting a 7.5% increase in the three months since March 31, 2007. The growth in the customer base is a result of high gross customer connections of 4.4 million for the quarter. The Group's non-South African operations comprised 7.8 million customers, or 24.1% of the total customer base.

Year on year revenue for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 increased by 18.6%, while total Group customers increased by 28.4% since June 30, 2006.

South Africa

South Africa increased its customer base by 6.9% since March 31, 2007 to 24.6 million customers in an increasingly competitive market. South Africa's customer base comprises 3.2 million contract customers and 21.3 million prepaid customers, reflecting increases of 7.5% and 6.9% since March 31, 2007, respectively.

Vodacom South Africa has retained its leadership in a highly competitive South African mobile communications market with an estimated market share of 59% at June 30, 2007. The SIM card penetration of the cellular industry in South Africa is now an estimated 89% of the population.

South Africa customers, year-to-date ARPU and churn as at June 30, 2007 compared to March 31, 2007 are as follows:

South Africa	March 31, 2007	June 30, 2007	% change
Customers (thousands)	23,004	24,596	6.9
Contract	3,013	3,238	7.5
Prepaid	19,896	21,262	6.9
Community services	95	96	1.1
ARPU (ZAR)	125	118	(5.6)
Contract	517	488	(5.6)
Prepaid	63	58	(7.9)
Community services	902	735	(18.5)
Churn (%)	33.8	22.2	(11.6 pts)
Contract	9.7	8.5	(1.2 pts)
Prepaid	37.5	24.4	(13.1 pts)

Non-South African operations

Vodacom's non-South African operations increased their total customer base by 9.3% since March 31, 2007 to 7.8 million customers.

Satisfactory customer growth was achieved in all Vodacom's non-South African operations, most notably DRC with a 13.3% increase in its customer base.

Vodacom's non-South African operations' customers, year-to-date ARPU and churn as at June 30, 2007 compared to March 31, 2007 are as follows:

Non-South African operations	March 31, 2007	June 30, 2007	% change
Vodacom Tanzania			
Customers (thousands)	3,247	3,468	6.8
Contract	14	16	14.3
Prepaid	3,223	3,442	6.8
Public phones	10	10	-
ARPU (ZAR)	52	47	(9.6)
Churn (%)	35.6	43.5	7.9 pts
Vodacom Congo			
Customers (thousands)	2,632	2,981	13.3
Contract	17	19	11.8
Prepaid	2,587	2,921	12.9
Public phones	28	41	46.4
ARPU (ZAR)	77	63	(18.2)
Churn (%)	30.4	39.6	9.2 pts
Vodacom Lesotho			
Customers (thousands)	279	300	7.5
Contract	3	4	33.3
Prepaid	272	292	7.4
Public phones	4	4	-
ARPU (ZAR)	75	71	(5.3)
Churn (%)	19.0	17.0	(2.0 pts)
Vodacom Mozambique			
Customers (thousands)	988	1,062	7.5
Contract	15	17	13.3
Prepaid	973	1,045	7.4
ARPU (ZAR)	28	25	(10.7)
Churn (%)	41.7	46.7	5.0 pts